Western Cape Government

## Directorate: Curriculum FET

## TELEMATICS 2016 Grade 12

## ACCOUNTING WORKBOOK

## Activity 1

1.1 MOZA LTD

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

|  | Sales |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Cost of sales |  |
|  | Gross profit |  |
|  | Other operating income |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | Gross operating income |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | Prerating expenses |  |
|  |  |  |
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1.2 RETAINED INCOME NOTE ON 30 JUNE 2015

| Retained income at the beginning of the year |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Retained income at the end of the year |  |

## Activity 2

2.1 Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches a term/concept in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A-E) next to the question number (2.1.1-2.1.5).

| 2.1 .1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2.1 .2 |  |
| 2.1 .3 |  |
| 2.1 .4 |  |
| 2.1 .5 |  |

### 2.2.1 ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised: $\mathbf{1 0 0 0} \mathbf{0 0 0}$ ordinary shares

| Issued: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

RETAINED INCOME

| Balance on 1 July 2014 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Ordinary share dividends |  |
|  |  |
| Balance on 30 June 2015 |  |

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| Net trade debtors |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

2.2.2 WHOLESALE TRADERS LTD BALANCE SHEET ON 30 JUNE 2015

| ASSETS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS |  |
| Fixed/Tangible assets |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| CURRENT ASSETS |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| TOTAL ASSETS |  |
|  |  |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |
|  |  |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY |  |
| Ordinary share capital |  |
| Retained income |  |
|  |  |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |
| Loan: Drake Bank |  |
| Trade and other payables |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Activity 3

3.1

What is the main purpose of a Cash Flow Statement?
3.2 Calculate the missing amounts (indicated by a, b, c and d) in the Fixed/ Tangible Asset Note for the year ended 31 October 2015.

|  | Workings | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{a}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{b}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{c}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{d}$ |  |  |

### 3.3 YOLANDIE LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

| CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cash generated from operations | $\mathbf{1 9 8 5} 500$ |
| Interest paid |  |
| Taxation paid |  |
| Dividends paid |  |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |
|  |  |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS |  |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING |  |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END |  |


| Decisions by <br> directors Reason to support <br> Jean's opinion Reason to support <br> directors' decision <br> (other than improving <br> cash flow) <br> Issued more <br> shares   <br> Sold fixed <br> assets   |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |

## Activity 4

### 4.1 RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX AND CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

| Net profit before taxation | 540000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Adjustments in respect of: |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Operating profit before changes in working capital |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

COBRAH LIMITED
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

| Cash effects of operating activities |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Cash effects of investing activities |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Cash effects of financing activities |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Net change in cash \& cash equivalents |  |
| Cash \& cash equivalents at beginning of year |  |
| Cash \& cash equivalents at end of year |  |

4.2

GENERAL LEDGER OF COBRAH LIMITED FINAL ACCOUNTS SECTION

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4.3 Calculate the acid test ratio
(a)
b) Calculate the stock turnover rate
(c) Calculate the debt equity ratio
(d) Calculate the Net asset value per share
(e) Calculate the return on shareholders' equity
4.4 Explain why the shareholders will or will not be satisfied with the dividends, earnings and returns earned. Quote appropriate financial indicators to support your answer.
4.5 Comment on the liquidity of the company. Quote and explain FOUR financial indicators to support your answer.
4.6

Comment on the financial gearing of the company. Explain and quote financial indicators to support your answer.

