



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

**NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE  
NASIONALE  
SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT**

**GRADE/GRAAD 11**

**TECHNICAL SCIENCES: P2  
TEGNIESE WETENSKAPPE: V2**

**EXEMPLAR/MODEL 2017**

**MEMORANDUM**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 150**

**This memorandum consists of 9 pages.  
Hierdie memorandum bestaan uit 9 bladsye.**

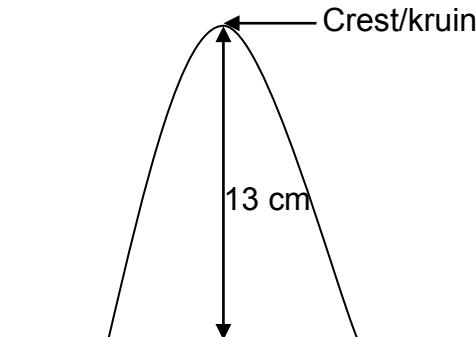
## QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1

- 1.1 C ✓✓ (2)  
 1.2 D ✓✓ (2)  
 1.3 C ✓✓ (2)  
 1.4 A ✓✓ (2)  
 1.5 A ✓✓ (2)  
 1.6 D ✓✓ (2)  
 1.7 B ✓✓ (2)  
 1.8 D ✓✓ (2)  
 1.9 D ✓✓ (2)  
 1.10 C ✓✓ (2)
- [20]**

## QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2

- 2.1.1 A single disturbance in a medium. ✓✓  
 'n Enkele versteuring in 'n medium (2)

2.1.2



Criteria for marking	
Crest labelled/kruin	✓
Correct magnitude for amplitude/regte Amplitude hoogte	✓

(2)

- 2.1.3 Superposition. ✓ The algebraic sum of the amplitudes of the waves that meet at the same point simultaneously. ✓✓

Superposisie. ✓ Die algebraïese som van die amplitudes van die golwe wanneer hulle by dieselfde punt ontmoet ✓✓

### OR/OF

Constructive interference. ✓ The superposition of the two waves which are in phase. ✓✓ Konstruktiewe interferensie. ✓ Die superposisie van twee golwe wat in fase is ✓✓

**NOTE:** Do not award a mark if only 'interference' is written.  
 Geen punte indien slegs 'interferensie' geskryf is nie.

(3)

- 2.1.4 In phase, ✓ the crest of one pulse meet the crest of another pulse. ✓✓  
*In fase ✓ die kruin van een puls ontmoet die kruin van 'n ander puls ✓✓* (3)
- 2.2.1 Maximum displacement of a particle from its rest (equilibrium) position. ✓✓  
*Maksimum verplasing van 'n deeltjie vanaf die rus of ewewig posisie. ✓✓* (2)
- 2.2.2 3 cm ✓✓ (2)
- 2.2.3 To the left. ✓✓  
*Na links ✓✓* (2)
- 2.2.4 The amplitude of pulse A will remain 5 cm (same amplitude as before interference)✓✓ and the direction will be to the right. ✓✓ (4)  
**[20]**

### QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3

- 3.1 2/two (complete waves) ✓  
*2/twee (voltooide golwe).* (1)
- 3.2 B & F✓✓  
 D & H  
 A & E  
 C & G
- NOTE:** Allocate 2 marks for any correct pair of points.  
*2 punte vir elke korrekte paar punte*
- (2)
- 3.3 B & D✓✓  
 A & C  
 F & H  
 D & E
- NOTE:** Allocate 2 marks for any correct combination of points out of phase.  
*2 punte vir elke kombinasie van punte wat uit fase is.*
- (2)
- 3.4  $6 \times 0,2 \checkmark = 1,2 \text{ s} \checkmark$  (2)
- 3.5.1 B – Crest ✓ *B- Kruin*  
 D – Trough ✓ *D- Trog* (2)
- 3.5.2 Rest position/Equilibrium ✓  
*Rusposisie/Ewewig* (1)
- 3.6.1  $\frac{4}{2} \checkmark = 2 \text{ cm} \checkmark$  (2)
- 3.6.2  $\frac{8}{2} \checkmark = 4 \text{ cm} \checkmark$  (2)

3.7

$$f = \frac{1}{T} \checkmark$$

$$f = \frac{1}{0,2} \checkmark$$

$$f = 5 \text{ Hz or } 5 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$v = f \lambda \checkmark$$

$$v = 5 \times 0,04 \checkmark$$

$$v = 0,2 \text{ m.s}^{-1} \checkmark$$

(5)  
[19]

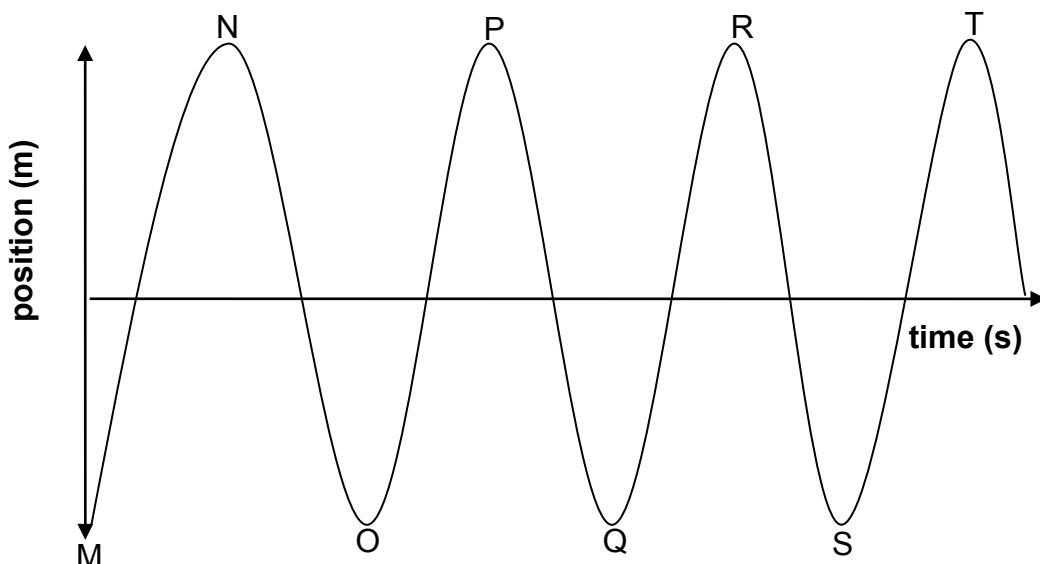
#### QUESTION 4/VRAAG 4

4.1.1 Longitudinal wave ✓

*Longitudinale golf*

(1)

4.1.2



Marking criteria	
Correct labelling of position on the y-axis and time on the x-axis	✓
Shape of the graph	✓
Correct positions of compressions N ,P , R, T	✓
Correct positions of rarefactions M, O, Q, S	✓

(4)

- 4.2.1 The reflection of a sound wave. ✓✓  
*Die weerkaatsing van 'n klank golf ✓✓*

(2)

4.2.2

<u>Option 1</u>	<u>Option 2</u>
$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$ ✓	$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$ ✓
$340 = \frac{\Delta x}{0,019}$ ✓	$340 = \frac{\Delta x}{0,0095}$ ✓✓
$\Delta x = 6,46 \text{ m}$ ✓	$\Delta x = 3,23 \text{ m}$ ✓
Distance of bat from object <i>Afstand van vlermuis vanaf voorwerp</i>	
$= \frac{6,46}{2} = 3,23 \text{ m}$ ✓	

(4)

- 4.3.1 It is a measure of how high or low a note is. ✓✓  
*Dit is hoe hoog of laag 'n noot (se waarde) is*

(2)

- 4.3.2 Sound C ✓

It has the largest amplitude. ✓✓

*Klank C* ✓

*dit het die grootste amplitude* ✓✓

(3)

- 4.3.3 Sound A ✓

It has the highest frequency. ✓✓

*Klank A* ✓

*dit het die hoogste frekwensie* ✓✓

(3)

- 4.4.1 To monitor/examine the heartbeat of a foetus. ✓

To detect invisible defects on materials e.g leaks, cracks, etc. ✓

To measure the rate of blood flow. ✓

Used in automatic door openers.

Pet scarer (ANY THREE)

*Om die fetus te monitor of die hartklop te monitor* ✓

*Om onsigbare defekte in materiale te ondersoek soos lekke, krake, ens* ✓

*Om die bloedvloei te meet* ✓

*In outomatiese deuroopmakers* ✓

*Huisdier verskrikker* ✓ (ENIGE DRIE )

(3)

- 4.4.2 It used to enforce compliance of nuclear test ban. ✓

It is used in anti-poaching strategies. ✓

It is used to predict/detect natural disasters like volcanic eruptions, tsunami, etc. (ANY TWO)

*Dit word gebruik om handhawing van atoomtoetse te monitor* ✓

*Dit word in strategieë teen diere-diefstal te gebruik* ✓

*Dit word gebruik om natuurrampe soos aardbewings, vulkaanuitbarstings, tsunami's te voorspel te bespeur* ✓ (ENIGE TWEE)

(2)

[24]

## QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5

- 5.1 The starter must put on ear muffs. ✓  
 The gun should be pointed upwards with the arm stretched above head. ✓  
*Die persoon wat die pistool vuur, moet oorbeskerming aanhê.*  
*Die pistool moet met uitgestrekte arm opwaarts gerig wees* (2)
- 5.2 To have a fair test. ✓      *Om 'n regverdigte toets te doen* ✓ (1)
- 5.3  $v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$  ✓  
 $v = \frac{250}{0,75}$  ✓  
 $v = 333,33 \text{ m.s}^{-1}$  ✓ (3)
- 5.4 No, ✓ according to  $v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$  ✓ when the distance doubles, the time taken for sound to travel to the listener will also double. ✓  
*Nee, ✓ volgens*  $v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$  ✓  
*wanneer die afstand verdubbel, sal die tyd vir klank na die luisteraar ook verdubbel* ✓
- OR**
- No, ✓ if the distance increases by a factor of two, then time will also increase by a factor of two ✓ so the speed will remain the same. ✓
- OF**
- Nee ✓, as die afstand met 'n faktor van twee verhoog, sal die tyd ook met 'n faktor van twee verhoog ✓, terwyl die spoed dieselfde bly ✓* (3)
- [9]

## QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6

- 6.1.1 A substance that absorbs energy (heat) from the source.  
*'n Stof wat energie (hitte) absorbeer vanaf die bron* ✓✓ (2)
- 6.1.2 Heat (petrol or diesel) engine ✓ and refrigerator/coolant. ✓  
 Accept: Electrical drill, hair dryer, lawn mower, etc. (ANY TWO)  
*Hitte (petrol of diesel) motor* ✓ en *verkoelingsmiddelle* ✓  
*Aanvaar: Elektriese boor, haardroer, grassnyer, ens.* (ENIGE TWEE) (2)
- 6.2 The amount of heat lost equals the amount of heat gained when no heat is lost. ✓✓  
*Die hoeveelheid hitte wat verlore gaan, is gelyk aan die hitte opgeneem wanneer daar geen hitte verlies is nie* ✓✓ (2)
- 6.3  $\Delta Q = \Delta U + \Delta W$  ✓  
 $450\ 000 = \Delta U + 275\ 000$  ✓  
 $\Delta U = 175\ 000 \text{ J}$  ✓      (**Accept:/Aanvaar:** 175 kJ) (3)
- [9]

## QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7

- 7.1 A closed system is a system which can exchange heat (energy) only, not matter, with the surrounding ✓✓ while an isolated system is a system which is not influenced by its surroundings (No exchange of heat or energy with the surroundings). ✓✓  
*'n Toe of geslotte sisteem kan slegs hitte (energie) uitruil, en nie materie, met die omgewing; ✓✓ terwyl 'n geïsoleerde sisteem nie beïnvloed word deur sy omgewing nie (geen uitruiling met die omgewing nie) ✓✓* (4)
- 7.2 Water✓, it has a high specific heat capacity. ✓✓  
*Water✓, dit het 'n hoë spesifieke hittekapasiteit (waarde)* ✓✓ (3)
- 7.3  $Q_{\text{lost}} \text{ by } 150 \text{ g of water} = Q_{\text{gained}} \text{ unknown mass of water}$  } ANY ONE  
 $(mc\Delta T)_{\text{lost}} \text{ by } 150 \text{ g of water} = (mc\Delta T)_{\text{gained}} \text{ unknown mass of water}$  } ✓ of these  
 $(0,15)(4200)(48) \checkmark = (m)(4200)(17)\checkmark$   
 $m = 0,4235 \text{ kg}\checkmark$  **(Accept:** 423,53 g) (4)
- 7.4.1 Avoid body contact with hot water **OR** do not spill hot water. ✓  
 Avoid skin contact with a hot copper mass piece. ✓  
*Vermy kontak met warm water OF moenie warm water mors nie.* ✓  
*Vermy kontak met die warm koper stukkie✓*
- Accept:** Other relevant safety precautions.  
**Aanvaar:** Enige ander veiligheidsmaatreëls
- (2)
- 7.4.2  $Q = mc\Delta T\checkmark$   
 $Q = (0,125)(4200)(3,63)\checkmark$   
 $Q = 1905,75 \text{ J}\checkmark$  **(ACCEPT 1,906 kJ).** (3)
- 7.4.3  $C = cm\checkmark$   
 $C = (400)(0,065)\checkmark$   
 $C = 26 \text{ J.K}^{-1}\checkmark$  (3)  
**[19]**

## QUESTION 8/VRAAG 8

- 8.1 Oxidising agent is a substance that undergoes reduction (gains electrons). ✓✓ *'n Oksideermiddel is 'n stof wat reduksie ondergaan (elektrone wen of optel)*  
 Reducing agent is a substance that undergoes oxidation (loses electrons). ✓✓ *'n Reduseermiddel is 'n stof wat oksidasie ondergaan (verloor elektrone)* (4)
- 8.2.1  $Mn + 2(-2) = 0\checkmark$   
 $Mn = +4\checkmark$  (2)
- 8.2.2  $2(+1) + 2Cr + 7(-2) = 0\checkmark$   
 $2Cr = +12$   
 $Cr = +6$  (2)

- 8.2.3  $N + 4(+1) = +1 \checkmark$   
 $N = -3 \checkmark$  (2)
- 8.3.1 Oxygen ion/ $O^{2-}$  (aq) is oxidised  $\checkmark \checkmark$   
*Suurstof foon/O<sup>2-</sup> (aq) word geoksideer*  $\checkmark \checkmark$  (2)
- 8.3.2 Magnesium ion/ $Mg^{2+}$  (aq) is reduced  $\checkmark \checkmark$   
*Magnesium ion /Mg<sup>2+</sup>(aq) word gereduseer*  $\checkmark \checkmark$  (2)
- 8.4.1 The decomposition of a substance when an electric current is passed through it.  $\checkmark \checkmark$   
*Die dekomposisie van 'n stof wanneer 'n elektriese stroom daardeur gestuur word* (2)
- 8.4.2 They are inert/non-reactive.  $\checkmark \checkmark$   
*Hulle is onreaktief of edel* (2)
- 8.4.3 Electrode P/Elektrode P  
 Bubbles are formed around the electrode.  $\checkmark \checkmark$   
*Borrels vorm rondom die elektrode*
- Electrode Q/Elektrode Q  
 Copper will be deposited on the electrode. OR metallic brown deposits  $\checkmark \checkmark$   
*'n Koperneerslag vorm by die elektrode OF 'n metaalbruin neerslag vorm* (4)
- 8.4.4 P is the anode  $\checkmark$  and Q is the cathode.  $\checkmark$   
*P is die anode  $\checkmark$  en Q is die katode  $\checkmark$*  (2)
- 8.4.5  $Cu^{2+} (aq) + 2e^- \checkmark \rightarrow Cu \checkmark$
- NOTE:** If oxidation half-reaction is written 0/2  
*As oksidasie-halfreaksie geskryf word 0/2*
- 8.4.6  $2Cl^- (aq) \checkmark \rightarrow Cl_2 + 2e^- \checkmark$
- NOTE:** If reduction half-reaction is written 0/2  
*As reduksie-halfreaksie geskryf word 0/2*
- 8.4.7 Electroplating  $\checkmark$  Elektroplatering  
 Purification/Extraction of metals  $\checkmark$  Suiwering/ekstraksie van metale  
 Preparation of chemicals/Bereiding van chemikalieë (ANY TWO/ENIGE TWEE) (2)  
**[30]**

**TOTAL/TOTAAL:** 150