



URhulumente
weNtshona Koloni

EzeMfundo



IsiCwangciso-nkqubo
soLwimi
sika-2015 - 2019

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IziFinyezo

ANA	Annual National Assessment
CAPS	Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement
CM	Circuit Manager
CTLI	Cape Teaching and Learning Institute
DBE	Department of Basic Education
DCAS	Department of Culture and Sport
DIP	District Improvement Plan
FAL	First Additional Language
FET	Further Education and Training
FP	Foundation Phase
GET	General Education and Training
HEI	Higher Education Institution
HL	Home Language
HoD	Head of Department
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
IP	Intermediate Phase
LiEP	Language in Education Policy
LITNUM	Literacy and Numeracy
LoLT	Language of Learning and Teaching
LTSM	Learning and Teaching Support Material
NCS	National Senior Certificate
NGO	Non-governmental Organisation
PANSALB	Pan South African Language Board
PASA	Publishers' Association of South Africa
PIRLS	Progress in International Reading Literacy Study
PO	Public Ordinary
PLC	Professional Learning Community
SA	Subject Adviser
SACMEQ	Southern and Eastern Africa Consortium for Monitoring Educational Quality
SBA	School Based Assessment
SGB	School Governing Body
SIP	School Improvement Plan
SMT	School Management Team
SP	Senior Phase
SBA	School-based Assessment
WCED	Western Cape Education Department

“ Ulwimi lungundoqo kunxibelelwano nabanye yaye lususiseko sokufunda kuzo zonke izifundo ”

IsiCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi semiNyaka emihlanu seSebe iWCED (2015 – 2019)

1 > Intshayelelo

Injongo yesiCwangciso soPhuhliso loLwimi seSebe iWCED sika-2015 – 2019 kukuxhasa ukufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi okusemgangathweni.

Ulwimi lungundoqo kunxibelelwano nabanye yaye lususiseko sokufunda kuzo zonke izifundo. Ngokufunda iilwimi, abafundi baphuhla kwizakhono zokuthetha, ukuphulaphula, ukufunda nokubhala nabaya kuzidinga ukuze bathathe inxaxheba ngokuyimpumelelo ekuhlaleni nasemisebenzini. Ngolwimi, abafundi baphuhla kwizakhono zokuvakalisa izimvo zabo ngokucacileyo nangokuqiqiweyo kwanokunxibelelana nabanye ngokuzithemba nangokukuko.

Ukufundiswa kolwimi kusekelwe kwimigaqo-nkqubo, izicwangciso-nkqubo kunye nezikhokelo zikazwelonke, umz. uMgaqo-nkqubo woLwimi kwiMfundo (iLanguage in Education Policy - iLiEP), iiNkcazelo zePolisi yeKharithyulam nokuHlola (iiCurriculum and Assessment Policy Statement - iiCAPS) zeelwimi ezahlukeneyo, imiMiselo nemiGangatho (Norms and Standards) yeelwimi, isiNgesi kwizifundo zonke zeKharithyulam (iLAC) kunye nezikhokelo zokuFunda nokuFundisa okuBandakanya bonke abafundi. Undoqo wokufundiswa kolwimi yiLiEP egxininisa imiba emibini ebalulekileyo:

1. ukukhuthazwa kolwimi lwasekhaya lomfundi kunye nokumenza ukuba afikelele kwezinye iilwimi
2. Indlela yemfundo esebenzisa ukufundwa kweelwimi okongezelela kolwasekhaya lomfundi, ndlela leyo inika abafundi ilungelo lokukhetha ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa (iLoLT) ukuba oko kunakho ukwenzeka ukuba isikolo sikwazi ukuyisebenzisa loo LoLT ayikhethileyo.

2 > IMbangi yesi siCwangciso-nkqubo

I-CAPS ifuna ukuba abafundi bafundi isifundo solwimi esinye kumgangatho wolwimi lwasekhaya (HL) kunye nolunye ulwimi kumgangatho woLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (FAL). Kwiimeko ezithile, abafundi bazifunda zombini ezi zifundo zolwimi kumgangatho wolwimi lwasekhaya. Kwimeko yabafundi bamazwe angaphandle kufuneka isifundo solwimi esinye, nesinokuba kumgangatho wolwimi lwasekhaya okanye owolwimi lokuqala olongezelelweyo. KwiBanga le-10-12 abafundi bangathatha olunye ulwimi njengesifundo sesibhozo. Le nto ingenziwa esikolweni okanye kwelinye iziko.

Iziphumo zabafundi baseNtshona Koloni zeemvavanyo zolwimi zaseMzantsi Afrika nezehlabathi zibonisa ukuba uninzi lwabafundi bezikolo zaseNtshona Koloni abafundi babhale ngokwamazanga afanelekileyo. Iimvavanyo zolwimi zoHlola koNyaka kukaZwelonke (iiANA), iimvavanyo zenkqubo (systemic tests) zeSebe iWCED),

uPhando malunga neNkqubela kwiLitheresi yokuFunda yeHlabathi (iProgress in International Reading Literacy Study - iPIRLs), iziphumo zeQumrhu leNdibaniselwano yaMazantsi neMpuma-Afrika ekuQwalaseleni umGangatho weMfundo (iSouthern and Eastern Africa Consortium for Monitoring Educational Quality - iSACMEQ) kunye neziphumo zeSatifiketi sikaZwelonke seMatrikhi (iNational Senior Certificate - iNSC) zeBanga le-12 zonke zibonisa ukungaqhubi kakuhle kwabafundi kwiilwimi. Le nto ingasukela ekubeni kuninzi lweziko iilwimi zasekhaya (iHL) zabafundi ziphakathi kolwimi olunye nezilishumi elinanye. Isiphumo soku kukuba uninzi lwabafundi bafundiswa ngolwimi olungelolwimi lwabo lwasekhaya. Ngaphezulu, ukukhula kweentlobo zokuthethwa kweelwimi zaseAfrika, kuquka neAfrikaans, kwenza ukuba lube ngumngeni unxibelelwano olubhaliweyo, olwenziwa ngeencwadi zabafundi (iitekstibhukhu), amaxwebhu ekharithyulam kunye namaphepha eemvavanyo zeANA.

Njengokuba ukuqondwa kolwimi kunefuthe elingqalileyo kwinkqubo yezinye izifundo, oku kuchaphazela konke ukufunda, yaye eli candelo lilandelayo lishwankathela ngokufutshane iziphumo zezi mvavanyo kuthethwe ngazo apha ngentla.

2.1 UkuHlola koNyaka kukaZwelonke

Oku kuhlola bekusoloko kuqhutywa ukususela ngo-2011 yaye lwenziwa kwiilwimi nakwimathematika kwiBanga loku-1-6 nele-9. Ezi mvavanyo zisetwa kuzwelonke kodwa ziqhutywa zize zikorekishwe ngootitshala beeklasi. KwiBanga lesi-3, 6 nele-9 ezi mvavanyo zisetyenziselwa ukunika ingxelo malunga nenkqubela yesistim yemfundo yaseMzantsi Afrika (jonga kwiTheyibhile yoku-1).

ITheyibhile yoku-1: I-ANA: Amazinga okuphumelela oLwimi lwaseKhaya kwiBanga lesi-3, 6 nele-9 (2012 – 2014)

	2012		2013		2014	
	iWCED HL	Kuzwelonke	WCED HL	Kuzwelonke kaZwelonke	iWCED HL	Kuzwelonke
IBanga lesi-3	67.4%	56.6%	54.9%	57%	64.2%	56.5%
IBanga lesi-6	50.4%	38.7%	76.7%	67.6%	79.9%	74.6%
IBanga le-9	47.4%	38.9%	46.3%	37%	44.3%	47.8%

Amazinga okuphumelela oLwimi lwaseKhaya kwiBanga lesi-3, 6 nele-9, kule theyibhile ingentla, abonisa ukungazinzi kwiziphumo zeemvavanyo zeli thuba leminyaka emithathu, kokubini kwiphondo nakuzwelonke.

2.2 IiMvavanyo zeNkqubo zeSebe iWCED

Iimvavanyo zoLwimi lokuFunda nokuFundisa (iLOLT) kwiSebe iWCED zisetwa ngaphandle, ziqhutywe zize zikorekishwe zibe necandelo elifuna ukubhala okunabisayo. Ukususela ngo-2002 ukuya ngo-2009 ezi mvavanyo beziqhutywa kubafundi beBanga lesi-3 nelesi-6 ngeminyaka etshintshanayo ukwenzela ukulandela inkqubela kunye nokubona iingxaki.

Ngo-2010 iSebe iWCED beliqala ukuvavanya bonke abafundi beBanga lesi-3 nabelesi-6 ukwenzela ukukhangela imeko yokufundwa (learning) kolwimi nemathematika kwisikolo ngasinye seli phondo. Ibikwakokokuqala ukuba abafundi beBanga le-9 bavavanywe kumsetyenzana olingwayo obunikelwa ukukhangela elona zinga lisisiseko. Ngo-2011, iSebe iWCED liye lalandisa izinga lomngeni wengqiqo kwezi mvavanyo. Kuye kwaqukwa, ngokukodwa, iiteksti ezinde nezinzima nangakumbi kwezi mvavanyo, ukwenzela ukuba imiba yovavanyo ikwazi ukuthelekiswa nemiba esetyenziswe kwiimvavanyo zehlabathi kula manqanaba.

Iziphumo zezi mvavanyo zinika umfanekiso ozinzileyo nondindeneyo wokulungiswa kokufundwa (learning) kolwimi kwiNtshona Koloni kunalowo kwiiANA.

ITheyibhile yesi-2: Iziphumo zeeMvavanyo zeNkqubo kwiBanga lesi-3, 6 nele-9 kwiSebe iWCED (2012 – 2014)

IBanga	2012	2013	2014
IBanga lesi-3	38.9%	37%	42.4%
IBanga lesi-6	36.9%	30%	37.9%
IBanga le-9	48.2%	48%	47.6%

Iziphumo zeeMvavanyo zeNkqubo zeSebe iWCED kwiBanga lesi-3 zibonisa ukunyuka okuthe chuu kwizinga lokuphumelela kwithuba leminyaka yango-2012 – 2014. KwiBanga lesi-6 kuqapheleka izinga lokuphumelela elingazinzanga. Ukususela ngo-2012 ukuya ngo-2013 liye lehla izinga lokuphumelela ngomyinge ophantsi ube yi-7%, nto leyo iye yalandelwa kukunyuka komyinge ophantse ube ngu-8% ngo-2014. Kwibanga le-9 izinga lokuphumelela ukususela ku-2012 ukuya ku-2014 libonakalisa ukunyuka okucothayo kodwa okucacileyo.

2.3 I-PIRLS

UPhando malunga neNkqubela kwiLitheresi yokuFunda yeHlabathi (iProgress in International Reading Literacy Study - iPIRLS) luphando olunamanani amakhulu oluthelekisayo lwempumelelo yezemfundo lusekelwe ukuqonda ifuthe lemigaqo-nkqubo kunye nokwenziwa kwiisistim zemfundo zehlabathi kumjikelo weminyaka emi-5. I-PIRLS isekelwe ukuvavanya injongo yokufunda kunye neenkqubo zokuqondwa kokufundwayo. Iinjongo zokufunda zicaciswa njengamava elitheresi kunye nokufumana kwanokusebenzisa ulwazi. Iinkqubo zokuqondwa kokufundwayo, kwelinye icala, zibonwa njengezi (a) ukubuyiswa kolwazi oluthethwe ngokuphandle; (b) ukwenziwa kweengqikelelo ezicacileyo; (c) ukutolidwa

“ Iinjongo zokufunda zicaciswa njengamava elitheresi kunye nokufumana kwanokusebenzisa ulwazi. ”

“ Phakathi konyaka ka-2000 no-2007 kuye kwakho ukwehla ekufikeleleni kwabafundi baseWC kwinqanaba lesi-8 (abafundi abaqiqayo) ukusuka ku-26.8% ngo-2000 ukuya ku-14.1% ngo-2007 ”

nokudityaniswa kwezimvo nolwazi, kunye (d) nokuvavanywa nokuhlola komxholo.

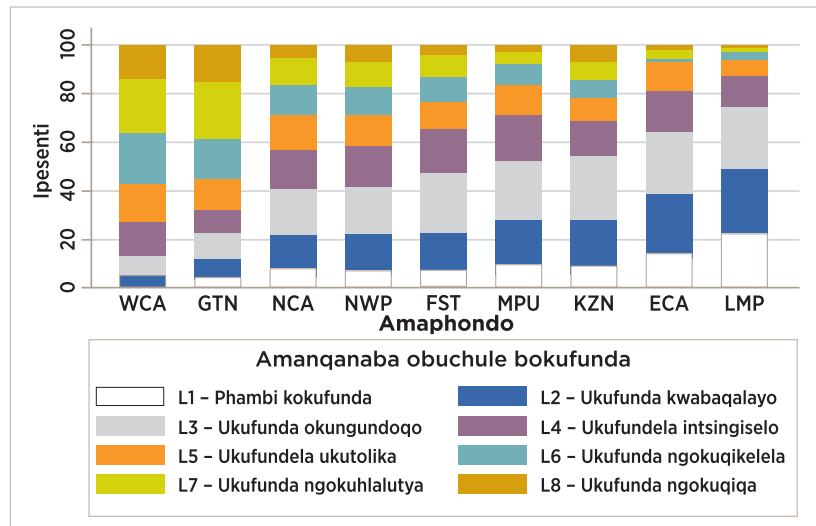
UMzantsi Afrika uye wathatha inxaxheba kuphando lwePIRLS 2 (2006) nakolwePIRLS 3 (2011). Ngo-2006 kuye kwanikwa ingxelo yokuba uMzantsi Afrika uye wafumana awona manqaku aphantsi, apho malunga ne-80% yabathathi-nxaxheba bengakwazanga ukufikelela kwelona zinga liphantsi lehlabathi. Ngo-2011, nangona bekukho ukuphucuka, amanqaku aphakathi angama-461 kubafundi bebanga lesi-4 kunye nama-421 kwabebanga lesi-5 ebesengaphantsi kwezinga eliphantsi elibekiweyo elingamanqaku angama-500. Oku kungaphantsi kunenqubo yoninzi lwamazwe athatha inxaxheba, kuquka namazwe aseAfrika.

2.4 I-SACMEQ

IQumrhu leNdiibaniselwano yaMazantsi neMpuma-Afrika ekuQwalaseleni umGangatho weMfundo (iSouthern and Eastern African Consortium for Monitoring Educational Quality - iSACMEQ) ingathanda ukudlulisa amava nobungcali bayo ekuphuhliseni ukukwazi ukwenza kwabacwangcisi bezemfundo kumazwe angamalungu (jonga kwiGrafu yoku-1) isenzela ukuphuhlisa nokusebenzisa iindlela zesayensi ukubeka esweni nokuhlola iimeko zokufunda ezikolweni kunye nomgangatho wemfundo.

Kwiimvavanyo zolwimi, amanqaku eNtshona Koloni esampule yabafundi beBanga lesi-6 aye ehla kuvavanyo luka-2007 aya ku-583.4 esuka kumanqaku angu-565.7 ango-2000. Amanqaku oMzantsi Afrika abe ngu-492.3. Uvavanyo lwezakhono zokufunda luvavanya abafundi ukususela ekufundeni kwaphambi kokufunda amagama ukuya kwisakhono sokufunda esisakhulayo, ukufunda okungundoqo, ukufundela intsingiselo, ukufundela ukutolika, ukufunda ngokuqikelela, ukufunda ngokuhlalutya ukuya kutsho ekufundeni ngokuqina. Phakathi konyaka ka-2000 no-2007 kuye kwakho ukwehla ekufikeleleni kwabafundi baseWC kwinqanaba lesi-8 (abafundi abaqiqayo) ukusuka ku-26.8% ngo-2000 ukuya ku-14.1% ngo-2007.

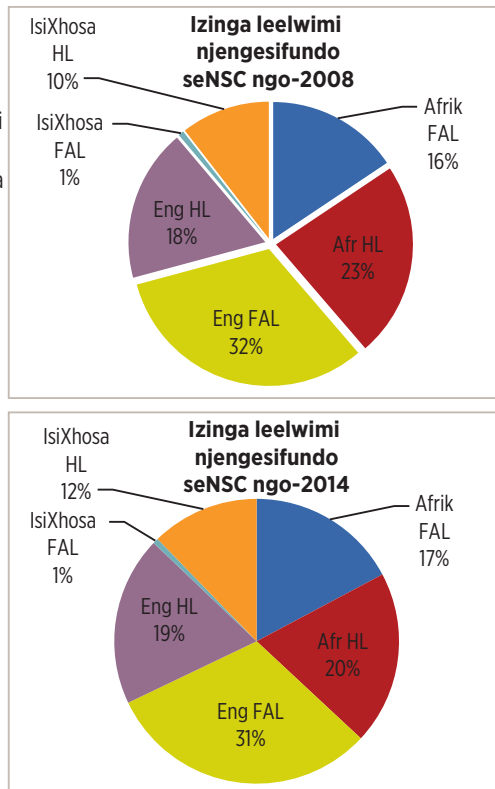
IGrafu yoku-1: Amazinga ezakhono zokufunda zamaphondo ohlukeneyo



2.5 Isatifiketi seMatrikhi sikaZwelonke

Ezona lwimi zintathu zephondo sisiNgesi iAfrikaans nesiXhosa:

Kukho inani elikhulayo labafundi beBanga le-12 abakhetha isiXhosa uLwimi lwaseKhaya kunye nokuhla kwabafundi abakhetha iAfrikaansi uLwimi lwaseKhaya (jonga kwiTheyibhile yesi-3).

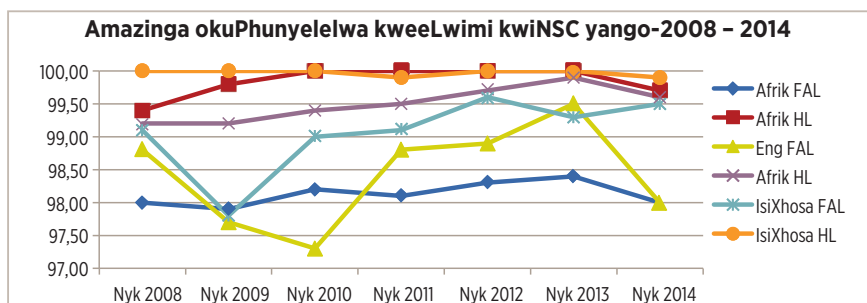


ITheyibhile 3: Inani labafundi abakhetha ezinye iilwimi kwimigangatho eyahlukeneyo (2008 – 2014)

Isifundo	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
IAfrikaansi uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwe	13841	14603	14692	12858	15066	16353	16483
IAfrikaans ULwimi lwaseKhaya	20446	20227	20043	16273	18225	18540	18863
IsiNgesi uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelwe	28461	29004	29538	25564	27924	29589	29630
isiNgesi ULwimi lwaseKhaya	15957	16624	16707	14817	16997	18276	18396
IsiXhosa uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo	586	587	584	584	540	602	600
IsiXhosa ULwimi lwaseKhaya	9318	9974	10598	10322	10687	11950	11721

Bambalwa abafundi abatshona umgangatho woLwimi lwaseKhaya kwiNSC. Ukutshona kuphezulwana kwiilwimi ezongezelelweyo, apho uninzi lwako lukwiFAL yesiNgesi, nekhethwa ngabafundi beNSC abamalunga ne-32% (jonga iGrafu yesi-2).

IGrafu yesi-2: Izinga lokuphumelela iilwimi kwiNSC (2008 – 2014)

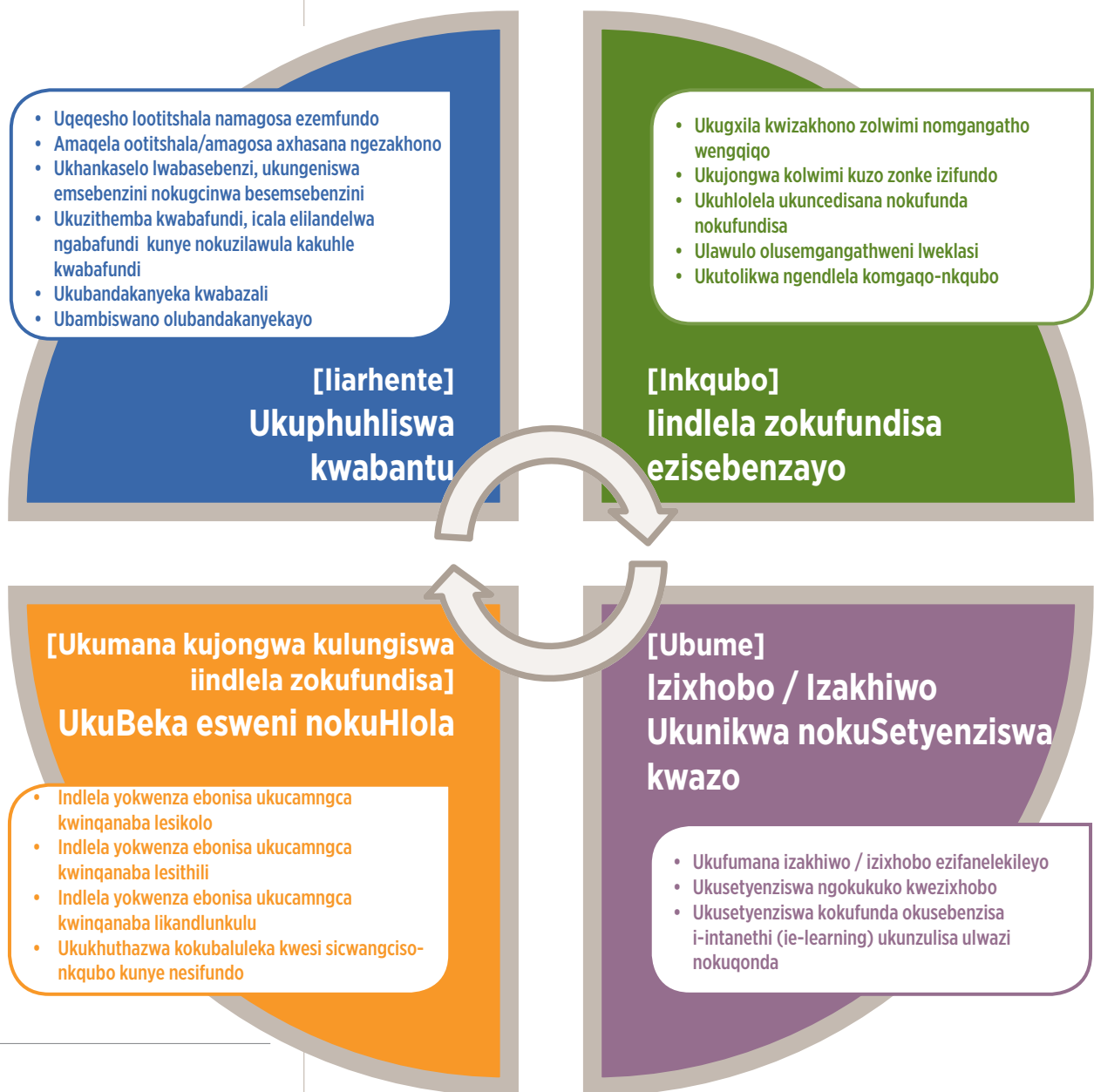


“Ukutshona kuphezulwana kwiilwimi ezongezelelweyo, apho uninzi lwako lukwiFAL yesiNgesi, nekhethwa ngabafundi beNSC abamalunga ne-32%”

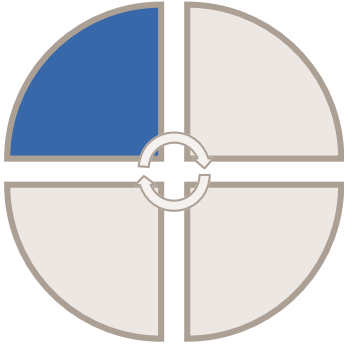
3 > **IsiNdululo** sesi siCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi

IsiCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi sijonge ukuphucula ukufunda okukwizinga eliphezulu kwiiLwimi ngokwenjalo sisingatha imingeni exelwe kwiCandelo lesi-2. Esi sicwangciso-nkqubo sigxile ekudibaniseni iidayimshini ezine zokufundiswa koLwimi ngokusemgangathweni ezizezi (jonga uMzobo 1 apha ngezantsi):

- 3.1 **Ukuphuhliswa kwabantu**
(ukutyala kwiiarhente ezibandakanyekayo)
- 3.2 **Iindlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo**
(ukusebenzisa izingcwangciso-nkqubo zokufundisa ezisebenzayo eziya kukhokelela ekufundeni)
- 3.3 **Ukunikwa nokusetyenziswa kwezixhobo/kwezakhiwo**
(ukufunyanwa nokusetyenziswa kakuhle kwezixhobo)
- 3.4 **Ukubekwa esweni nokuhlolwa**
(ukuqwalaselwa (nokuziqwalasela) okuqhubelekayo okwenzelwa ukugqamisa impumelelo).



Umzobo 1: Iidayimshini nemiba yesiCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi seSebe iWCED (2015-2019)



People development

- a) **Uqeqesho lootitshala namagosa ezemfundo**
- b) **Amaqela ootitshala/ amagosa axhasana ngezakhono**
- c) **Ukhankaselo lwabasebenzi, ukungeniswa emsebenzini nokugcinwa besemsebenzini**
- d) **Ukuzithemba kwabafundi, icala elilandelwa ngabafundi kunye nokuzilawula kakuhle kwabafundi**
- e) **Ukubandakanyeka kwabazali**
- f) **Ubambiswano olubandakanyekayo**

4 > IsiCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi

4.1 Ukuphuhlisa kwabantu

Esi siCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi sikhuthaza uqeqesho lwabo bonke abachaphazeleka ekufundisweni kolwimi kweli phondo: ootitshala, amagosa ezemfundo, abafundi, abazali, iIHEI kunye nabanye ababambisani besi sifundo abafanelekileyo.

a) *Uqeqesho lootitshala namagosa ezemfundo*

- Ukuqhutywa kokukhangelwa kwezakhono nokusekwa kwedathabheyisi yezakhono zootitshala bolwimi ukwenzela ukufumanisa iimfuno zabo zoqeqesho.
- Ukunikwa kokuqondwa okunzulu kokuqhubeleka kwekharithyulam kunye nenkqubela phambili kumabanga nezigaba zonke.
- Ukuphuhlisa kokukwazi kootitshala ukuhambelanisa iinjongo zokufunda, ukufundisa kunye nokuhlola.
- Ukugxila ekuhloleni okusesikweni ukwenzela ukomeleza ukufunda (learning).
- Ukuhlumisa ubunkokeli nolawulo olusebenzayo kwikharithyulam ngokuqinisekisa ukuba iHoD nootitshala abakhokela isifundo soLwimi zithatha inxaxheba ekomelezeni iiforum zokubagcina benolwazi ngokuqhubekayo kuphuhliso lwesifundo soLwimi.
- Ukuqinisekisa ukuba ootitshala abasuka kwizikolo ezichongiweyo bathatha inxaxheba kwiinkqubo zoqeqesho oluthile lolwimi ngokwebanga ukwenzela ukuphucula indlela abaqhuba ngayo abafundi.
- Ukunika inkxaso yasesikolweni yokufundisa okwahlukeneyo.

b) *Amaqela ootitshala/amagosa axhasana ngezakhono (iiProfessional Learning Community - iiPLC)*

- Ukukhokela abacebisi besifundo, amaqela olawulo lwesikolo kunye nootitshala abakhokela izifundo ukuba baqale, bancedise baze basebenzise iiPLC ezikolweni naphakathi kwezikolo ukwenzela ukukhuthaza ukwabelana ngezona ndlela zisebenzayo kwanokusebenza ngokubambisana.

c) *Ukukhankaselwa kwabasebenzi, ukufakwa kwabo emsebenzini kunye neendlela zokubagcina besemsebenzini*

- Ukwenza abafundi abanesakhono sokutitsha bazi malunga neebhasazi zokufundela ukutitsha ezikhoyo.
- Ukunika amaqithi-qithi ukwenzela ukugcina ootitshala bolwimi abanemveliso nabanezakhono.
- Ukukhuthaza ukuqeqeshwa kweemitshala ezizingcali nezikwaziyo ukufundisa uLwimi.

d) *Ukuzithemba kwabafundi, icala elilandelwa ngabafundi kunye nokuzilawula kakuhle kwabafundi*

- Abafundi kufuneka banikwe amathuba anabileyo nabacela umngeni ekufundeni nasekubhaleni.
- Abafundi kufuneka bawenze umsebenzi wasekhaya yaye ibe ngabo abaphala phambili ekufundeni kwabo bekwafumanisa ukuba impumelelo idinga ukuzincama nokusebenza nzima.
- Ukukhuthaza ukufundisa okuncedisaba abafundi ukuba banxulumanise ulwazi lwabo nolo lwazi basuka nalo emakhaya, ukunxulumanisa ulwazi olutsha kunye nelizwe elingaphaya kwegumbi lokufundela ukwenzela ukubeka ulwazi kwimida nangaphaya kwemida yesifundo.

e) *Ukubandakanyeka kwabazali*

- Ukuqhuba iindlela ezifanelekileyo zokuqinisekisa ngenkxaso yabazali noluntu ekufundweni nasekufundisweni kolwimi kubo bonke abafundi.
- Ukukhuthaza ukusetyenziswa kweelayibrari, ukusekwa kwamaqela okufunda iincwadi (book clubs) ukutyala imali kumakhuphiswano okufunda nokupela, ukuxhasa ngemali uqhagamshelo kwi-intanethi ezilayibrari kunye nokusetyenziswa koovimba bolwimi abakwiindawo zoluntu.
- IiNkqubo zeLitheresi yoSapho kufuneka ziqiniseke zizikolo kuzo zonke iindawo zoluntu.
- Ukuququzelela imicimbi yoLwimi yosapho apho abazali nootitshala bazibandakanya kwimisebenzi esekelwe kulwimi efana neScrabble, iiphazili zokufakela amagama, njalo njalo.

f) *Ubambiswano olubandakanyekayo*

- ISebe iWCED lixhasa imeko yokwabelana ngolwazi, izimvo kunye namava ngobambiswano oluhambelana neemeko oluphakathi kwezikolo namaqela achaphazelekayo angaphandle.
- Kukhuthazwa uhambelwano olukhulu phakathi kwezenzo zamacandelo abucala nezikolo.

4.2 Iindlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo

Iindlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo zibhekisa kwiindlela zokufunda nokufundisa ezixhasa impumelelo yomfundi ephucukileyo. Esi sicwangciso-nkqubo sikhuthaza iindlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo ekufundisweni koLwimi kwanokuxhaswa kokufunda kwezinye izifundo ngokugxininisa umgangatho wengqiqo, ukubaluleka kolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo (iLanguage across the curriculum - LAC), ukuhlolwa kokufunda (learning), ukudala imeko yeeklasizisekemgangathweni kunye nokufundwa (reading) nokucaciswa kakuhle kwemigaqo-nkqubo yemfundo.

ISEBE leMfundo esisiSeko liseke umgaqo-nkqubo welizwe obizwa ngokuba kukuFakwa kweeLwimi zesiNtu ngokweziGaba (Incremental Introduction of African Languages - IIAL). Lo mgaqo-nkqubo ujonge ukukhuthaza nokomeleza ukusetyenziswa kweeLwimi zesiNtu ezikolweni ngobafaka abafundi ngokwezigaba ekufundeni iilwimi zesiNtu ukusuka kwiBanga loku-1 - 12. ISebe iWCED likhangela iindlela zokomeleza ukufundiswa kweeLwimi zesiNtu.

a) Ukugxila kwizakhono zolwimi nomgangatho wengqiqo

- Ukugxila kwizakhono zolwimi nomgangatho wengqiqo
- Ukugxininisa kakhulu kwizakhono zolwimi ezikukuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubuka kunye nokubhala nokunikezela kuzo zonke izigaba.
- Ukugxila kumgangatho ophezulu wengqiqo kubalulekile kubo bonke abafundi ukuze baqhube kakuhle ezifundweni zabo.
- Iinkcazelo neengxoxo zabafundi kufuneka zibonise ukuphelela nokonzula kokuqonda kwabo.
- Ukusebenzisa imibuzo nemizekelo ehlupheza uluhlu lwamazanga engqiqo.

b) Ukujongwa kolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo

- Ulwimi lubalulekile ekufundeni yaye kufuneka lukhuthazwe ekufundisweni kwazo zonke izifundo.
- Ulwimi lokufunda nokufundisa (iLoLT) maluphuhlise ngabo bonke ootitshala.
- Ukuqinisekisa ngokuthatha inxaxheba kwesikolo sonke kumsetyenzana weLoLT ojonge ukwandisa ukusetyenziswa kolwimi nokuphuculwa kwendlela abaqhuba ngayo abafundi. Ukuhlalutya idatha yokuhlola ukwenzela ukujonga iingxaki zolwimi nokucwangcisa ungenelelo oluyimfuneko.
- Intsebenziswano phakathi kootitshala boolwimi nootitshala bezinye izifundo yinto ebalulekileyo ekomelezeni izakhono zolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo zekharithulam. Bonke ootitshala ngootitshala bolwimi yaye kufuneka bafundise nolwimi lwesifundo sabo.

c) Ukuhlolela ukuncedisana nokufunda

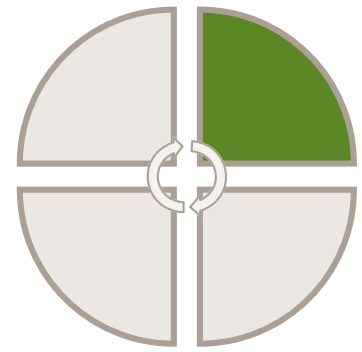
- Ukuhlola makwenzelwe ukukhuthaza ukufunda.
- Ukuyila uze uqhube ukuhlola okusisiseko kubafundi abakwibanga elitsha.
- Ukuyila imisebenzi yokuhlola enika ulwazi olufanelekileyo malunga nempumelelo yokufunda nokufundisa.
- Ukunyuswa kwenani lezikolo ezithatha inxaxheba kwimiNgeni, amaKhuphiswano neeOlimpiyadi zoLwimi.

d) Ulawulo olusemgangathweni lweklasi

- Ukuyila imeko yeeklasizisekisi, nomenza umfundi azive amkelekile.
- Abafundi bahloniphane, basebenze ngabanye, ngababini nangamaqela ukuphuhlisa ukuqonda okungcono kunye nokuthatha uxanduva ngemfundo yabo neyabanye abafundi.

e) Ukutolikwa ngendlela komgaqo-nkqubo

- Iinqununu, iiHoD, ootitshala batolike ngokuchanekileyo ikharithulam yoLwimi ebekiweyo ngokweemfundo zokufundisa nokuhlola ngokunjalo nangokufakwa kwayo kwisicwangciso samaxesha okufundisa (i-time-table).
- Ootitshala bakuqonde ukuqhubeleka nenkqubela-phambili yemixholo/izakhono ukusuka kwisigaba esithile ukuya kwesinye kwanendlela ukufundiswa nokukhunjuzwa kwabafundi ngomxholo/izakhono kwisigaba esithile okwenza ngayo isiseko sokufundwa kolwimi kwisigaba esilandelayo.



Ukusetyenziswa kweendlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo

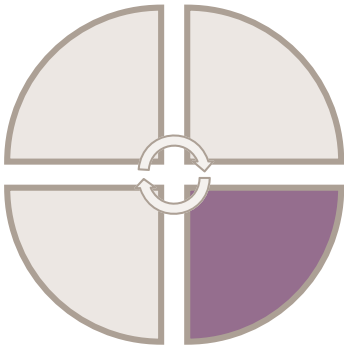
a) Ukugxila kwizakhono zolwimi nomgangatho wengqiqo

b) Ukujongwa kolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo

c) Ukuhlolela ukuncedisana nokufunda nokufundisa

d) Ulawulo olusemgangathweni lweklasi

e) Ukutolika kakuhle umgaqo-nkqubo



Ukunikwa nokusetyenziswa kwezixhobo/kwezakhiwo

- a) Ukufumana izakhiwo / izixhobo ezifanelekileyo
- b) Ukusetyenziswa ngokukuko kwezixhobo
- c) Ukusetyenziswa kokufunda okusebenzisa i-intanethi (ie-learning) ukunzulisa ulwazi nokuqonda

4.3 Ukunikwa nokusetyenziswa kwezixhobo/kwezakhiwo

Ukufundiswa ngempumelelo kolwimi kufuna ukuba ukuchongwa nokusetyenziswa konxulumano kwezixhobo ezikhoyo kunye nokusetyenziswa kwezakhiwo ukunzulisa nokunabisa ulwazi lolwimi. Izixhobo zokufundwa kolwimi kufuneka:

- zinike uluhlu lwemisebenzi esekelwe kwiiteksti
 - ukulungiselela ukukhula komfundi ngamnye
 - ukukhuthaza imisebenzi yokufunda nokubhala emininzi kunye nendlela yokufunda ngokwenza
 - ukukhuthaza abafundi ukuba babuze, bacinge, baphendule, bacamngce, baze bathathe izigqibo ngeendlela ezikhulisa izakhono zabo zokuqiqa nokuthatha izigqibo
 - ukunika abafundi ithuba lokukhetha nokutshintsha ngendlela ehambelana neemfuno ezinxulumene nokukwazi ngendalo, ukukwazi ukusebenza kunye neendlela zokufunda zomfundi ngamnye
- a) **Ukufumana izakhiwo / izixhobo ezifanelekileyo**
 - Umgaqo-nkqubo wesikolo ucacisa indlela oluza kuxhaswa ngayo ngezixhobo uLwimi lwaseKhaya (iHL) kunye noLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (iFAL).
 - Isikolo sinesicwangciso sokuthenga iincwadi zabafundi neencwadi zokufunda ezifanele ibanga ngalinye.
 - Isikolo kufuneka siqinisekise ukuba ukukhuthashelwa kwabo bonke abafundi izixhobo ezixhasa abafundi; ukugcina ubhaliso lweeasethi ukwenzela ukubeka esweni ukugcinwa kwezixhobo kunye nokusetyenziswa kwemali eyabelwe zona kunye nezinye iindlela zokuncedisana nezixhobo/ izakhiwo ngendlela ezifuneka ngayo ekuqhutyweni kwesiCwangciso soPhuculo lweSikolo soLwimi.
 - b) **Ukusetyenziswa ngokukuko kwezixhobo**
 - Ukusebenzisa uluhlu oluphangaleleyo kwezixhobo ezifanelekileyo zokufundiswa kolwimi.
 - Ukukhuthaza ukubambisana kwezikolo ukuyila nokwabelana ngezixhobo nezakhiwo.
 - c) **Ukusetyenziswa kokufunda okusebenzisa i-intanethi (ie-learning) ukunzulisa ulwazi nokuqonda**
 - Ukuphohononga nokucebisa malunga neesoftware ze-e-learning kunye nezixhobo zedijithali ezixhasa ukufunda okwahlukeneyo (differentiated learning).
 - Ukufakwa nokwabelana ngeemathiriyeli ezifanelekileyo zolwimi kwiseva yeSebe iWCED.
 - Ukuqinisekisa ukuba abazali bayazazi ezi zixhobo ukwenzela ukuba bakwazi ukuncedisa nokuxhasa nokuncedisa ukufundwa nokugqwesa kolwimi.

4.4 Ukubekwa esweni nokuHlolwa

Ukuphuculwa kokufundisa okuya kuzinzisa ukufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi kuxhomekeke ekubeni kumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kumanqanaba ohlukeneyo esistim yezemfundo. Oku kujonga nokulungiswa kweendlela zokufundisa kuko ekufuneka kukhokele utshintsho kwesi siCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi.

a) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesikolo

- Isikolo ngasinye siza kwenza isicwangciso sophuhliso solwimi esiqhutywa ziithagethi, loo nto siyenza sisebenzisana nabo bonke abafanele ukuthatha inxaxheba.
- Kubekwe esweni ukufunda nokufundisa ngokulandelela inkqubela nokulungisa iindlela zokufundisa.
- Ukuhlolwa kokusebenza, ifuthe neziphumo zokufundiswa kolwimi ngokubeka esweni indlela efundiswa ngayo ikharithyulam kunye nenkqubo yabafundi kwiiSBA, kusetyenziswa isixhobo sokubeka esweni ngokuphangalelelyo seSebe iWCED ukwenzela ukusigxilisa kwinkxaso esekelwe eklasini.
- Kuhlolwe inkqubo yabafundi kwimiSetyenzana yokuHlolwa okuseSikweni.
- Ukuhlola ukusebenza kweeLTSM.
- Kuqhutyekwe nokuphucula indlela ekuqhutywa ngayo kolwimi ngokuthi kulungiswe iSBA yasesikolweni ngokwedatha efunyenwe kuhlolwa kwenkqubo kukazwelonke nokwephondo.
- Izikolo kufuneka zilandele umgaqo-nkqubo wokumodareyitha kwasesikolweni zize ziqhubeke nokuwuphucula zithathela ingqalelo uphuhliso lwesifundo kunye neendlela ezingcono zokufundisa.
- Ukuqinisekisa ukuba imisetyenzana yokuhlola okusesikweni kuyamodareyithwa ngaphakathi esikolweni phambi kokuba kunikwe abafundi.
- Ii-SMT kufuneka zixhase intloko yesifundo/iHoD ekulawuleni iqela lesifundo ngokuqinisekisa ngokusetyenziswa ngokukuko kwexesha lokufundisa, ngokumodareyithwa kokuhlola kunye noxanduva lokusingatha izinto ezingenzekanga kakuhle.
- Ukuphuhlisa izakhono zeeSMT zokulawula nokubeka esweni ukwenzela ukufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi okuphucukileyo.

b) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesithili

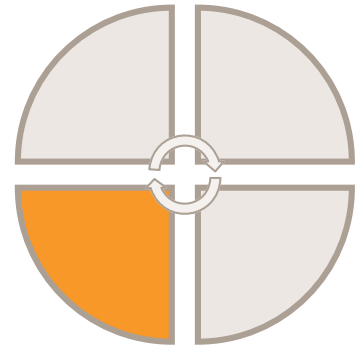
- Ukuphuhlisa izakhono zokulawula nokubeka esweni zawo onke amagosa ezithili.
- Ukuhlolwa kokugqitywa kwekharithyulam, ifuthe nesantya sokuqhutywa kwayo ngokuhambelana namazinga asisiseko abekwe nguzwelonke.
- Ukumodareyithwa kwezicwangciso zokufundisa kunye neeLTSM ukwenzela ukukhangela ukuba imisantsa iyasingathwa na.
- Izithili kufuneka zenze isiCwangciso sokuPhucula uLwimi kwiiDIP zazo ukwenzela ukuba zinike ingxelo kwizitraktrsha zephondo nezikazwelonke.
- Izithili kufuneka (1) zibeke esweni ukulandelwa kwekharithyulam ngokunjalo nokusetyenziswa kwexesha lesikolo; (2) ziqinisekise ukuba isikolo ngasinye sinomgaqo-nkqubo wokuhlola nokumodareyitha; (3) zimodareyitha ziqinisekise iSB; (4) zibeke esweni ukusetyenziswa nokugcinwa kakuhle kwezixhobo, kuquka neencwadi zabafundi.
- Ukumodareyitha nokuqinisekisa ukuhlola ngokuqinisekisa ukuba zonke izikolo zilandela umgaqo-nkqubo wokumodareyitha wangaphakathi esikolweni.
- AbaLawuli beeSekethe kunye nabaCebisi beziFundo banika ingxelo ezithilini malunga nenkqubela ekufundweni kolwimi.
- Ukuqinisekisa ukuba kuqeshwa ngokusebenzisa, umz. uvavanyo lolwazi lweeHoD ukwenzela ukomeleza iiSMT, amacandelo enkxaso ezithilini nakandlunkulu.

c) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba likaNdlunkulu

- Ukuphuhlisa izakhono zokulawula nokubeka esweni zawo onke amagosa okufundiswa kolwimi akundlunkulu.
- IiSCP kufuneka ziqhuba iiwekshophu zokuxhasa amagosa nootitshala ekufezekiseni iziphumo ezifunekayo.
- Ukuphandwa kweziphumo zeemvavanyo ezisetwe ngaphandle ukwenzela ukukhangela imisantsa kulwazi nto leyo iya kuncedisana neendlela zokuxhasa ootitshala kunye nezicwangciso zophuculo zezikolo nezezithili ezenziwa rhoqo ngonyaka.
- Ukufuthela ukuyilwa kweekhosi zophuhliso nobunkokeli bootitshala ukwenzela ukuphuhlisa ubunkokeli nolawulo lwekharithyulam olufezekisa iinjongo ezibekiweyo.
- Ukuquka ukubekwa esweni nokuxhaswa kolwimi kwiikhosi zokufakwa emsebenzini zaseCTLI ezinikwa bonke abakwizithuba zolawulo nobunkokeli.
- Ukucwangciselwa kweekhosi zokufakwa emsebenzini kootitshala bolwimi abatsha.
- Ukuphonononga esi sicwangciso-nkqubo rhoqo ngonyanga ukwenzela ukuqinisekisa ukuba iithagethi zesicwangciso-nkqubo sangaphambili ziyafezekiswa, kuze apho kuyimfuneko kwenziwe uhlangahlengiso oluya kuqinisekisa ngokuqhutywa kwaso ngokuyimpumelelo.

d) Ukukhuthazwa kwesi sifundo kunye nesi sicwangciso-nkqubo

- Ukuqinisekisa ukuba onke amagosa, ootitshala, abazali nabafundi bayakuqonda ukubaluleka kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo.
- Ukuhlola, ukuqonda kokuqhutywa kwesiCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi sePhondo zizithili, izikolo kunye neendawo zoluntu.
- Ukuxhasa utshintsho kwisicwangciso-nkqubo esicwangcisiweyo, apho kuyimfuneko.
- Ukufundisa abafundi malunga nokubaluleka kolwimi.
- Ukuqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bafunda ulwimi kwinqanaba elichanekileyo.



Ukubeka esweni nokuHlola

a) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesikolo

b) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesithili

c) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba likandlunkulu

d) Ukukhuthazwa kokubaluleka kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo kunye nesi sifundo



5 > IsiCwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi sicaciswa ngokwebanga ngalinye

Esi sicwangciso-nkqubo solwimi sephondo senzwele isigaba ngasinye kwezi zine zesikolo – isiGaba esisisiSeko (iBanga R – 3); isiGaba esiPhakathi (iBanga lesi-4 – 6); isiGaba esiPhezulu (iBanga lesi-7 – 9) kunye nesiGaba seFET (iBanga le-10 – 12). Imiba yedayimshini nganye yesigaba ngasinye kufuneka ifundwe nesiCwangciso-nkqubo gabalala kwiCandelo lesi-4. Nangona kukho imiba efanayo kwisigaba ngasinye, injongo yeli candelo lesi sicwangciso-nkqubo kukugqamisa ezo mpawu, izakhono nemingeni ejongene nesigaba ngasinye, ibanga ngalinye kweso sigaba.

5.1 IBanga R - 3

5.1.1 Ukuphuhlisa kwabantu

a) Uqeqesho lootitshala namagosa ezemfundo

Ukuqonda indlela olukhula ngayo ulwimi ukususela ekuzalweni kunye nokubaluleka kolwimi ekufundeni. Ukuphucula ulwazi lomxholo nolwazi lweendlela zokufundisa zeHL neFAL, kuquka ukongezwa kolwimi phezu kolwasekhaya (additive bilingualism), indlela yokulungelelanisa iilwimi (balanced language approach), iitheresi esakhulayo kunye nendlela yokufundisa ukudlala kwiBanga R. Ukuphuhlisa ukuqondwa kokuqhubeka kwekharithyulam kunye nenkqubela kuwo onke amabanga nezigaba zonke kwanokuqinisekisa ngokuhambelana phakathi kweenjongo zokufunda, ukufundisa nokuhlola. Ukuxhasa ukuveliswa kwezicwangciso zokufundisa ezinakho ukwenzeka. Ukuqhutywa koqeqesho lootitshala olukhatshwa luphando, ukubekwa esweni kunye nenkxaso yasesikolweni. Ukuqhutywa kokufundiswa kwamaqela ngokwahlukeneyo. Ukukhuthaza ukufundwa koluhlu lweencwadi zabantwana kunye nezinye iincwadi. Ukusingathwa kokusilela kulwimi, imiqobo kunye neengxaki zokufunda. Ukuqinisekisa ukuba abaNobani beziFundo beFP kunye nooHOD baseFP bayakuqeqeshelwa ukubeka esweni nokuxhasa kwiLwimi ukususela kwiBanga R ukuya kwelesi-3. Ootitshala bazinika ithuba lokujonga inkqubo yabo balungise rhoqo, bahlele baze basingathe izakhono nemingeni yabo yolwimi. Ukuyila idathabheyisi yezakhono zeendlela zokufundisa zootitshala, ukubeka phambili ukuya ezikhosini kunye nokuphelisa ukuphindwa-phindwa koqeqesho okungeyomfuneko.

b) Amaqela ootitshala/amagosa axhasana ngezakhono (iiProfessional Learning Community - iiPLC)

Ukuqalisa nokukhulisa iiPLC zibe ngoovimba bolwimi ukwenzela ukuphucula ukwabelana ngezona ndlela zingcono zokwenza kunye nokusebenzisana. Ukusebenzisa iiPLC ukuzinisa uphuhliso lootitshala kunye nokwenza ukuba izikolo zisebenzisane ekunikeni bonke abafundi okona kufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi kunokufumaneka. Ukuhlalutya imisantsa yokufundisa echongwe kwiSBA kunye novavanyo lwenkqubo kwanokuyilwa kwamaphulo okungenelela okusingatha loo misantsa. Ukuthathela ingqalelo nokunika iamaqithi-qithi ootitshala abakhokela izifundo/abalungiseleli beePCL ukuze bancedise (mentor) oogxa babo. Ukukhuthaza ukuyikwa kweekhosi ezimfutshane ukwenzela ukuxhasa, ukulungisa ngokutsha kunye nokomeleza izenzo zokufundisa.

c) Ukukhankaselwa kwabasebenzi, ukufakwa kwabo emsebenzini kunye neendlela zokubagcina besemsebenzini

Ootitshala besiGaba esisisiSeko baziingcali, ngoko ke kuyimfuneko ukuba isikolo siqeshe ootitshala baseFP abaqeqeshelwe la mabanga. Ootitshala abafunde ulwimi bayakhuthazwa ukuba babe ngabaqeqeshi bokufunda nokubhala. Ukuqhuba umsebenzi omkhulu wokukhankasela ootitshala abafanelekileyo beFP kwiiHEI, titshala abo kufuneka babe nolwazi olufanelekileyo lolwimi yaye kubekho amaqithi-qithi yokugcina ootitshala abaziingcali zeFP. Ukukhuthaza ukuqeqeshwa kootitshala abawaziyo umsebenzi wabo. Ukunika amaqithi-qithi kootitshala abanokuba ngabo (abakhokelayo), iintloko zezifundo okanye iiHoD ezibonakalisa isakhono. Ukuyilwa kwenkqubo yokufakwa emsebenzini kootitshala abatsha ukwenzela ukuvelisa izakhono zokufundisa ulwimi neLitheresi. Ukunika uqeqesho nenkxaso efanelekileyo kubo bonke ootitshala abatsha ukwenzela ukuqinisekisa ukuba bakuqhuba kakuhle ukufundisa iHL kunye nangakumbi isiNgesi iFAL.

d) Ukuzithemba kwabafundi, icala elilandelwa ngabafundi kunye nokuzilawula kakuhle kwabafundi

Ukuxhasa abafundi ukuze bafunde ukuzithemba. Ukuze yenzeke le nto, abafundi kufuneka bafumane isikhokelo esivela kutitshala esicacileyo nesizinzileyo ukuze baye bekwazi ngokukwazi ukuthatha amanyathelo afanelekileyo okuba ngabasebenzisi bolwimi (abafundi nababhali) abomeleleyo. Ukuseka imeko eqhelekileyo yeklasu eqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bayakonwabela ukufunda yaye bayakuqonda ukuba kubalulekile ukufunda kwabo. Ukukhuthaza iindlela zokufundisa ezinceda abafundi ukuba banxulumanise ulwazi olutsha neendawo abazaziyo, umz. emakhayeni abo kunye nasezidolophini/ ezilalini.



e) Ukutolikwa komgaqo-nkqubo

ENtshona Koloni, iAfrikaans HL, isiNgesi HL nesixhosa HL zezona lwimi zifundiswa kumgangatho weHL, ize iAfrikaans FAL nesingesi FAL zibe zezona lwimi zeFAL. Akukho maxwebhu eCAPS olwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (iSAL) KWIfp. Izikolo ezingazifundisiyo iilwimi zesiNtu zisenokukhetha ngokuzithandela isiXhosa njengenxalenye of the yekharithulam yaseFP, ngokuxhomekeke ekubeni iSGB iyaluxhobisa olu lwimi yaye nexesha elongezelelweyo lokufundisa liyabonakala kwisicwangciso samaxesha okufundisa (ithayimtheyibhile). KwiBanga R yiHL kuphela enyanzelekileyo kodwa izikolo ziyakhuthazwa ukuba zifake neFAL ngokungekho sikweni, nefundiswa kwiBanga loku-1. Izifundo zolwimi ezinyanzelekileyo yiHL neFAL. Apho isiNgesi sikukuphela kweLoLT ukususela kwiBanga lesi-4, izikolo kufuneka zifundise isiNgesi njengeFAL zize zisebenzise elona xesha lininzi leFAL nelona xesha lincinci leHL, ubuncinane ukusuka kwiBanga lesi-3. Izikolo kufuneka zibe nomGaqa-nkqubo woLwimi weSikolo ocacileyo nomfutshane nothathelela ingqalelo imiba yolwimi yeemeko ezithile ukwatolika iCAPS yeHL neFAL ukulungiselela iimfuno zokufunda nokufundisa ngokunjalo nokwabiwa kwamaxesha okufundisa. KwiBanga R kufuneka kuqutywe isifundo solwimi esiyimizuzu engama-60 yonke imihla. "IXesha leBali" (UkuFunda ngokuKhwaza) kuyabandakanywa esifundweni yaye kwenzeka ekupheleni kosuku ngalunye.

5.1.3 Ukunikwa nokusetyenziswa kwezixhobo/kwezakhiwo

a) Ukufumana izakhiwo / izixhobo ezifanelekileyo

Umgqa-nkqubo wesikolo ucacisa indlela eza kuxhaswisa ngayo ngezixhobo iHL neFAL. Isikolo sinesicwangciso sokuvelisa iincwadi zamabali, iincwadi zokufunda, imidlalo yolwimi, iipowusta, iiphaphethi kunye nezixhobo zokuncedisa utitshala. Ukuqinisekisa ukuba uncwadi lwabantwana kunye neentlobo ezahlukeneyo zoncwadi zifundiswa kukuqala kwiBanga R ukunyuka. Iklasi ixhotiswe ngoluhlu olubanzi lweeLTSM zokuphuhlisa ezifanelekileyo ukwenzela ukuba ilitheresi ihambe ngokulula yaye ibe luqilima. KwiBanga R le nto iya kuquka igumbi lokufundela langaphakathi nelaphandle.

b) Ukusetyenziswa ngokukoko kwezixhobo

Ukusebenzisa uluhlu oluphangaleleyo kwezixhobo ezifanelekileyo zokufundiswa kolwimi. Ukwenza ukuba ootitshala bafumane ithuba elifanelekileyo lokuphonononga, ukuchonga kwanokusebenzisa izixhobo neemathiriyeli zokufunda nokufundisa ezifanele isigaba eso. Ukunceda amaqela eFP ukuba azilungiselele kwangoko izixhobo ezidingekayo ekufundiseni kwikota nganye. Ukusebenzisa iiPLC ukwabelana malunga nokusetyenziswa ngokukoko kwezixhobo ezifumaneka lula ujkwenzela ukuncedisa ekufundweni kwemixholo ephambili kwiilwimi zaseFP. Ukusetyenziswa rhoqo kwelayibrari yesikolo / yendawo okanye iEdulis.

c) Ukusetyenziswa kokufunda okusebenzisa i-intanethi (ie-learning) ukunzulisa ulwazi nokuqonda

Ukuqinisekisa ukuba bonke ootitshala bayakwazi ukusebenzisa izixhobo zeICT kwanokuchonga imithombo yokufundisa ekwiintanethi. Ukuxhasa ootitshala ekukhetheni izixhobo zokufunda okusebenzisa i-intanethi (e-learning resources) ukwenzela ukunzulisa ulwazi nokuqonda kwabafundi imixholo nezakhono. Ukuphonononga nokucebisa malunga neesoftware ze-e-learning kunye nezixhobo zedijithali ezixhasa ukufunda okwahlukeneyo (differentiated learning). Ukufakwa kweemathiriyeli ezifanelekileyo kwiseva yeSebe iWCED. Ukuqinisekisa ukuba abazali banolwazi malunga nezi zixhobo. Ukusetyenziswa kwamaQela ootitshala/amaGosa aXhasana ngezaKhono (iiPLC) ukuyila idathabheyisi yokufundisa, ukuhlola nezixhobo zokufundisa ezisekelwe kwiwebhusayithi ezilungiselelwe isakhono nombamba ngamnye waseFP.



5.2 IBanga lesi-4 – 6

5.2.1 Ukuphuhliswa kwabantu

a) Uqeqesho lweelitshala namagosa ezemfundo

Ukuphucula ulwazi lomxholo wesifundo soLwimi kunye nolwazi lomxholo weendlela zokufundisa kugxininiswa kakhulu kwimiba ephambili yoLwimi kunye nendlela yokufundisa efanelekileyo. Ukugcina ukuqondwa kakuhle kokuqhubeka kwekharithulam kunye nenkqubela kwikharithulam. Ukuqinisekisa ngokuhambelana phakathi kweenjongo zokufunda, ukufundisa nokuhlola. Ukuxhasa ukuyilwa kwezicwangciso zokufundisa ezifanelekileyo. Ukuqonda ulwazi nezakhono ikharithulam yoLwimi ezithatha njengokuba sele zikhona ngokunxulumene nezixhobo zokuxhasa ukufunda, ukulungiselela kwezifundo kunye nokuhqutywa kwelCT ekufundisweni kwekharithulam kunye notshintsho olubangelwa koko kwizinto ezenziwa eklasini. Ukuqeqeshwa kootitshala nokunikwa kwenye inkxaso enxulumene noko ukwenzela ukusingatha iifundo ezahlukeneyo zabafundi nezootitshala. Ukuseka idathabheyisi yezakhono zootitshala ekufundiseni iLwimi kwesi sigaba. Ukuphuhlisa izakhono zeeHoD ezigxile kwizakhono zokulawula nobunkokeli, ukuyilwa kwemigaqo-nkqubo, iisistim nezitraktsha, uphuhliso lwekharithulam, ukuncedisa ngezakhono (mentoring) kunye nokumodareyithwa kokuhlola kweeLwimi noNcwadi. Ukwenza ukuba abacebisi bezifundo bakwazi ukufikelela kumathuba ophuhliso olusemgangathweni.

b) Amaqela ootitshala/amagosa axhasana ngezakhono (iiProfessional Learning Community - iiPLC)

Abacebisi bezifundo kufuneka baseke amaqela ootitshala/amagosa axhasana ngezakhono ukulungiselela ootitshala abasebenza kwizikolo ezimeleneyo. Kufuneka bathathwe njengamaziko endawo kwinkxaso yoLwimi enikwa abasebenzi nootitshala. Bonke ootitshala bamaziko kufuneka bakwazi ukufikelela kwizixhobo ekwabelwana ngazo bachophele neentlanganiso zeePLC. Abcebisi bezifundo, iiSMT nootitshala abakhokelayo bayakhokelwa kwindlela yokufundisa, ukubhexsha nokusebenzisa iiPLC esikolweni nakwizikolo ngezikolo ukwenzela ukukhuthaza ukusetyenziswa kwezona ndlela zisebenzayo kunye nokuphucula ubambiswano. Ukusebenzisa iiPLC ukuzinisa uphuhliso lootitshala kunye nokwenza ukuba izikolo zisebenzisane ekunikeni bonke abafundi eyona mfundo inokufumaneka. Ukuqhuba iiseshoni zokusebenza zeePLC/zamaqela (iiklasta) apho kuya kujongwa imisantsa yokufundisa efunyenwe kwiSBA kunye novavanyo lwenkqubo kwanokuyilwa kwamaphulo okungenelela okusingatha loo misantsa. Ukukhuthaza ukuba kuyiwe kwiinkomfa zeeLwimi, iiPLC nokubhalisa kwiikhosi ezimfutshane (umz. ezaseCTLI) ukwenzela ukuphucula indlela ekufundiswa ngayo.

c) Ukukhankaselwa kwabasebenzi, ukufakwa kwabo emsebenzini kunye neendlela zokubagcina besemsebenzini

Ukukhankasa kwiiHEI abafundi abanezakhono zokusebenzisa ulwimi. Ukunika ukuthathelwa ingqalelo nokunika amaqithi-qithi ukwenzela ukugcina ootitshala abanamava nabaneziphumo ezihle eIP. Ukukhuthaza ukuqeqeshwa kootitshala abawaziyo umsebenzi wabo. Ukunika isibonelelo sebhazari yootitshala beIP. Ukuyilwa kwenkqubo yokufakwa emsebenzini (yiCTLI) kootitshala abatsha ukwenzela ukuqhuba ezona ndlela zisebenzayo zokufundisa kunye nokuphuhlisa izakhono zokufundisa ezifanelekileyo. Ukunika uqeqesho olufanelekileyo kuzo zonke iititshala ezifikayo ukwenzela ukuqinisekisa ukuba bayakwazi ukuyiqhuba ngempumelelo iCAPS. Ootitshala kufuneka bajonge iindlela zokufundisa abaziboniswa ziingcali baze bazilandele befumana inkxaso eyaneleyo. Ukusebenzisa ootitshala bokuxhasa abafundi abasaqeqeshelwa ubutitshala okanye abafundi abafumana amava okufundisa (learnerships) ukwenzela ukuba babaxhase eklasini ithuba lonyaka ngelixa bagqibezela izifundo zabo zolwimi zamaZiko eMfundo ePhakamileyo (iiHEI), zifundo ezo zivavanywa ngeemviwo kwikharithulam, ukufundisa, nokufunda.

d) Ukuzithemba kwabafundi, icala elilandelwa ngabafundi kunye nokuzilawula kakuhle kwabafundi

Ubume bomfundi ophumelelayo wolwimi bobalowo ucinga ngokwakhayo malunga nokufunda, othanda ukufunda iincwadi kunye nokhuthazeke kakhulu. Ukuxhasa abafundi ukuze bafunde ukuzithemba. Ukuze yenzeke le nto, abafundi kufuneka bafumane isikhokelo esivela kuititshala esicacileyo nesizinzileyo ukuze baye bekwazi ngokukwazi ukuthatha amanyathelo afanelekileyo okuba ngabasebenzisi bolwimi (abafundi nababhali) abomeleleyo. Ukuseka imeko eqhelekileyo ye-klasi eqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bayakonwabela ukufunda yaye bayakuqonda ukuba kubalulekile ukufunda kwabo. Ukukhuthaza iindlela zokufundisa ezinceda abafundi ukuba banxulumanise ulwazi olutsha neendawo abaziyo, umz. emakhayeni abo kunye nasezidolophini/ezilalini.

e) Ukubandakanyeka kwabazali

Ukwazisa malunga nesi sicwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi njengesicwangciso sophuculo. Ukuqhuba iindlela ezifanelekileyo zokuqinisekisa ngenkxaso yabazali noluntu. Ukuxoxa nabazali izakhono ezidingwa ngabantwana babo ukuze babe nolwazi loLwimi. Ukukhuthaza abazali ukuba baxhase iithagethi zesikolo yaye babancedise abafundi emakhaya.

f) Ubambiswano olubandakanyekayo

Kufuneka iCTLI incedise ekuqeqesheni iiHoD nootitshala kumxholo wesifundo seLwimi kunye nakwindlela yokufundisa. Ukubambisana kwimisebenzi eyenziwa ziiNGO, iiHEI namacandelo abucala apho kunikwa ootitshala inkxaso yasesikolweni ekhatshwa kukubekwa esweni nokuhololwa. Ukubambisana namaqela achaphazelekayo asebenza ngemiba yolwimi, maqela lawo afana noPanSALB, iCentre for the Book, iAfrikaanse Taalraad, iPASA, iDCAS (amacandelo okuchongwa kweencwadi zoLwimi nezaseLayibrari) kunye neHEI ekuqhubeni uphando.

5.2.2 Iindlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo

a) Ukugxila kwizakhono zolwimi nomgangatho wengqiqo

KwisiGaba esiPhakathi, kufuneka ootitshala banxulumane yaye basebenzele phezu kwesiseko esibekwe kwiBanga R ukuya kwelesi-3. Njengokuba ulwazi nezakhono zitshintsha imihla ngemihla, kubalulekile ukufundisa abafundi indlela yokufunda ulwimi ngendlela elungelelanisiweyo yolwimi. Iindlela zokufunda nokubhala kufuneka zenze abafundi bakwazi ukusuka ekuxhomekeni kutitshala ukuya ekuzimeleni ngokwabo. Bonke abafundi kufuneka bafumane amathuba oneleyo okuthetha ngolo lwimi balufundayo. Iimfuno zabafundi zolwimi oluthethwayo kufuneka zifundiswe ngokwamanqanaba ngamanqanaba yaye ukuthetha kukhuthazwe ngokubusa imibuzo ekwinqanaba lomntwana ngamnye. Izakhi nemiGaqo yolwimi kufuneka zifundiswe ngokusemholweni ngethuba kufundiswa kukwaphuhlisa ezinye izakhono zolwimi. Kufuneka kubonakale uluhlu olunyukelayo lweeteksti zobugcisa nezolwazi yaye nenkqubo yokubhala kufuneka ibonise inkqubo ukuya kutsho kwinqanaba apho abafundi bakwaziyo ukuvelisa iiteksti ezibhaliweyo ezilungelelaniswe kakuhle nezinegram echanekileyo. Xa kukhethwa iiteksti zokuphulaphula nezokufunda kumjikelo ngamnye weeveki ezimbini, kufuneka kubandakanywe imiba yolwimi eza kufundiswa yaye nemisebenzi enikwayo kufuneka ihambelane nezo teksti. Le misebenzi yokufunda isetyenziselwa ukubhexesha, ukuhlola, ukunika ingxelo nokuxela malunga nokufunda (learning).

b) Ukujongwa kolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo

Ulwimi sisakhono esingundoqo ekuyilweni nasekulululweni kwentsingiselo, ngoko ke ukufundwa nokufundiswa kolwimi kufuneka kubonakale yaye kwenziwe kuzo zonke izifundo. Oku kubaluleke kakhulu apho iLoL ingelolwimi lufanayo nolwimi lomfundi.

c) Ukuhlololela ukuncedisana nokufunda nokufundisa

Ugxininiso malube sekuhloleni okulungiselela ukufundisa. Ukunika abafundi ingxelo ekhawulezileyo kunye nomkhomba-ndlela ojonge ekuvaleni umsantsa ophakathi kweyona mpumelelo yabafundi kunye nempumelelo efunekayo. Ukusetyenziswa koku kuhlola ekuyilweni izicwangciso zokuphucula inkxaso enikwa abafundi.

d) Ulawulo olusemangathweni lweklasi

Imeko yokufunda ulwimi kufuneka ibe nezinto eziprintiweyo ezininzi, inike umdla yaye ibe yenomsalane. Kufuneka kusetyenziswe iiLayibrari zeentlobo ezahlukeneyo ukukhuthaza ukufunda (reading) kuzo zonke iiklasi. Ootitshala kufuneka basebenze njengemizekelo egqibeleleyo yolwimi nelitheresi. Ukudala imeko yokufunda ekhuselekileyo apho bonke abafundi bafumana inkxaso, inkuthazo nomngeni kodwa bakwazi ukuzifumanela ngabanye ukubaluleka nentsingiselo ngokufunda nokubhala kwabo. Imeko yokufunda kufuneka ibe yeyamkelayo kuzo zonke iinkcubeko yaye ikhuthaze bonke abafundi nokuba bangakanani na ngokobudala, ngabasiphi na isini, ngabaluphi uhlanga, bekholelwa kweyiphi inkolo, bengabawuphi umgangatho ekuhlaleni, ukuba baphuhlise izakhono zokunxulumana ngokukoko nabantu beenkubeko ngeenkubeko. Iindibano zokufunda nokufundisa kufuneka zizibonakalise ngokuba nenzolo kunye namalungiselelo afanelekileyo aza kwenza ukuba umfundi ngamnye akwazi ukukufezekisa ngokupheleleyo oko anamandla okukwenza, loo nto eyenza ngokukwazi ukuziqeqesha nokwenza umsebenzi ngokufanelekileyo.

e) Ukutolika kakuhle umgaqo-nkqubo

INKcazelo yeKharithyulam yeSizwe (iNCS) iyakulungiselela ukufundiswa kweelwimi phantsi kwemigangatho emithathu, okt. uLwimi lwaseKhaya (iHL), uLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo (iFAL) kunye noLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo (iSAL). Ziilwimi ezisemthethweni kuphela ezinokufundiswa kumgangatho weHL noweFAL. Iilwimi zangaphandle zingafundiswa kumgangatho weSAL. Ixesha lokufundisa leelwimi kwisiGaba esiPhakathi leli:

- uLwimi lwaseKhaya – iiyure ezi-6 ngeveki
- ULwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo – iiyure ezi-5 ngeveki
- uLwimi lwesiBini oloNgezelelweyo – iyure e-1.5 ngeveki inokongezwa kodwa ingabi kwixesha lokufundisa elimiselweyo.





5.2.3 Ukunikwa nokusetyenziswa kwezixhobo/kwezakhiwo

a) Ukufumana izakhiwo / izixhobo ezifanelekileyo

Iziko kufuneka zikwazi ukulawula ukuthengwa kwezi zixhobo zilandelayo: ezabafundi - iincwadi zabafundi (itekstibhukhu); iincwadi zokufunda ezingundoqo (iicore reader) ezinamabali amafutshane, isihobe, amabali emveli nemidlalo; izichazi-magama, uluhlu lwezinto zokufunda eziya kulungiselela amanqanaba ohlukeneyo okufunda (reading); iiteksti zokufunda notitshala zeBanga lesi-4: ezootitshala – iCAPS yeHL, iFAL neSAL, umGaqa-nkqubo woLwimi kweMfundo (iLanguage in Education Policy - iLiEP), iincwadi zokwandisa ulwazi (izichazi-magama zolwimi olunye, zeelwimi ezimbini nezeelwimi ezininzi); iithesarasi; iisayiklophidiya, incwadi yokwandisa ulwazi lwegrama (igrammar reference book), njalo njalo; iFayile/iNcwadi yoKwandisa uLwazi – le isenokuba yifayile eneemathiriyeli eziqokelelwe ngutitshala okanye isiKhokelo sikaTitshala esipapashiweyo esithengiswayo; izinto zokufunda zaselayibrari kunye nezincedisizi ezimanyelwayo/ezibukelwayo.

b) Ukusetyenziswa ngokukuko kwezixhobo

Ukwenza ukuba ootitshala bafumane ithuba lokusebenzisa ngokufanelekileyo izixhobo neemathiriyeli zokufunda nokufundisa ezifanele isigaba esithile. Ukuncedisisa amaqela esigaba ukuba ayicwangcisele kwangoko ikota nganye ukuze bachonge izixhobo ezifunekayo ukulungiselela ukufundisa, ukufunda nokuhlola. Ukwabelana ngezimvo kwiintlanganisano zamaqela (zeklasta) okanye amaqela ootitshala/amagosa axhasana ngezakhono (iiProfessional Learning Community - iiPLC) kusabelwana ngeendlela ezifanelekileyo zokufikelela kwizixhobo ukwenzela ukudlulisa izakhono ezingundoqo zoLwimi kwisiGaba esiPhakathi (iIP). Iziko kufuneka zigcine iirejista zeeasethi ukwenzela ukubeka esweni ukusetyenziswa nokugcinwa kwezixhobo zize zisebenzise iimali ezabiweyo kunye nezinye iindlela ukuncedisana nokufumana izixhobo/izakhiwo ezifunekayo ukuqhuba isiCwangciso seSikolo soPhuculo kwiiLwimi.

c) Ukusetyenziswa kokufunda okusebenzisa i-intanethi (ie-learning) ukunzulisa ulwazi nokuqonda

Ukuqinisekisa ukuba bonke ootitshala bayakwazi ukusebenzisa iikhompyutha kunye nezinye izixhobo zedijithali ngokunjalo nokufikelela kwimithombo yokufundisa/yokufunda ekwiIntanethi. Ukuxhasa ootitshala ekuchongeni izixhobo zokufundisa ze-e-learning ezixhasa ukufundisa nezinzulisa ulwazi lwabafundi kunye nokuqonda okunengqiqo. Ukuphonononga iisoftware ze-e-learning kunye nezixhobo zedijithali ezixhasa ukufundwa koLwimi eIP. Ukusetyenziswa kweePLC ukuyila idathabheysi yokufundisa, ukuhlola nezixhobo zokufundisa ezisekelwe kwiwebhusayithi ezilungiselelwe umxholo ngamnye waselP. Abafundi kufuneka bangayisebenzisi nje iteknoloji, koko bakwazi ukufikelela kwizixhobo ngezixhobo ezikhoyo ezihambelana nemisetyenzana yolwimi nezinika ithuba lokwazi ukuqondwa okunzulu komxholo wolwimi.

5.2.4 Ukubekwa esweni nokuHlolwa

a) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesikolo

Amaqela oLawulo lwesiKolo (iiSMT) kwinqanaba lesikolo anendima ebalulekileyo ekufuneka eyidlalile kwinkqubo yokuhlola yabafundi yasesikolweni. Ugxininiso kufuneka lube sekufundisweni kolwimi ziingcali zootitshala zesi sigaba. IiNtoko zamaCandelo oLwimi (iiHOD) kufuneka zancedise zixhase ootitshala abakumacandelo (iidipatmenti) azo xa belungiselela izifundo zabo, zibancedise ngezifundo zokubabonisa ezilandela zizifundo zokuqwalasela isifundo ukuqhutywa kwesifundo kuze kufundiswe ngokwamaqela xa kukho imfuneko. IiSMT kufuneka zixhase zize zibeke esweni ootitshala bolwimi ukuba benze iimvavanyo ezisisiseko rhoqo ekuqaleni kwebanga. Imisetyenzana yabafundi kufuneka ibekwe esweni yaye imodareyithwe ngalo lonke ixesha. Iindlela zokujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kunye nokunika ingxelo kufuneka zisoloko zilungiselelwe ukuba zenziwe ngootitshala beelwimi.

b) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesithili

Amaphulo ongenelelo enziwa ngamagosa esithili kufuneka abe ngokweenkqubo ezithile ezijongene neemfuno ezizodwa zabafundi. Ukuphuhlisa kwezakhono zolwimi lokufundisa olusekelwe kulwazi, zakhono ezo zilungiselwe iinkqubo ezenzekayo zokubekwa esweni nokuhlolwa. Ukuxhasa amagosa esithili ngoqeqesho kwindlela yokuphatha nokuhlalutya idatha yeziphumo zovavanyo lukazwelonke nolwephondo, zona eziya kuphelela ekubeni zibe yinxalenye yenkqubo yokuxhasa ootitshala. Ukulawula iinkqubo zokubekwa esweni nokuhlolwa okuzingileyo okwenziwa ngeenkqubo zenkxaso yophuhliso loqeqesho lootitshala.

c) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba likaNdlunkulu

Ukwenza ukuba amagosa akwaNdlunkulu akwazi ukufikelela kumathuba okuhlalutya iinkqubo zokuvavanyo ulwimi zehlabathi, zelizwe nezephondo. Ukuphuhlisa abacwangciso beKharithyulam abaphezulu (iiSenior Curriculum Planner) kwizakhono yokuphatha nokuhlalutya idatha yeziphumo zeemvavanyo zikazwelonke nezephondo. Ukuphembelela ukuyilwa kweeprogram zokubeka esweni nokuhlola eziya kuqhutywa kwinqanaba lesikolo. Ukuzibandakanya nokuxhasa ukwenziwa kweekhosi zokungenisa emsebenzini (induction) neziquka ukulawulwa kophuhliso lolwimi.

d) Ukukhuthazwa kwesi sifundo kunye nesi sicwangciso-nkqubo

Ukuhlola ukukhuthazwa kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi sePhondo zizithili, iziko kunye neendawo zoluntu. Ukuqinisekisa ukuba bonke abafanele ukuthatha inxaxheba bayakuqonda ukubaluleka kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo. Ukuxhasa utshintsho kwisicwangciso-nkqubo esicwangcisiweyo, apho kuyimfuneko.

5.3 IBanga lesi-7 – 9

5.3.1 Ukuphuhliswa kwabantu

a) Uqeqesho lootitshala namagosa ezemfundo

Ukuchonga nokusingatha iimfuno zoqeqesho lootitshala ngokugxininisa indlela yokuchonga imisantsa kulwazi loLwimi lwesiGaba esiPhezulu; ukufunda ngokubandakanywa noogxa bakho kwiiPLC; ukuqonda ikharithyulam kunye nendlela yokusebenzisa izixhobo zokuxhasa abafundi; ukulungiselela nokufundisa izifundo ngendlela eyiyo kunye nokubandakanya iICT ekufundisweni kwekharithyulam ukuze bakhule. Uqeqesho kufuneka lulungiselele iqela elithile lootitshala kwisakhono ngasinye; kufuneka lugxile kwiimfuno ezithile ezifana nezi: indlela yokufundisa ukufunda ngokuqonda; indlela yokusebenzisa ukufundiswa kokubhala okuncedisa ngekhompuyutha; indlela yokuhlola intetho yomlomo; indlela yokuxhasa ootitshala abasafikayo ekuseteni amaphepha; indlela yokufundisa abafundi abangalwaziyo ulwimi kwiklasi yoLwimi lokuQala oloNgezelelweyo; indlela yokufundisa igrama phantsi kwesakhono esithile kunye nendlela yokusebenzisa ngokukuko iincwadi zabafundi.

Ukuze luhlale luhambelana nophuhliso olufanelekileyo lokufundiswa kolwimi, uqeqesho lweeHoD kufuneka lugxile kwiimfuno ezithile ezifana nezi:

- Izakhono zokulawula nobunkokeli;
- Ukuxhasa nokumodareyithwa kokuhlolwa koLwimi noNcwadi;
- Ukwenziwa kwemigaqo-nkqubo eyenzelwa ukuqonda ukuba kutheni iikomiti ezifana neKomiti yeziXhobo zokuXhasa ukuFunda nokuFundisa (yeelTSM), iKomiti yeSifundo, iKomiti zeRCL zifuneka;
- Iinkqubo ze-e-Learning zokuncedisa ekuhlalutyweni kweziphumo zokuhlola.

AbaCebisi beziFundo kufuneka banikwe amathuba okufumana uphuhliso olusemgangathweni. Kufuneka ibe ziimfuno nomdla izinto eziqhuba ukukhula kwabo ngokwekhono loqeqesho lwabo kwezi zinto zilandelayo:

- uhlalutyolo olunzulu lweenkcukacha ezifunyaniswe njengezibonisa umgangatho nokuchaneka
- ukulungisa nokulungiselela idatha ekwiifomathi ezahlukeneyo
- ukusebenzisa iindlela ezikhoyo ukuqinisekisa ngokuchaneka, ukuqiniseka, ukuthembeka kunye nokuthatha icala kwedatha
- amandla okuzisa nokudlulisa ulwazi ngokucacileyo

b) AmaQela ooTitshala/amaGosa aXhasana ngezaKhono (iiProfessional Learning Community - iiPLC)

IiPLCs zisebenza njengamaziko endawo kubasebenzi abaxhasayo beelwimi nawokuba ootitshala bakwazi ukufikelela kwizixhobo ezisetyenziswa ngamalungu onke nokuba kuchotshelwe iintlanganisano zamaQela ooTitshala/amaGosa aXhasana ngezaKhono (zeProfessional Learning Communities - PLC). Ukuxhasa abacebisi beziFundo ukuba baqhelane nootitshala bebonakalisa ukuyiqonda imeko yabo ngokunxulumene nendima yabo yobutitshala. Ukusebenza "njengomxhasi onokugxeka ngokwakhayo", oko kukuthi, umntu okwaziyo ukuncoma agxeke ngendlela eyakhayo, anike isikhokelo nengxelo; ephicothela, etolikela ekwacacisela ootitshala imigaqo-nkqubo. Ukuncedisa kwiingxaki ngelixa bebacela umngeni ootitshala ukuze basebenzise iiteksti zolwimi ezibacela umngeni abafundi.

c) Ukukhankaselwa kwabasebenzi, ukufakwa kwabo emsebenzini kunye neendlela zokubagcina besemsebenzini

Ootitshala kufuneka bajonge iindlela zokufundisa abaziboniswa ziingcali baze bazilandele befumana inkxaso eyaneleyo. Ukubeka abafundi abasaqeqeshelwa ubutitshala okanye abafundi abafumana amava okufundisa (learnerships) eziklasini zootitshala ababaxhasayo ithuba lonyaka ngelixa bagqibezela izifundo zolwimi zeeHEI zifundo ezo zivavanywa ngeemviwo kwikharithyulam, ukufundisa, nokufunda.

d) Ukuzithemba kwabafundi, icala elilandelwa ngabafundi kunye nokuzilawula kakuhle kwabafundi

Ukukhuthaza amakhuphiswano eeLwimi ukwenzela ukukhuthaza abafundi ekuziqhelaniseni nezakhono zolwimi kunye nezinye iindlela zoxibelelwano. Ukukhokela abafundi ukuba baluqonde uxanduva lokufunda ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa entlalweni yabo. Ukukhuthaza ezingqondweni zabafundi umdla wokufunda nokuqhuba kakuhle kwimisetyenzana yabo yolwimi. Ukukhuthaza abafundi ukuba bagqwese kwizakhono zabo zokufunda gabalala (study skills) baze basebenzise iingcebiso abazinikwayo zokufunda ngendlela eza kubanceda ekuthatheni izigqibo eziqiqisisiweyo xa bekhetha izifundo ezifanele amakhono abo exesha elizayo.

e) Ukubandakanyeka kwabazali

IiBhodi eziLawula iZikolo kufuneka zixhotyiselwe ukuba zikwazi ukuxhasa abazali ekudaleni imeko efana neyasekhaya neya kulungeleloyo ukuba abantwana bakhule bekuthanda ukufunda (reading),





ukwenza umsebenzi wesikolo wasekhaya, ukuphanda, ukufunda izakhono zemfundo (study skills) nokulungiselela iimvavanyo neemviwo.

f) Ubambiswano olubandakanyekayo

Abo kuBanjiswene nabo abafana nsemiButho eNgekho Phantsi kukaRhulumente (iINGO), iBhodi yeLwimi yaseMzantsi Afrika (iPanSALB) iSebe lezeNkcubeko nezemiDlalo (iDCAS) (iCandelo leeLwimi neleeLayibrari), iCentre for the Book, iPublisher's Association of South Africa (iPASA), amaZiko eMfundo ePhakamileyo (iiHEI) kunye neCape Teaching and Leadership Institute (iCTLI) ngamaqela aluxhasayo uphuhliso lweelwimi. Ukuhlupheza ukusekwa nokuqhutywa kwezenzo zotshintsho (innovative practices); iiBhodi zoLwimi zeNgingqi zikhuthaza ukuphuhlisa kwemfundo noqeqesho; ukukhuthazwa kwezenzo zephondo eziqalwa ngabafundi. Ukukhuthaza abo kubanjiswene nabo ukuba bonyuse ukubandakanyeka okubonakalayo kwimiba yolwimi.

5.3.2 Iindlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo

a) Ukugxila kwizakhono zolwimi nomgangatho wengqiqo

Nangona kubalulekile nje ukuqondwa kwezakhono zoLwimi ezisisiseko, kufuneka kuzanywe kangangoko ukugxila nakwizakhono zengqiqo ekwizinga eliphezulu ezifana nokuhlola kunye nokuncoma. Ukusebenzisa imibuzo esebenzisa uluhlu lwamazanga engqiqo. Imisebenzi yokuhlola kwesi sigaba kufuneka iye ixananazela ngakumazinga engqiqo ohlukeneyo.

b) Ukujongwa kolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo

Abafundi kufuneka baqheliswe ukufunda nokubhala yonke imihla. Kufuneka ootitshala basebenzise isigama esichanekileyo sesifundo yaye bazinxweme ekuxumeni iilwimi ngendlela engacwangciswa. Ukukhuthazwa kweendlela ezisingatha iinjongo zolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo nanjengoko ulwimi lusisixhobo esibalulekileyo sokuveza nokudlulisa intsingiselo. Ukukhuthaza incoko enentsingiselo eqhubeka phakathi kootitshala nabafundi nekufuneka ibe malunga nezakhono ezibalulekileyo zokufunda. Ukuququzelela amakhuphiswano aseklasini awenziwa rhoqo okwenzela ukukhuthaza ukonwatyelwa nokugqwesa ekufundeni nasekubhaleni. Izikolo kufuneka ziququzelele ukusekwa kweeklabhu zokufunda nokufundisa ezibandakanya izikolo ngezikolo.

c) Ukuhlololela ukuncedisana nokufunda nokufundisa

Ugxininiso malube sekuhloleni okulungiselela ukufundisa. Ukuthathwa kwamanyathelo okuvala imisantsa ukwenzela ukuqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bayakhula kwizakhono ezi ya kubanceda ukuba baziphumelele iilwimi kwinqanaba leFET. Ukunika abafundi ingxelo ekhawulezileyo ejonge ukubakhokelela ukuba bafumane iithagethi ezibekiweyo zokufunda (learnring) ulwimi. Ootitshala bayakhuthazwa ukuba basebenzise imisetyenzana eyimizekelo yokuhlola xa beyila imisetyenzana yabo eyimpendulo yeemfundo zikatitshana nabafundi. Ukuhlalutya idatha yokuhlola ukwenzela ukujonga iingxaki zolwimi nokucwangcisa ungenelelo oluyimfuneko.

d) Ulawulo olusemgangathweni lweklasi

Ukudala imeko yeklasi onobutyebi beeteksti nebamkelayo bonke abafundi, exhasayo, ekhuthazayo negxile ekufundeni ukuze abafundi bakwazi ukukufezekisa ngokupheleleyo oko banamandla okukwenza. Ukuphemebelela ukuqeqeshela, ukuzinika ixesha lokusebenza kunye nokufundisa ngokuba ngumzekelo. Ootitshala kufuneka bayile amagumbi okufundela anobutyebi bezixhobo zolwimi naxhasa ukufunda nokufundisa. Iindibano zokufunda nokufundisa zizibonakalisa ngokuba nocwangco, ukulungiselelwa kakuhle kunye nokuqhuba ngendlela enye. Ootitshala kufuneka baqiniseke ukuba igumbi lokufundela ngalinye linendawo ekhethekileyo eklasini apho kubekwe khona iiteksti ezinokufundwa ngabafundi (iLibrary corner) nekulula ukuyisebenzisa.

e) Ukutolika kakuhle umgaqo-nkqubo

Ukuqinisekisa ukuba iinqununu, ooHoD, nootitshala bayitolika ngokuchanekileyo ikharithyulam yeLwimi mayela neemfuno zokufundisa nokuhlola ngokunjalo nangokwabiwa kwamaxesha azo okufundisa (time-tabling) kwisiGaba esiPhezulu. Ukuxhasa ootitshala ukuba bakuqonde ukuqhubeleka nenkqubela kwezo zakhono zolwimi zimiselweyo. Kufuneka ukuQondwa okuNzulu koLwimi kugxininiseke ukususela kwisiGaba esiPhakathi kuze kuphinde kukhuliswe kwisiGaba esiPhezulu ukwenzela ukuphucula ukutolikwa nokuhlalutya kolwimi ngokusemgangathweni kwiBanga le-10 - 12.

5.3.3 Ukunikwa nokusetyenziswa kwezixhobo/kwezakhiwo

a) Ukufumana izakhiwo / izixhobo ezifanelekileyo

Lunxanduva lwazo zonke izikolo kuchongwa:

- izixhobo ezityebisa zikwaxhasa ikharityhulam yolwimi, kuthathelwa ingqalelo ukwahluka kwemidla nendlela ababona ngayo abafundi, kunye ngoluhlu lweendlela abakwazi ngazo ukuqonda, iindlela abazisebenzisayo ukuze bafundi (learning styles) kunye namanqanaba okukhula abafundi.
- izixhobo zolwimi ezihlupheza okukhula kulwazi oluyinyani, ukuhlalutya uncwadi kunye nohlalutyo olunzulu loncwadi, ukonwatyelwa kobugcisa boncwadi, kunye nolwazi.
- izakhono zolwimi ezibonisa ngokwakhayo nangokuchanekileyo imiba eyahlukeneyo, neziqinisekisa ukuba abafundi bafumana ithuba lokuphuhliseka, bekhokelwa ngootitshala, baziqhelise ukuhlalutya ngokunzulu kunye nokukwazi ukuthatha izizathu eziqinisiweyo kubomi babo bemihla ngemihla
- izixhobo zolwimi ezimele zonke izini, ukungabi nankubazeko/ukuba neenkubazeko, iinkolelo, iintlobo zamakhaya (zeentsapho), iintlanga nezizwe, kunye nemigangatho ngokwasentlalweni
- ingqokelela ephangaleleyo yezixhobo zolwimi ezifanele uluntu lweso sikolo ngokuthi ithathele ingqalelo ukufaneleka kokubekwa kommiselo (principle) ngaphezu koluvo lomntu kunye nengqiqo ngaphezu kokukhetha icala xa kuchongwa izixhobo ezithile. Ukucinga malunga nokutshintshela ekusebenziseni iiklasi ekufundiswa kuzo ngokuncedisa ngeteknoloji yeekhompyutha (iiSmart Classroom) ukukhuthaza ukufunda kwabafundi ngokwenza umsebenzi ngokubambisana (collaborative learning), zinto ezo zifanele ukwenza igumbi lokufundela libe yindawo yokufundela encediswa yikhompyutha.

b) Ukusetyenziswa ngokukoko kwezixhobo

Ukwenza abafundi bafunde ngokwamaqela nangokusebenzisana, kodwa kulungiselelwe nokukhula komfundi ngamnye; ukukhuthazwa kwemisebenzi yokufunda nokubhala kunye nendlela yokufunda ngokwenza. Ukukhuthaza abafundi ukuba babuze, bacinge, baphendule, bacamngce, baze bathathe izigqibo ngeendlela ezikhulisa izakhono zabo zokuqinisa nokuthatha izigqibo. Ukunika abafundi ithuba nokungabopheleleki ukwenzela ukufezekisa iifundo ezinxulumene nezakhono zendalo, ukukwazi, iindlela zokufunda, izakhono ezahlukeneyo zengqondo, kunye nemidla yomntu ngamnye.

c) Ukusetyenziswa kokufunda okusebenzisa i-intanethi (ie-learning) ukunzulisa ulwazi nokuqonda

Ukuqinisekisa ukuba bonke ootitshala banolwazi, izakhono nenxaso eyimfuneko yokubandakanya iICT ekufundeni nasekufundeniseni kwabo. Ukukhuthaza ukusetyenziswa kwezixhobo zeteknoloji ezinxulunyaniswe kangangoko zisetyenziswa ngootitshala abaqeqeshwe ngokupheleleyo. Ukubandakanya ukusetyenziswa kwezixhobo zeteknoloji ezifana neekhompyutha, iifowuni ezifana neesimatifowuni neethablethi, iikhamera zedijithali, amaqonga onxibelelwano kunye nawokuncokola, iiaplikheyishini zeesoftware, iIntanethi, njalo njalo.

5.3.4 Ukubekwa esweni nokuHlolwa

a) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesikolo

AmaGela oLawulo lwesiKolo (iiSMT) kwinqanaba lesikolo anedima ebalulekileyo ekufuneka eyidlalile kwinkqubo yokuhlola abafundi yasesikolweni. Ugxininiso kufuneka lube sekufundisweni kolwimi ziingcali zootitshala zesi sigaba. IiNItoko zamaCandelo oLwimi (iiHOD) kufuneka zancedise zixhase ootitshala abakumacandelo (iidiipatmenti) azo xa belungiselela izifundo zabo, zibancedise ngezifundo zokubabonisa ezilandelwa zizifundo zokuqwalasela isifundo ukuqhutywa kwesifundo kuze kufundiswe ngokwamaqela xa kukho imfuneko. IISMT kufuneka zixhase zize zibeke esweni ootitshala bolwimi ukuba benze iimvavanyo ezisisiseko rhoqo ekuqaleni kwebanga. Imisetyenzana yabafundi kufuneka ibekwe esweni yaye imodareyithwe ngalo lonke ixesha. Kufuneka kusoloko kulungiselelwa ukuba ootitshala beelwimi besigaba ngasinye bajonge belungisa iindlela zokufundisa kunye nokunika ingxelo.

b) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba lesithili

AbaCebisi besiFundo beZithili kufuneka bandise amaphulo okungenelela asekelwe kwiziCwangciso zoPhuculo lweZikolo. Ukuyilwa kweenkqubo zokuxhasa utitshala ngamnye ukwenzela ukukhuthaza ukugqwesa ekufundisweni kolwimi noncwadi. Ukuphucula ukuphathwa nokuhlalutya kwedatha yeziphumo zeemvavanyo zikazwelonke nezephondo ukwenzela ukukhuthaza ukuphuculwa kolwimi.

c) Ukumana kujongwa kulungiswa iindlela zokufundisa kwinqanaba likaNdlunkulu

Amagosa kaNdlunkulu kufuneka axhase ngendlela yaye omeleze ukuhlalutya kwedatha kazwelonke neyephondo. Ukukhuthazwa kwabaCebisi beziFundo ukuba bakhuthaze ukusetyenziswa rhoqo kwamaQela ootitshala/amagosa axhasana ngezakhono (iiProfessional Learning Community) kwiinkqubo zokulawula nokubeka esweni kwanokuhlola okuqhubekileyo. Ukukhuthaza ukuqhutywa kwezicwangciso zamaphulo ongenelelo lwezithili kwezolwimi.

d) Ukukhuthazwa kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo nesi sicwangciso-nkqubo

Ukuhlola ukukhuthazwa kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo soLwimi sePhondo zizithili, izikolo kunye neendawo zoluntu. Ukuqinisekisa ukuba bonke abafanele ukuthatha inxaxheba bayakuqonda ukubaluleka kwesi sicwangciso-nkqubo. Ukuxhasa utshintsho kwisicwangciso-nkqubo esicwangcisiweyo, apho kuyimfuneko.



5.4.2 Indlela zokufundisa ezisebenzayo

a) Ukugxila kwizakhono zolwimi nomgangatho wengqiqo

Bonke abafundi kufuneka banikwe umsebenzi obacela umngeni ngokwengqiqo. Imisebenzi yaseklasini kufuneka ibe yileyo ifuna ukuba abafundi basebenzise ingqiqo yabo ekwizinga eliphezulu efikelela ngaphaya kokukhumbula, ukuqaphela nokubuyisa oko bakuxelelweyo nje, koko bahlalutye, baphicothe, bahlole baze bavelise izimvo nezinto abanokuzibonisa ngokuzenza phambi kweklasi.

b) Ukujongwa kolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo

Iindlela zokufundisa ulwimi yindlela yokufundisa ngokweeteksti, eyokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa kunye nelandela inkqubo ethile. Zombini, indlela yokufundisa ngokweeteksti kunye neyokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa, zixhomekeke ekusetyenzisweni nasekuvelisweni kweeteksti okuqhubekayo. Indlela esekelwe kwiteksti ifundisa abafundi ukuba babe ngabafundi abagqibeleleyo, abazithembileyo nabafunda, babhale, babukele baze bayile iiteksti basebenzisa ingqiqo. Indlela yokufundisa ngokusebenzisa uhlobo oluthile loncwadi isenokusetyenziswa ukufundisa iimpawu zeeteksti ezahlukeneyo. Indlela yokufunda ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa icebisa ukuba xa kufundwa ulwimi, kufuneka umfundi anikwe ithuba elininzi lokusebenzisa olo lwimi alufundayo kunye namathuba amaninzi okuziqhelisa okanye ukuelisa olo lwimi. Ukunikwa kwethuba lokusetyenziswa kolwimi kuthi kwenzeke ngokuba abafundi babhale, babukele baze baphulaphule rhoqo. Le ndlela kufuneka igxile kwisakhiwo, ibe ivumela ukugxiliiswa okucacileyo kwizakhi nemigaqo yolwimi. Abafundi baya kulufumana ulwazi malunga nezakhi zilwimi (language structures) kuphela xa zifundiswa ngokuphandle. Kucetyiswa ukuba izakhi zolwimi zifundiswe ngokusemholweni wokubhala okanye ukufunda. Indlela zokufunda kwabafundi ngokusebenzisana (umz. umsebenzi wamaqela, ukusebenza ngababini) kungasetyenziswa njengenxalenye yendlela yokufundisa ulwimi ngokulusebenzisa.

Indlela yokufundisa ngokulandela inkqubo ethile ifuna ukuba abafundi benze amanqanaba ohlukeneyo eenkqubo zokuphulaphula, ukuthetha, ukufunda nokubhala ngelixa baphulaphule, befunda bekwavelisa iiteksti zomlomo nezibhaliweyo. Ukubhala nokuthetha okwenziwa yonke imihla kuya kunika abafundi ithuba lokuziqhelisa ukusebenzisa olo lwimi.

Kufuneka kukhuthazwe ukufunda okwenziwa yonke imihla eklasini. Indawo ekhethekileyo yokuhlala ufunde eklasini inokusetyenziselwa ukubeka iincwadi, imagazini namanqaku anomdla ukuze afundwe ngabafundi. Kufuneka kukhuthazwe ukufunda okongezelelweyo (extended reading) ngokuthi kusekwe iiklabhu zokufunda iincwadi nangokunika amathuba okuthatha inxaxheba kumakhuphiswano okufunda (iireadathon).

Isifundo ngasinye sisebenzisa iiteksti kukhuthaza ukufunda (learning), nto leyo ithetha ukuba bonke ootitshala ngootitshala bolwimi yaye kufuneka balufundise ulwimi kwizifundo zabo. Ngoko ke kubalulekile ukuba yenziwe luqilima intsebenziswano phakathi kootitshala bolwimi kunye nootitshala bezinye izifundo ukwenzela ukomeleza izakhono zolwimi kuzo zonke izifundo zekharithulam.

c) Ukuhlolola ukuncedisana nokufunda nokufundisa

Imisetyenzana yokuhlola kufuneka ilindele ukuba abafundi basebenzise ingqiqo ekwizinga eliphezulu: bangapheleli nje ekukhumbuleni imiba, kufuneka imisetyenzana ifune ukuba abafundi balungelelanise, balungelelanise ngokutsha, basebenzise, bahlalutye, baphicothe baze bahlole ulwazi neenkukakacha. Kufuneka abafundi bakhuthazwe ukuba basebenzise amaphepha eemviwo "zeminyaka edlulileyo" kunye namaphepha ayimizekelo nayibonisa kakuhle eyona nto ifunekayo ezimviweni. Ugininiso lokuhlola malube sekuhloleni okulungiselela ukufunda kunye nokuhlolwa kokufunda. Ingxelo malunga neendawo ababetheke kuzo abafundi kunye nokufundiswa kwesigaba esilandelayo sesifundo kusetyenzisiwa indlela ekulindelwe ukuba baqhube ngayo abafundi, kufuneka ibe ngoyena ndoqo wencoko phakathi kwabafundi nootitshala. Le nto kufuneka ibe yiyo abakhela phezu kwayo ukwenza kwabo abafundi nanjengoko basebenzisa ubungqina/isikhokelo esivela koko kuhlolwa xa beziqhelisa bodwa bezama ukusingatha izinto ababuthathaka kuzo kwesi sifundo.

d) Ulawulo olusemgangathweni lweklasi

Ukudala imeko ye-klasi ebamkelayo bonke abafundi, exhasayo, ekhuthazayo negxile ekufundeni ukuze abafundi bakwazi ukufezekisa ngokupheleleyo oko banamandla okukwenza. Ukuphembelela ukuqeqesheka, ukuzinika ixesha lokusebenza kunye nokufundisa ngokuba ngumzekelo. Ootitshala kufuneka bayile amagumbi okufundela anobutyebi bezixhobo zolwimi naxhasa ukufunda nokufundisa okusebenzayo. Ukucwangciswa kokufunda ngokwenkqubo okubonakaliswa kukuzilungiselela kakuhle, ukuba noncwangco kuba nokuyikhathalela imfundo.

e) Ukutolika kakuhle umgaqo-nkqubo

Ukuqinisekisa ukuba iinqununu, ooHoD, nootitshala bayitolika ngokuchanekileyo ikharithulam yolwimi mayela neemfuno zokufundisa nokuhlola ngokunjalo nangokwabiwa kwamaxesha ayo okufundisa (time-tabling) kwiBanga le-10 – 12. Ukuxhasa ootitshala ekuqondeni ukuqhubeka kunye nokuqhubela phambili komxholo/izakhono ezimiselayo ukusuka eSP nokuphuhlisa kwazo nangakumbi kwiBanga le-10 – 12 ukwenzela ukuseka isiseko sokufundwa kolwimi kwinqanaba elingaphaya kwesikolo, ebomini, emsebenzini nakwimifundo ephakamileyo.



7 > IziHlomelo

7.1 IsiHlomelo soku-1: lidayimshini nemiba yeeNdlela zokuFundisa eziSebenzayo



Silungiselelwe sithathwa apha:

- Hayes, D., Mills, M., Christie, P. & Lingard, B. (2006) *Teaching and Schooling Making a Difference: Productive Pedagogies, Assessment and Performance*. Crows Nest: Allen & Unwin.
- Killen, R. (2005) *Programming and Assessment for Quality Teaching and Learning*. Southbank Victoria: Thomson.

7.2 IsiHlomelo sesi-2: Ubungakanani befuthe leemeko

<i>Influence</i>	<i>Effect Size</i>	<i>Source of Influence</i>
Feedback	1.13	Teacher
Students' prior cognitive ability	1.04	Student
Instructional quality	1.00	Teacher
Direct instruction	.82	Teacher
Remediation/feedback	.65	Teacher
Students' disposition to learn	.61	Student
Class environment	.56	Teacher
Challenge of Goals	.52	Teacher
Peer tutoring	.50	Teacher
Mastery learning	.50	Teacher
Parent involvement	.46	Home
Homework	.43	Teacher
Teacher Style	.42	Teacher
Questioning	.41	Teacher
Peer effects	.38	Peers
Advance organisers	.37	Teacher
Simulation & games	.34	Teacher
Computer-assisted instruction	.31	Teacher
Testing	.30	Teacher
Instructional media	.30	Teacher
Aims & policy of the school	.24	School
Affective attributes of students	.24	Student
Physical attributes of students	.21	Student
Programmed instruction	.18	Teacher
Ability grouping	.18	School
Audio-visual aids	.16	Teacher
Individualisation	.14	Teacher
Finances/money	.12	School
Behavioural objectives	.12	Teacher
Team teaching	.06	Teacher
Physical attributes (e.g., class size)	-.05	School
Television	-.12	Home
Retention	-.15	School

Silungiselelwe sithathwa apha: Hattie, J. (2012) *Visible Learning for Teachers: Maximizing impact on learning*. London: Routledge.