## Activity 5

5.1 CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL

| NAME OF ACCOUNT AFFECTED IN THE <br> GENERAL LEDGER | AMOUNT |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

CASH PAYMENTS JOURNAL

| NAME OF ACCOUNT AFFECTED IN THE <br> GENERAL LEDGER | AMOUNT |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

5.2 BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT ON 31 MAY 2015

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
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5.3 As internal auditor you are not happy with the manner in which cash is being controlled in this business. Identify TWO problems and provide figures to support your answer. Give advice on how these problems can be avoided in future.

|  | PROBLEMS IDENTIFIED | ADVICE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |

## Activity 6

6.1 Explain why the Debtors' Control Account should correspond with the Debtors' List.
6.2 Explain TWO processes the bookkeeper should follow if he/she discovers a difference between the Debtors' Control Account and the Debtors' List from the Debtors' Ledger.
6.3.1 Calculate the correct closing balance of the Debtors' Control Account on 31 March 2015.
6.3.2 Calculate the correct amounts owing by the following debtors of Fine Traders:

|  | WORKINGS | ANSWER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R Jansen | R41 200 |  |
| S Wonder | R23 000 |  |
| P Collins | R7 900 |  |

6.4.1 Is Fine Traders controlling their debtors effectively? Explain, quoting figures to support your answer.
6.4.2 Explain TWO measures a business can introduce to improve the collection of funds from debtors.

## Activity 7

## CREDITORS' RECONCILIATION

|  | ACCOUNT OF <br> METEOR SUPPLIERS IN <br> CREDITORS' LEDGER OF <br> COMET TRADERS | STATEMENT RECEIVED <br> FROM METEOR <br> SUPPLIERS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance | R10 705 | R19 120 |
| A |  |  |
| B |  |  |
| C |  |  |
| D |  |  |
| E |  |  |
| Final balance |  |  |

## Activity 8

8.1 Refer to Information A. Briefly explain why it is appropriate for Chris to use the FIFO method for tennis rackets, and the Weighted Average method for tennis balls.
8.2 Calculation of value of closing stock of tennis rackets (FIFO method):

Calculation of value of closing stock of tennis balls (Weighted Average method):
8.3 Calculate cost of sales of tennis rackets:

Calculate gross profit on tennis rackets:

## Calculate the VAT charged to customer on tennis rackets sold

Calculate the mark-up \% on tennis rackets:
8.4 Calculation regarding lack of popularity of the tennis rackets:

Calculation regarding theft of the tennis balls:
8.5 Explain three strategies that you would want to implement in this business were you to become a partner.

## Activity 9

9.1 Calculate and fill in the missing figures in the stock summary sheet provided.

| Painting | Cost price | Stock on hand on 1 Sep 2015 |  | Units bought |  | Units sold |  |  |  | Stock on hand on 30 Sep 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \# units | Stock value | \# units | Total cost | \# units | Selling price | Total sales | Cost of sales | \# units | Stock value |
| Exotic | R4 500 | 5 |  | 20 |  | 21 | R7 200 |  |  |  |  |
| Caribbean | R6 000 | 2 |  | 30 |  | 24 | R9 000 |  |  |  |  |
| Space | R9 000 | 4 |  | 15 |  | 12 | R13 050 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11 |  | 65 |  | 57 |  |  |  |  |  |

9.2

Calculate the Gross profit for September 2015.

## Activity 10

### 10.1 COOL CHAIR MANUFACTURERS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

|  | DIRECT/RAW MATERIAL COST | R |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


|  | DIRECT LABOUR COST | R |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


|  | FACTORY OVERHEAD COST | R |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

10.2 COOL CHAIR MANUFACTURERS

PRODUCTION COST STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2016

|  | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- |
| Direct material cost |  |
|  |  |
| Prime cost |  |
|  |  |
| Total cost of production |  |
| Work-in-process on 1 March 2015 |  |
|  |  |
| Work-in-process on 29 February 2016 |  |
| Cost of production of finished goods |  |

10.3 Calculate the unit cost of production per plastic chair completed.

## Activity 11

11.1 One example of a fixed cost:

One example of a variable cost:
11.2 Explain why it is important to calculate the expected break-even point for a business before the start of a financial year.
11.3 Calculate the break-even point.
11.4 Comment on your calculation in 11.3. What advice would you offer Crazy Manufacturers? Briefly explain.

Comment:

Advice:

