



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

**ISIXHOSA ULWIMI LOKUQALA OLONGEZELELWEYO (FAL)**

**IPHEPHA LESITHATHU (P3)**

**2015**

**IMEMORANDAM**

**AMANQAKU: 100**

**Le memorandam inamaphepha ali-13.**

## ICANDELO A: ISINCOKO

### IMIYALELO YOKUMAKISHA

Kweli candelo umviwa ukhetha isincoko sibe sinye. Ukuba ukhethe zazibini, makisha esokuqala.

**QAPHELA:** Umviwa angabhala naluphi udidi lwesincoko ngesihloko asikhethileyo.

Ubude besincoko bumele ukuba kwisithuba samagama ali-190 ukuya kuma-240.

Sebenzisa irubriki esisihlomelo A ukumakisha esi sincoko.

1.1	Isihloko:	Ulutsha	
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b>  Ngoobani aba balulutsha/zinto zini abazenzayo/abazithandayo abangazithandiyo/ukukhula/abahlobo/ukuzimisela kwintloko abayenzayo/imfundo/ezemidlalo/ezoqoqosho/izimilo zabantwana/imikhwa/iindlela ezilungileyo nezingalunganga nemiceli mngeni abahlangabezana nayo.  [Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].	
			<b>[50]</b>

1.2	Isihloko:	Impumelelo sisitshixo sobomi.	
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b>  Yintoni impumelelo/izinto ezivala nezidodobalisa impumelelo ebantwini/izinto ekufuneka uzenzile ukuze uphumelele/ amanqanaba empumelelo.  [Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].	
			<b>[50]</b>

1.3	Isihloko:	Utat' uMandela usisinyanya esizweni siphela.	
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<p><b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b></p> <p>Ngubani lo uthetha ngaye/iimpawu anazo/ubuyena, ukubaluleka kwakhe, ekuhlaleni, esizweni nakwihlabathi ngokubanzi/indlela asebenze ngayo/ukuzibandakanya kwakhe kwizinto ezahlukeneyo ezifana nokukhathalela abantu/indlela athetha ngayo nabantu/ukuthanda abantwana/ukungazicingeli yena/ubungqina bokuba sisinyanya esiphilayo/izinto ezithiywe ngaye nezisisikhumbuzo.</p> <p>[Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].</p>	
1.4	Isihloko:	Abantu abadala mabangabaphileli abantwana.	
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<p><b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b></p> <p>Indima yabantu abadala ebantwaneni babo/izinto ezenziwa okanye ezithethwa ngabantu abadala ezibonakalisa ukuba baphilela abantwana babo/izinto okanye iindlela zokucebisa abantwana/iziphumo zabazali abaphilela abantwana babo.</p> <p>[Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].</p>	
1.5	Isihloko:	Ekunyamezeleni kukho umvuzo.	
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<p><b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b></p> <p>Kukuthini ukunyamezela/iimpawu zomntu onyamezelayo/izinto ezinyanyezelwayo eziza nomvuzo/umvuzo owufumanayo emva kokunyamezela.</p> <p>[Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].</p>	

1.6	Isihloko:	linjongo zam zeminyaka elishumi ezayo.	
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayeleyo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b>  Ukucinga nzulu uthembe ukuba uza kuba yiloo nto emva kweminyaka elishumi/ukucwangcisa ukuze iingcinga zifezeke/ ukufunda/ukubeka imali/ukudibana nabantu abakwizikhundla eziphezulu/ukutshintsha isimilo, indlela yokwenza izinto, ukucwangcisa ixesha nemali/ukuhamba nokuguquguquka kwamaxesha.  [Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].	

[50]

1.7.1	Isihloko:		
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayeleyo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b>  Makabonise ulwazi ngesihloko asikhethileyo. Abantwana baseklasini bafunda ngezelizwe/bajonga iindawo abafunda ngazo baxoxa bejonge iindawo/izinto ezifumaneka kwezoo ndawo/uqoqosho lweendawo/amakhondo/ushishino/ izimbiwa/oorhulumente/isimo sezulu/iintloko dolophu.  [Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].	

[50]

1.7.2	Isihloko:		
	Imo efanelekileyo:	Intshayeleyo, isiqu nesiphelo.	
	Ulwimi	Luhambelane nenjongo yokubhala, uhlobo lomhlathi okhethiweyo, isigama sihambelane nesihloko, isakhiwo sezivakalisi kunye nezixhobo zokunonga ezifanelekileyo.	
	Umxholo	<b>Umviwa angasebenzisa nawuphi kule mixholo ilandelayo.</b>  Ukubaluleka kwemali kwiinkalo ezahlukeneyo zobomi/ubomi obumnandi nobunempumelelo obuziswa yimali/izinto ezenziwa ngabantu kuba befuna imali.  [Naziphi izimvo zomfundi ezisemxholweni ziya kwamkeleka].	

[50]

## IIMPAWU ZESINCOKO

Isincoko esibalisayo sibhalwa kumntu wokuqala okanye owesithathu.

- Makasebenzise ixesha eladlulayo/elidlulileyo aze athi ukuba unamandla alisebenzise nelimiyo.
- Makabonise ulwazi ngesihloko asikhethileyo.
- Abalinganiswa, isimo sentlalo izizathu zokuhla kwezehlo ukuya kwisiphelo mazibonakale.
- Iziganeko zichazwa/zibaliswe ngokulandelelana kwazo okanye zicace ezingunobangela wezinye, kungenjalo xa enamandla angasebenzisa izixhobo ezifana nophuphelo okanye ukuqala ngesenzo esingekeli/sokugqibela.
- Sisebenzisa amagama abonisa ixesha afana noo-emva, phambi, ngeli xesha.
- Sisebenzisa intetho yababini/ukuzithethela kwabalinganiswa.
- Ulwimi olusetyenziweyo malube lolokudala ifuthe kofunda isincoko oluchukumisayo lungekhwada phofu.

Isincoko esichazayo sinokubhalwa ngokwexesha elidlulileyo okanye elangoku.

- Sichaza into/umntu/indawo/imeko njalo njalo.
- Sisebenzisa amagama okudala umfanekiso.
- Sisebenzisa izixhobo zokuchaza ezifana nezichazi, imifanekiso-ntelekelelo, izihlomelo, neziphuhliso ezifana nezifanekisozwi kwakunye nezafobe zentetho.
- Sisebenzisa imifanekiso ntekelelo nezafobe.
- Sivakalisa iimvakalelo zombhali.

Isincoko esicamngcayo:

- Siveza uvakalelo lombhali ngesigama esibonakalisa amava akhe.
- Siveza uchukumiseko ngomba ekubhalwa ngawo.
- Uvakalelo olungundoqo ludlala indima enkulu.
- Ubukhulu becala esi sincoko siyachaza. (sisebenzisa izixhobo zokuchaza ezifana nezichazi, imifanekiso-ntelekelelo, izihlomelo, neziphuhliso ezifana nezifanekisozwi kwakunye nezafobe zentetho).
- Uvakalelo lombhali maluveze ukunyaniseka kunye nokubandakanyeka.

Kwisincoko esixoxela icala elinye inkcazelo engomba inokuba ngengxoxo ephambili.

- Umviwa uthatha icala ngomba othile.
- Uthotho lweengxoxo – oludla ngokuba kwimo engengcaciso ngeengongoma ezithile.
- Ukubethelela – isishwankathelo nokuphindelela kwinkcazelo engoluvo oluthile lokuvula.
- Kwingxoxo yakhe unika ubungqina obuxhasayo obusenokuba ngamanani okanye ukucaphula kumava anawo ayinyani.
- Usenokuxoxela okuthile echasa enika ubungqina obuxhasayo.
- Isiphelo sisenokuba sisishwankathelo nengcebiso.

Kwisincoko esixoxela amacala omabini inkcazelo engomba inokuba ngengxoxo ephambili.

- Umviwa uwaphatha omabini amacala engxoxo.
- Uxoxela okuthile enika ubungqina obuxhasayo.
- Unokulandela isakhiwo esithi umhlathi umela uluvo oluvumayo, kolandelayo, luchase, kungenjalo avume ekuqaleni komhlathi aze achase ekupheleni, kodwa makalunike olwakhe uluvo xa evala.
- Unokuxoxela okuthile echasa/evuma nokunika ubungqina obuyinyani obuxhasayo.
- Isiphelo – isishwankathelo nengcebiso.
- Makabonise ulwazi ngesihloko nangomba axoxa ngawo. [50]

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO A: 50**

## ICANDELO B: UMHLATHI OMIDE

### IMIYALELO YOKUMAKISHA

- Kweli candelo umviwa ukhetha umhlathi ube mnye. Ukuba ukhetha yamibini, makisha owokuqala.
- Ubude bomhlathi omde babube ngamagama angama-80 ukuya kwi-100.
- Sebenzisa irubriki esisihlomelo B ukumakisha lo mhlathi.

### UMBUZO 2

#### 2.1 ILETA YOBUHLOBO

- Idilesi inye, yeyalo mntu ubhalayo inomhla.
- Isibuliso masidize ubuhlobo bombhali nombhalelwa.
- Intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo mazahluka zicace.
- Ithoni nerejista mazibonakalise ubuhlobo.
- Isakhiwo somyalezo masibonakalise ukubalisa ngomtshato.
- Umxholo mawube ngezinto ebezisenzeka usebenzisa izichazi ukutolika ubunjani baloo nto.
- Kwisiphelo kubhalwa igama kuphela okanye lo ndlela babizana ngayo abahlobo abo, ifani ayibhalwa.
- Izingxi azisetyenziswa kwidilesi, isibuliso nesiphelo. [30]

#### 2.2 IOBHITSHUWARI

- Igama elipheleleyo lomntu oswelekileyo.
- Umhla wokuzalwa, indawo azalelwe kuyo nabazali bakhe.
- Ukukhula kwakhe, ukufunda nokusebenza.
- Ukugula kwakhe.
- Umhla wokusweleka.
- Usapho alushiya ngasemva.
- Amazwi amkhaphayo aquka neziduko. [30]

#### 2.3 INGXELO ESESIKWENI

- Bhala isihlokwana esitsala umdla wabaphulaphuli nesibenza balangazelele ukuphulaphula.
- Qinisekisa ukuba ingxelo inentshayeledo edlwengula umxhelo.
- Ngentshayeledo unika iingongoma ezibalulekileyo.
- Nabisa into ethethwe kwintshayeledo kwisiqu sengxelo.
- Nika zonke izinto ezenzekileyo nengcaciso.
- Isiphelo masishwankathele isiganeko esehlileyo.
- Nika uluvo lwakho.
- Makashwankathele ngokucacileyo engayigqwethi into eyinyaniso. [30]

## 2.4 INGXOXO YABABINI

- Inkcazelo engomba wengxoxo ephambili.
- Intshayelelo, ebonisa indawo nenjongo yengxoxo.
- Izithethi mazinikwe amagama.
- Irejista oyisebenzisayo yeyobuhlobo.
- Mabaxoxiswe ngendlela ebonisa umdla macala.
- Ingxoxo mayikhule iimpendulo zingabi ngoo 'ewe noohayi' kuphela.
- Ukuxoxela okuthile unika ubungqina obuxhasayo.
- Ukuxoxela okuthile uchasa unika ubungqina obuxhasayo.
- Isiphelo – isishwankathelo nengcebiso.

**[30]**

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO B: 30**



## ICANDELO C: UMHLATHI OMFUTSHANE

### IMIYALELO YOKUMAKISHA

- Kweli candelo umviwa ukhetha umhlathi ube mnye, aze athi ukuba ukhethwe yamibini, makisha owokuqala.
- Ubude bomhlathi omfutshane ngama-60 ukuya kuma-80 amagama.
- Sebenzisa irubriki esisihlomelo C ukumakisha lo mhlathi.

### UMBUZO 3

#### 3.1 ISIBHENGEZO- NTENGISO

- Masitsale silukuhle abathengi.
- Sinokuba zimo ezahlukeneyo.
- Makusetyenziswe izilogani neelogo.
- Masitsale iliso singalibaleki engqondweni.
- Makusetyenziswe izafobe nezigaba zentetho ukudala ifuthe nokwenza ulwimi luhlale lukhumbuleka. [20]

#### 3.2 UNGENISO LWEDAYARI

- Mayibhalwe ngefomathi ekhethekileyo yedayari okanye yejenali.
- Iintsuku, umhla mazibonakale.
- Kusetyenziswe ixesha aladlulayo.
- Ibhalwa ngokungekho sikweni.
- Umbhali uyazibhalela.
- Umxholo ahlale kuwo. [20]

#### 3.3 IMIYALELO

- Umyalelo mawucace gca, kusetyenziswe isiyaleli kakhulu.
- Izinto emabazenze abafundi ukuze babe baziphethe kakuhle.
- Umntu ekubhaliswa kuye nendawo afumaneka kuyo mazixelwe.
- Izinto ezilindelekileyo ezinokwenziwa ngumntu mazicaciswe. [20]

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO C: 20**  
**AMANQAKU EWONKE: 100**

**QAPHELA:**

- Sebenzisa le rubriki rhoqo xa umakisha izincoko (Zephepha lesi-3, ICANDELO A).
- Amanqaku ukusukela kweli-0 ukuya kwangama-50 ahlulahlulwe ngokwamanqanaba amahlanu aphambili.
- Kwiikhrayitheriya yoMxholo, ULwimi NeSimbo, inqanaba ngalinye kula mahlanu lahlulahlulwe lanomgangatho ongentla nongezantsi yanemimandla yamanqaku ahambelana nomgangatho ngamnye.
- Ikhrayitheriya yeSakhiwo yona ayichaphazeleki ngumgangatho ongentla nongezantsi.

**ISIHLOMELO A: IRUBRIKI YOKUHLOLA IZINCOKO – ULWIMI LOKUQALA OLONGEZELELWEYO [50 AMANQAKU]**

Ikhayitheriya		Balaseleyo	Enobuchule	Phakathi	Buthathaka	Bubhetyebhetye
<b>UMXHOLO NOCWANGCISO</b>  (Impendulo nezimvo) Ukubekela izimvo ngenjongo yokucwangcisa Ukubonakalisa ukuyazi injongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko  <b>30 AMANQAKU</b>	<b>Umgangatho ongentla</b>	<b>28–30</b> -Impendulo ebalaseleyo enomtsalane, ngaphaya kobekulindelekile -Izimvo zihlakaniphile, zixhokonxa iingcinga kwaye zinemfezeko -Isincoko sibekelwe ngobuchule obungaqhelekanga kwaye intshayelelo, isiqu kwakunye nesiphelo zibonakalisa unamathelwano olunemfezeko	<b>22–24</b> -Impendulo ixonxwe ngobugcisa obukhulu -Izimvo zinxulumene nomxholo kwaye zinika umdla, bukho ubungqina bemfezeko kwizimvo -lingcamango zibekelwe ngokwakhelanyo kuquka intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo	<b>16–18</b> -Impendulo iyanelisa ngokupheleleyo -Izimvo ziyamathelana noko kwaye zingakuguqula ukucinga kofundayo -lingcamango zibekelwe ngokunamathelanyo kuquka intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo	<b>10–12</b> -Impendulo ingena iphuma emxholweni akukho lunamathelwano kwizimvo -Izimvo azicacanga kwaye ezinye zazo zezemboleko -Buncinci kakhulu ubungqina bobekelwe nonamathelwano lweengcamango	<b>4–6</b> -Impendulo ayikho mxholweni konke konke -Izimvo zibondene azigqalanga ntweni -Azivakali izimvo kwaye ziyaphindaphindwa/ uthetha into enye -lingcamango zibekwe xazalala azinalunxibelelwano
		<b>25–27</b> -Impendulo encamisileyo kodwa akukho zimpawu zakubalasele kubhekele phi kwisincoko -Izimvo zivuthiwe zixhokonxa iingcinga -lingcamango zibekelwe zandindaniswa ngobugcisa kuquka intshayelelo, isiqu kunye nesiphelo	<b>19–21</b> -Impendulo ixonxwe ngobugcisa -Izimvo zisemxholweni kwaye zinika umdla -Sibekelwe ngobuchule, kukho ukunamathelana kweengcamango okuquka intshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo	<b>13–15</b> -Impendulo iyanelisa nangona kumana kubakho ukungacaci kwiindawo ezithile -Kukho ukunamathelana okubonakalayo kwizimvo kwaye kuyanelisa -Kukho ukubekelwa kweengcamango nonamathelwano kwintshayelelo, isiqu nesiphelo	<b>7–9</b> -Impendulo iphumile emxholweni ubukhulu becala -Izimvo ziyaqhawu-qhawuka ziyabhidisa -Buyanqaphazeka ubungqina bokubekelwa kweengcamango nonamathelwano	<b>0–3</b> -Impendulo itenxile malunga nomxholo -Izimvo zitenxile zingcwecwela kude nomxholo -lingcamango ziyingxubevange engenamgqalisela

**IRUBRIKI YOKUHLOLA IZINCOKO – ULWIMI LOKUQALA OLONGEZELELWEYO [50 AMANQAKU] (continued)**

<b>Ikhayitheriya</b>		<b>Balaseleyo</b>	<b>Enobuchule</b>	<b>Phakathi</b>	<b>Buthathaka</b>	<b>Bubhetyebhetye</b>
<b>ULWIMI, ISIMBO &amp; NOKUHLELA</b>  Ukuhambelana kwethoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama kunye nemeko Ukhetho-magama Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi nesigama limpawu zobhalo, izakhi zezivakalisi, nopelo	<b>Umgangatho ongentia</b>	<b>14–15</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama zifanelene ngokugqwesileyo nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Ulwimi lusetyenziswe ngokuzithemba, luyathabathekisa -Ithoni enomtsalane nezafobe zentetho eziphumeza injongo -Phantse kube akukho nasinye isiphene solwakhiwo zivakalisi, upelo nokusetyenziswa kolwimi -Sixonxwe ngobugcisa obukhulu	<b>11–12</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama zifanelene kakhulu nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Ulwimi luchaneke ngakumbi kwaye ithoni isetyenziswe ngokuchaneka kwisincoko siphela -Iziphene zokusetyenziswa kolwimi nopelo zinqongophele -Sixonxwe ngobugcisa obukhulu	<b>8–9</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama sifanelene nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Ulwimi olufanelekileyo ludlulisa umyalezo -Ithoni ifanelekile -Izafobe zentetho zinonga umxholo	<b>5–6</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama azifanelananga ncam nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Ulwimi lusetyenziswa ngendlela ebuthathaka -Ithoni nochongo magama azifanelekanga -Isigama sinqongophele	<b>0–3</b> -Ulwimi aluvakali -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama asifanelananga kwaphela nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Ukunqongophala kwesigama kubaxekile kangangokuba ayinasihlahla into ebhaliweyo
		<b>15 AMANQAKU</b>	<b>13</b> -Ulwimi luchaneke kanye nezafobe zisetyenziswe ngethoni ephumeza ukudlulisa umyalezo -Phantse kube akukho nasinye isiphene solwakhiwo zivakalisi, upelo, nokusetyenziswa kolwimi -Sixonxwe ngobugcisa obukhulu	<b>10</b> -Ulwimi lunomtsalane kwaye luyaziphumeza iinjongo zokubhala -Ithoni ifanelekile kwaye iyaziphumeza iinjongo zokubhala -Zimbalwa iziphene zezakhi zezivakalisi kunye nopelo -Sixonxwe ngobugcisa	<b>7</b> -Kuyanelisa ukusetyenziswa kolwimi kodwa asekho amakhwiniba -Ithoni ifanelekile kodwa izafobe zentetho ezisetyenzisiweyo zinqongophele	
<b>ISAKHIWO</b>  limpawu zetekisi Ukukhula kwemihlathi nokwakhiwa kwezivakalisi	<b>Umgangatho ongezantsi</b>	<b>5</b> Isihloko sikhuliswe ngokuncamisayo -linkcukacha zibalasele ngokungaqhelekanga -Izivakalisi, imihlathi zakhiwe zaqiqisiswa ngokugqwesileyo	<b>4</b> -linkcukacha ezinengqiqo zikhuliswe ngokwakhelanayo -Izimvo zinamathele -Izivakalisi, imihlathi zitshintshatshintshwa ngobuchule obuqiqisisiweyo	<b>3</b> -linkcukacha ezisemxholweni zikhuliswe -Izivakalisi, imihlathi zakhiwe kuhle -Isincoko sibunjwe ngengqiqo	<b>2</b> -Zikho iingcamango ezamkelekileyo -Isakhiwo sezivakalisi nesemihlathi sinamakhwiniba -Isincoko sisenayo ingqiqo	<b>0–1</b> -lingcamango ezifunekayo zinqongophele -Isakhiwo sezivakalisi nesemihlathi sigxoko-gxoko -Isincoko asinangqiqo
<b>5 AMANQAKU</b>						
<b>UMMANDLA WAMANQAKU</b>		<b>43–50</b>	<b>33–40</b>	<b>23–30</b>	<b>13–20</b>	<b>0–10</b>

**ISIHLOMELO B: IRUBRIKI YOKUHLOLA IMIHLATHI EMIDE– ULWIMI LOKUQALA OLONGEZELELWEYO [30 AMANQAKU]**

<b>Ikhayitheriya</b>	<b>Balaseleyo</b>	<b>Enobuchule</b>	<b>Phakathi</b>	<b>Buthathaka</b>	<b>Bubhetyebhetye</b>
<b>UMXHOLO , UCWANGCISO NEFOMATHI</b>  Ukungqala kwempendulo nezimvo Ukuqoqwa kwezimvo ngenjongo yokucwangcisa Injongo yokubhala, abo kujoliswe kubo, iimpawu/imigaqo yetekisi, kunye nemeko  <b>18 AMANQAKU</b>	<b>15–18</b> -Impendulo igqwesile idlule okuqhelekileyo -Izimvo ziqiqisisiwe kwaye zivuthiwe -Luphangalele ulwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Umsebenzi ungqalile uhleli emxholweni -Kukho ukunamathelana kwizimvo nomxholo -lingcamango zidakancwe ngobunono zonke iinkcukacha zixhasa isihloko -Ifomathi ifanelekile kwaye ichanekile	<b>11–14</b> -Impendulo ibonakalisa ukuchaneka kanobom ulwazi olunzulu lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Ingqalile ayiphumi nasemxholweni -Izimvo zixoxwe zadakancwa ngokunamatheleneyo kumxholo nezimvo -linkcukacha zixhasa isihloko -Ifomathi ifanelekile ineendawana ezingachanekanga ezingephi	<b>8–10</b> -Impendulo iyanelisa ibonakalisa ulwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Izimvo ziyaphuma emxholweni kwaye kukho nokugqwidiza -Ukunamathelana kumxholo nezimvo kufanelekile -Ezinye iinkcukacha zixhasa isihloko -Ifomathi ifanelekile kodwa kusekho ukungachaneki	<b>5–7</b> -Impendulo ibonakalisa ulwazi olungephi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Zimbalwa izimvo ezisemxholweni kodwa kuninzi ukuphuma ecaleni -Kunqabile ukunamathelana komxholo nezimvo -Zimbalwa iinkcukacha ezixhasa isihloko -Imigaqo yefomathi ephambili isetyenziswe ngokungaqondi -Kutyeshelwe izinto ezininzi	<b>0–4</b> -Impendulo ibonakalisa ukunqongophala kolwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Intsingiselo ilahleka rhoqo ide iphume emxholweni -Akukho ukunamathelana kumxholo nezimvo -Zimbalwa kakhulu iinkcukacha ezixhasa isihloko -Imigaqo eyimfuneko yobhalo lwale tekisi ityeshelwe
<b>ULWIMI ISIMBO SOKUBHALA NOKUHLELA</b>  Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, injongo/ifuthe, abo kujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi nemigaqo Uchongo magama limpawu zokubhala kunye nopelo  <b>12 AMANQAKU</b>	<b>10–12</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama zihambelana kakhulu nenjongo nabo kujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo -Phantse kube akukho nasinye isiphene	<b>8–9</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama sichaneke kakhulu malunga nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zichanekile kwaye umyalezo wakheke kakuhle -Isigama sichanekile -Ubukhulu becala akukho zimpazamo	<b>6–7</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama sihambelana nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kwakunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zibonakalisa iimposiso -Isigama siyanelisa -Iimpazamo zobhalo ezikhoyo aziyiphazamisi intsingiselo nomyalezo	<b>4–5</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, nesigama azingqamani nenjongo kwakunye nabantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zineemposiso ezininzi eziphazamisa umyalezo -Singongophele isigama -Kukho amagingxi-gingxi kwintsingiselo	<b>0–3</b> -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, nesigama azingqamani nenjongo, imeko kwakunye nabantu ekujoliswe kubo -Izele ziimpazamo ixazalala -Isigama asifanelananga nenjongo -Intsingiselo ilahleke kakhulu
<b>UMMANDLA WAMANQAKU</b>	<b>25–30</b>	<b>19–23</b>	<b>14–17</b>	<b>9–12</b>	<b>0–7</b>

**ISIHLOMELO C: IRUBRIKI YOKUHLOLA IMIHLATHI EMIFUTSHANE – ULWIMI LOKUQALA OLONGEZELELWEYO [20 AMANQAKU]**

<b>Ikhayitheriya</b>	<b>Balaseleyo</b>	<b>Enobuchule</b>	<b>Phakathi</b>	<b>Buthathaka</b>	<b>Bubhetyebhetye</b>
<b>UMXHOLO</b> <b>UKUCWANGCISA</b> <b>NEFOMATHI</b>  Impendulo nezimvo Ukubekelwa kwezimvo limpawu zetekisi/ umgaqo kunye nemeko  <b>12 AMANQAKU</b>	<b>10–12</b>  -Impendulo igqwesile ibonisa ukuqiqisiswa kwezimvo -Izimvo zihlakaniphile kwaye zivuthiwe -Luphangalele ulwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Umsebenzi ungqalile akukho kugqwidiza -Kubonakala ukunamathelana kwizimvo nomxholo -lingcamango zidakancwe ngobunono kwaye zonke iinkcukacha zixhasa isihloko -Ifomathi ifanelekile kwaye ichanekile	<b>8–9</b>  -Impendulo ibonakalisa ukuchaneka kanobom ulwazi olunzulu lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Ingqalile ayiphumi nasemxholweni -Izimvo zixonxwe zadakancwa ngokunamatheleneyo kumxholo nezimvo -Iinkcukacha zixhasa isihloko -Ifomathi ingqalile iindawana ezikhoyo ezingachanekanga aziyiphazamisi injongo yokubhala	<b>6–7</b>  -Impendulo iyanelisa ibonakalisa ulwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Izimvo azisoloko zisemxholweni kwaye kukho nokugqwidiza -Ukunamathelana kumxholo nezimvo kwenzeka ngokufanelekileyo -Ezinye iinkcukacha zixhasa isihloko -Ifomathi ingqalile kodwa zikho iindawana ezingachanekanga	<b>4–5</b>  -Kubonakala ubunzima malunga nolwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Zimbalwa izimvo ezisemxholweni kodwa kuninzi ukuphuma ecaleni -Kunqabile ukunamathelana komxholo nezimvo -Zimbalwa iinkcukacha ezixhasa isihloko -Imigaqo yefomathi ephambili ityeshelwe okanye isetyenziswe ngokungaqondi	<b>0–3</b>  -Impendulo ibonakalisa ukunqongophala kolwazi lweempawu zolu didi lwetekisi -Intsingiselo ilahleka rhoqo kukho Intsingiselo iduke kwisakhiwo esixazalala -Akukho ukunamathelana kumxholo nezimvo -Zimbalwa kakhulu iinkcukacha ezixhasa isihloko -Imigaqo eyimfuneko yobhalo lwale tekisi ityeshelwe
<b>ULWIMI, ISIMBO</b> <b>NOKUHLELA</b>  Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, nesigama singqamene nenjongo kunye nemeko Ukusetyenziswa kolwimi nemigaqo Ukhetho- magama limpawu zokubhala kunye nopelo  <b>8 AMANQAKU</b>	<b>7–8</b>  -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama zifanelene kakhulu nenjongo, abo kujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo -Phantse kube akukho nasinye isiphene	<b>5–6</b>  -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, nesigama sifanelene kakhulu nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zichanekile kwaye umyalezo wakheke kakuhle -Isigama sichanekile -Ubukhulu becala azikho iimpazamo	<b>4</b>  -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, isigama sifanelene nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kwakunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zibonakalisa iimposiso -Isigama siyanelisa -Iimpazamo zobhalo ezikhoyo aziyiphazamisi intsingiselo	<b>3</b>  -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, nesigama azifanelananga nenjongo, abantu ekujoliswe kubo kunye nemeko -Izakhi zezivakalisi zineemposiso ezininzi eziphazamisa umyalezo -Sinqongophele isigama -Kukho amagingxi-gingxi kwintsingiselo	<b>0–2</b>  -Ithoni, irejista, isimbo, nesigama azifanelananga nenjongo, imeko kwakunye nabantu ekujoliswe kubo -Izele ziimpazamo ixazalala iyadida -Isigama asihambelani nenjongo -Intsingiselo ilahlekile kakhulu
<b>UMMANDLA</b> <b>WAMANQAKU</b>	<b>17–20</b>	<b>13–15</b>	<b>10–11</b>	<b>7–8</b>	<b>0–5</b>