



Isalathiso: 20200116-3138
Inombolo yefayili: 12/2/8/13
Imibuzo: TE Sikiti

INGcaciso eMfutshane yeCandelo leKharityhulam yeFET: 0002/2020

Iya: KumaSekela-Balawuli-Jikelele; kuBalawuli abaziiNtloko; kuBalawuli; kwiiNgcali zeMfundo eziziiNtloko; kwiiNtloko zoKunika iNkxaso kwiKharityhulam; kuBaphathi beeSekethe, kwiiNtloko zoLawulo noKuphathwa kwamaZiko, kumaSekela eeNgcali zeMfundo eziziiNtloko, kuBaqquzeleli boVavanyo neeMviwo, kuBacebisi beZifundo i-Economics, i-Accounting, i-Mathematics ne-Life Orientation nakwiiNqununu zezikolo ezifundisa amaBakala 10 ukuya ku-12

Isihloko: Ukhuphiswano lokubhala isincoko i-Western Cape Essay Writing Bursary Competition olwenzelwa abafundi beBakala 11 abenza i-Economics, i-Accounting neMathematics (ngo-2020/21)

1. I-Ofisi kaNondyebo wePhondo leNtshona Koloni (*Western Cape Provincial Treasury*), isebenzisana no-Nedbank kunye neSebe leMfundo leNtshona Koloni (*WCED*), icela izikolo ukuba zingenele ukhuphiswano lokubhala isincoko, olubizwa i-*Western Cape Essay Writing Bursary Competition* lwango-2020/2021.
2. Olu khuphiswano lunika abafundi beBakala 11 eNtshona Koloni, abenza izifundo ezidibanisa i-Economics, i-Mathematics ne-Accounting, ithuba lokufumana iibhasari nezinye izipho eziyinkuthazo (*incentives*) zokuba baqhubele phambili ngezifundo zabo kula macandelo ezifundo eyunivesithi.
3. Iya kuba ziibhasari ezilishumi elinesihlanu (15) ezona zininzi, kwakunye nebhaso lemali eyinkxaso yezemali ngethuba lonyaka wabo weBakala 12, eziya kunikwa abafundi abanenjongo yokufumana isidanga kwi-Economics (umz. *B.Com (Economics)*), kwi-Accounting (umz. *B.Acc, B.Compt*), kwi-Commerce (umz. *B.Bus.Sc*) okanye kwi-Mathematics kwiyunivesithi elapha eNtshona Koloni.
4. Iibhasari zezabafundi beBakala 11 abaye bagqwesa (ngo-60% elona nqanaba lokupasa lisezantsi) ubuncinane kwezi zifundo zibini kwezi, i-Economics, i-Mathematics ne-Accounting nabakufaneleyo ukungena eyunivesithi ngo-2021. Abangenela ukhuphiswano mababe ngabemi baseMzantsi Afrika, abahlala eNtshona Koloni, abanobuchule bokuthetha nokubhala isiNgesi.

5. Amabhaso ootitshala babafundi abaphumeleleyo:
 - Ibhaso eliyimali elinikwa utitshala ngamnye wabafundi abangenele ukhuphiswano baza baphumelela kwindawo yokuqala, kweyesibini, nakweyesithathu
 - Amabhaso ayimali anikwa ootitshala babafundi ngabafundi babo abathe banikwa ibhasari.

6. Kuya kucelwa iinqununu zezikolo zinike amagama ootitshala abachaphazelekayo.

7. Injongo yolu khuphiswano lwebhasari:
 - kukukhuthaza umdla kwi-*Economics*, kwi-*Mathematics* nakwi-*Accounting* namathuba amakhondo emisebenzi anokuthi abekho kula macandelo;
 - kukuphuhlisa ulwazi nezakhono kwi-*Economics*, kwi-*Mathematics* nakwi-*Accounting*;
 - kukuphuhlisa izakhono zokukwazi ukusombulula iingxaki nokukwazi ukucazulula idatha;
 - kukunika abafundi amathuba okufumana ulwazi ngeendlela zokwenza uphando (*research methodology*) nezakhono zokubhala izincoko;
 - kukunika abafundi amathuba okukwazi ukufikelela kwilizwe lempangelo nokukwazi ukuqhagamshelana nalo;
 - kukwenza abantu babe nolwazi ngemiba yezentlalo noqoqosho eMzantsi Afrika.
 - nokuphuhlisa iinkokeli zangomso kumacandelo ezifundo ze-*Economics*, ze-*Mathematics* neze-*Accounting*; kunye
 - nokukhuthaza nokuwonga umsebenzi ogqwesileyo.

8. Ixesha elisikelwe olu khuphiswano lokuzusa ibhasari liqala ngoFebruwari 2020 ukuya kutsho ngoFebruwari 2021.

9. Kucelwa ufunde la maxwebhu alandelayo aqhotyoshelweyo:
 - Isihloko A: Ingcaciso ebalulekileyo eyongezelelweyo
 - Isihloko B: Isihloko sesincoko (esinikwe kuphela ngesiNgesi) nerubriki yokusimakisha.
 - Isihloko C: Ifom yokungenela
 - Isihloko D: Imanyuwali yokubhalwa kwesincoko

10. Kufuneka izikolo zikhethe abafundi abaqhuba kakuhle kwizifundo zabo ukuba bathathe inxaxheba kolu khuphiswano. Baya kucelwa ukuba babhale isincoko esinamagama amalunga nayi-2 200. Abanye abafundi beBakala 11 beklasi ye-*Economics* banokubhala isincoko kwangesi sihloko sinye esinamagama ayi-600 awona maninzi naya kubala njengenxalenye yeprojekthi yophando yoVavanyo lwe-*School-Based Assessment*.

11. Ikomiti yootitshala esikolweni iya kusebenzisa irubriki yovavanyo enikiweyo ukukhetha abafundi ababini abagqwesileyo abayizalisekayo eyona mfuno isezantsi imiselweyo engu-60% (isincoko neenkcazo-ntetho zomlomo (*oral presentations*) zidibene)) ukuze bakwazi ukudlulela kumjikelo olandelayo wolu khuphiswano. Izincoko neemakhishithi

zabo bafundi **bagqwesileyo babini**, mazingeniswe kwi-ofisi yesithili ukwenzela uvavanyo lwesigaba 2 (kwinqanaba lesithili) ungalulanga owe-11 Septemba 2020.

12. Iphaneli yovavanyo kwisithili ngasinye iya kuvavanya izincoko ezifanelekileyo ezivela kwizikolo ize ikhethe abagqwesileyo bokugqibela. Izincoko ezilishumi ezigqwesileyo kwisithili ngasinye ziya kukhethwa yile phaneli zize zithunyelwe kwinqanaba lokugqibela (inqanaba lephondo) ungalulanga owe-23 Septemba 2020.
13. Ezona zincoko zigqwesileyo kwezo zelo nani lingenisweyo, ziya kukhethwa yiphaneli ekhethe abagqwesileyo bokugqibela neya kwenziwa ngabameli bakwaNedbank, abe-Ofisi kaNondyabo wePhondo leNtshona Koloni nabeSebe iWCED.
14. Abagqwesileyo bokugqibela, baya kucelwa ukuba beze kukhetho lokugqibela eKapa ngoMatshi/Apreli 2021 ngoLwesihlanu emva kwemini nangentsasa yangoMgqibelo. Baya kucelwa ukuba benze inkcazo-ntetho yomlomo (*oral presentation*) ngeziphumo zophando lwabo nokuba baphendule imibuzo eya kubuzwa yiphaneli yokhetho. Ootitshala be-Economics babo bagqwesileyo bokugqibela, baya kucelwa ukuba bahambe kunye nabo. Amalungu ephaneli yesithili semfundo aya kucelwa ukuba aye kwitheko lamabhaso ngokuhlwa kwangoMgqibelo.
15. Imibuzo malunga nokubhalwa nokumakishwa kwesincoko, mayibhekiswe ngqo kubacebisi bezifundo be-Economics kwizithili zemfundo.
16. Kucelwa iinqununu zazise okukule ngcaciso imfutshane bonke ootitshala beBakala 11 bezifundo ze-Economics, Mathematics, Accounting, English ne-Life Orientation ukuze bakuthathele ingqalelo.

ISAYINWE: NGU-PAD BEETS

USEKELA MLAWULI-JIKELELE WOLAWULO LWEKHARITYHULAM NOVAVANYO

UMHLA: 2020-01-31

Ingcaciso ebalulekileyo eyongezelelweyo

1. Ingcaciso ngeemfuno ezingummiselo zokungenela ukhuphiswano:
 - Zonke izincoko mazingeniswe zibhalwe ngesiNgesi yaye zitayitshwe.
 - Isihloko sesincoko masivele kwikhasi lokuqala lesincoko.
 - Inani lamagama akwisincoko malibhalwe nalo kwikhasi lokuqala.
 - Onke amaphepha makabhalwe iinombolo.
 - Igama lomfundi negama lesikolo malivele kula makhasi esincoko.
 - Isincoko, kungadityaniswa bhibliyografi, masibe namagama aphakathi ko-2 200 no-2 500.

2. Inkcazo-ntetho yomlomo iyinxenye yala manqaku okhuphiswano lunonke yaye mayenziwe ngesiNgesi esikolweni nangethuba lokugweba lokugqibela.

3. **La maxwebhu alandelayo makahambe nefom yokungenela nganye:**
- 3.1 Ifom yokungenela ukhuphiswano ezalisiweyo.
- 3.2 Isincoko esimakishiweyo nerubriki yovavanyo ezalisiweyo.
- 3.3 Ikopi engqiniweyo yesazisi saseMzantsi Afrika okanye isatifikethi sokuzalwa salowo ungenele ukhuphiswano.
- 3.4 Ikopi engqiniweyo yeziphumo zezifundo zeBakala 10 zalowo ungenele ukhuphiswano neziphumo zezifundo zangoJuni zeBakala 11.
- 3.5 Ingxelo eyazisa ukuthembeka kwengcaciso (*declaration of authenticity*).
- 3.6 Ubungqina bengeniso yabazali idityanisiwe (*combined income of parents*).

4. **Amaxesha abekiweyo okhuphiswano:**
- 4.1 Umhla wokugqibela wokungeniswa kwezincoko kumququzeleli wesikolo: ngowe-21 Agasti 2020.
- 4.2 Inkqubo yokugweba ezikolweni: 24 Agasti ukuya kwi-07 Septemba 2020.
- 4.3 Ukungeniswa kwezincoko kwi-ofisi yesithili: ungalulanga owe-11 Septemba 2020.
Mayibhalwe ngolu hlobo imvulophu:
For attention: Economics Subject Adviser
(Nedbank-Treasury-WCED Bursary Competition)
- 4.4 Ukugweba kwinqanaba lesithili makugqitywe yiphaneli etyunjiweyo ngo-Septemba 2021

4.5 Ezona zincoko zigqwesileyo zilishumi kwisithili ngasinye mazingeniswe kwi-Deputy Chief Education Specialist (DCES): Economics kwaNdlunkulu weSebe iWCED ungadlulanga umhla we-23 Septemba 2020.

4.6 Abafike kumjikelo wokugqibela baya kukhethwa yiphaneli ngoFebruwari 2021.

4.7 Abafike kumjikelo wokugqibela baya kwenza udliwano-ndlebe yaye kwaziswe amagama abaphumeleleyo emva kwemini ngoLwesihlanu nangoMgqibelo ngoMatshi/Apreli 2021.

5. **Ingcaciso ngenkqubo yokugweba**

5.1 likhrayitheriya eziphambili

5.1.1 Okona kugxininiswayo kolu khuphiswano kukutshatshela kwizifundo nakwiziphiwo zomfundi ngamnye.

5.1.2 Kuya kujongwa kwizincoko ukuqaqamba kwesakhono sobuchule (*merit*) somfundi ubukhulu becala.

5.1.3 Izincoko eziqaqambe ngokulinganayo ziya kuvavanywa kwakhona, kusetyenziswa ezi khrayitheriya zilandelayo:

- Iziphumo zezifundo (iziphumo zeBakala 10 neziphumo zikaJuni zeBakala 11).
- Iimfuno zemali zomfundi, zisekelwe kwingeniso yekhaya yabazali okanye yabagcini bomfundi (*guardians*).
- Ukhubazeko (luya kuqwalaselwa ukunika amathuba alinganayo)
- Ukuthatha inxaxheba komfundi kwezoluntu nokuzinikela ekusombululeni iingxaki zentlalo nezozoqosho zeli lizwe.

5.2 likhrayitheriya ezongezelelweyo

Iphaneli yabagwebi kumjikelo wokugqibela iya kuqhuba udliwano-ndlebe nabafikelele kumjikelo wokugqibela wokukhetha abaphumeleleyo. Iphaneli iya kuvavanya umfundi ngamnye ngokwezi khrayitheriya zilandelayo:

5.2.1 Ubukrelekrele bengqondo.

5.2.2 Ubuchule bokucwangcisa nokuqhuba ingxoxo ecingisisiweyo.

5.2.3 Ulwazi nokuqonda imiba eqhubeka njengangoku kwezentlalo nezozoqosho.

6. **Ingcaciso ngokubanzi**

6.1 Kuya kukhethwa abafundi abayi-28, abona baninzi, njengabokugqibela (*finalists*).

6.2 Bonke abagqwesileyo bokugqibela baya kuba ziindwendwe zikaRhulumente wePhondo leNtshona Koloni noNedbank, nekuya kulindeleka baye kuwo onke amatheko alungiselwe oku.

- 6.3 Zonke iindleko zokukhwela nezendawo yokulala ziya kuhlawulelwa abagqwesileyo bokugqibela nootitshala okanye iimpelesi zabo (*chaperones*) abo bahlala kumgama ongaphezu kwe-250 km ukusuka eKapa. Kuphela ziindleko zothutho eziya kuhlawulelwa abokugqibela nootitshala okanye iimpelesi zabo abo bahlala kumgama ongekho ngaphezu kwe-250 km ukusuka eKapa.
- 6.4 Kuya kulindeleka ootitshala okanye iimpelesi zibakhaphe abafundi bazo yaye zibe ngabacebisi (*mentors*) babo.

Research Project Topic for Grade 11 Programme of Assessment (2020)

- This research task should be done by all learners (600 words).

OR

- May be submitted for the 2020/2021 Nedbank-Treasury-WCED Essay Writing Bursary Competition (2 200 words) by promising learners (maximum two per school). The latter essay, however, may only be submitted in English.

Scenario:

The national minimum wage of R20 per hour came into effect from 01 January 2019. This minimum wage was announced by President Cyril Ramaphosa at a ceremony in Kliptown, Soweto. The location was chosen because the Freedom Charter was adopted in Kliptown in 1955 and it called for a minimum wage.

Ramaphosa signed four bills into law in late November 2018 to give effect to a R3 500 monthly national minimum wage for most categories of workers, but he did not announce the commencement date. The ceremonial event was attended by representatives of business, organised labour and community groups.

The legislation determined a R20 compulsory hourly rate, planned to be phased in at R18 an hour for farmworkers and R15 an hour for domestic workers.

The purpose of the National Minimum Wage Act, 2019 (Act 9 of 2018) is to advance economic development and social justice by:

- improving the wages of lowest paid workers;
- protecting workers from unreasonably low wages;
- preserving the value of the national minimum wage;
- promoting collective bargaining;
- supporting economic policy; and
- reducing wage inequality.

Essay task:

1. **Critically examine** the abovementioned scenario with reference to the recently promulgated **National Minimum Wage Act** policy by:
 - **defining** what this national minimum wage means through analysing its **implications** for the economy;
 - analysing the various **views** as expressed by different political opposition parties and labour experts (including economists) who argue for or against its promulgation; and

- suggesting alternative **recommendations** as a way of increasing demand for labour which will drive economic growth and development especially if the argument is against the promulgation of the Act.

Note to subject teachers:

Learners should be guided to make use of the information provided in the following Economics content when compiling their essays:

Grade: 11

Term 1	Topic 1:	Basic concepts; Population and labour force
	Topic 2:	Circular flow
	Topic 3:	Economic systems: a mixed economic system
	Topic 4:	Basic economic problems, business cycles and public sector: economic structure
Term 2	Topic 1:	Dynamics of markets: Price elasticity
	Topic 2:	Dynamics of markets: Relationship between markets
	Topic 4:	Economic growth and development: Economic growth
Term 3	Topic 1:	Economic growth and development: Economic development
	Topic 2:	Economic issues of the day: poverty – an analysis and investigation
	Topic 4:	Economic growth and development: South Africa's economic importance in Africa
Term 4	Topic 1:	Globalisation

To take into account:

- It is essential that the research essay is well researched and well structured.
- The essay should consist of a minimum of 2 200 words and conform to the required or suggested layout.
- Reference can be made to the Western Cape Education Department Economics curriculum website and Western Cape Provincial Treasury for guidelines on writing a good essay (essay writing tips) and study the *Nedbank Information Booklet*.

In addition, at the onset of the task, participating learners should also be provided with the marking guideline (a marking rubric) for adjudication of essays and oral presentations, which provides the detailed criteria and performance levels to be adhered to.

Additional recommended **resources for more information on the national minimum wage in South Africa:**

- "Minimum wage a 'powerful demonstration' of resolve to tackle poverty, says Ramaphosa"
- "Bills, bills, bills: 7 draft laws for industry to watch in 2019"

- "Ramaphosa: 'Historic' minimum wage to come into effect on January 1, 2019"
- "Ramaphosa to announce effective date for minimum wage in Kiptown in nod to Freedom Charter"
- "National Minimum Wage a step towards reducing inequality - Presidency"
- "Trade unions welcome 'imminent' signing of National Minimum Wage into law"
- The website, [fin24](#), has everything about the national minimum wage

NEDBANK/PROVINCIAL TREASURY/WCED ECONOMICS GRADE 11 ESSAY WRITING COMPETITION 2020/21

LEARNER ESSAY AND ORAL PRESENTATION

This rubric is used to assess the learner’s final product, namely:

- the research process;
- technical aspects (the framework);
- the content; and
- how the project is communicated (oral).

Scores in the marking rubric are converted to numerical values to award marks for the project.

ESSAY

RATING SCALE → CRITERIA ↓	1 = Not achieved 0–20%	2 = Partially achieved 21–39%	3 = Achieved 41–59%	4 = Achieved at a very good level 60–79%	5 = Outstanding/Excellent achievement 80–100%	Mark awarded (%)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical aspects (framework) ▫ Title page ▫ Table of contents ▫ Introduction ▫ Contents ▫ Conclusions ▫ Recommendations ▫ Sources ▫ Min 2 200 words, max 2 500 	<p>Has not met the technical requirements at all.</p> <p>Written presentation lacking in many aspects.</p> <p>Lacking detail evident in most aspects.</p>	<p>Partially meets some of the technical requirements.</p> <p>Not all criteria met – not enough detail evident in some aspects.</p>	<p>Meets the technical requirements.</p> <p>Neat appearance of project with adequate attention to detail in most aspects evident.</p>	<p>Project is attractive and meets all requirements very well.</p> <p>Very good attention to detail regarding all aspects is evident.</p>	<p>Exceeds all the technical requirements and has submitted an outstanding piece of work with supporting graphics (charts, pictures, photographs, diagrams and tables).</p>	<p>[] /100</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Research process <p>There is clear evidence that a thorough background study was done and that existing aspects which address the topic have been examined, using appropriate methods to conduct research (e.g. conducting interviews/recording own observations and taking photos/researching a variety of literature on the topic, etc.).</p>	<p>Displays little or no skill in data collection.</p> <p>Very little (only one or two) or no evidence of resources consulted.</p>	<p>Displays some skill in data collection.</p> <p>Some evidence of only a few resources consulted.</p>	<p>Shows knowledge of and displays skill in data collection.</p> <p>Acceptable evidence of a range of resources consulted.</p>	<p>Shows very good knowledge of and displays skill in data collection.</p> <p>Good evidence of very good range of resources consulted.</p>	<p>Shows outstanding knowledge of and displays excellent skill in data collection.</p> <p>Excellent evidence of extremely wide range of resources consulted.</p>	<p>[] /100</p>
	<p>Displays little or no skill in: Recording and organising data, e.g. tables and graphs.</p>	<p>Displays some skill in: Recording and organising data, e.g. tables and graphs.</p>	<p>Shows knowledge of and displays skill in: Recording and organising data, e.g. tables and graphs.</p>	<p>Shows very good knowledge of and displays skill in: Recording and organising data, e.g. tables and graphs.</p>	<p>Shows outstanding knowledge of and displays excellent skill in: Recording and organising data, e.g. tables and graphs.</p>	<p>[] /100</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Introduction 	<p>Introduction not relevant to topic at all – no interest roused.</p>	<p>Introduction has some relevance to topic – very little interest is roused on what is to follow.</p>	<p>Introduction relevant and sufficient to introduce essay in most aspects – some interested roused.</p>	<p>Very good introduction, sufficient both in length and coverage of all aspects to be addressed – rouses interest on what is to follow.</p>	<p>Introduction provides all parameters of research topic in an exciting way – reader inquisitive and interested in what is to follow.</p>	<p>[] /100</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Body <p>Critically examine the abovementioned scenario with reference to the <u>South African</u></p>	<p>Shows no or limited understanding of the topic.</p>	<p>Has some idea of the topic. Not convinced that the scenario was</p>	<p>Shows a good understanding of the topic.</p>	<p>Shows a very good understanding of the topic.</p>	<p>Shows an excellent understanding of the topic. The national minimum wage scenario was</p>	<p>Mark [] X2</p>

<p><u>national minimum wage</u> scenario</p>		<p>fully understood and satisfactorily analysed.</p>	<p>Shows that political views in South Africa were examined well and discussed in some detail.</p>	<p>Evident that the national minimum wage scenario was well understood, and critically analysed.</p>	<p>excellently unpacked with clear analysis of the implications excellently discussed.</p>	<p>[] /200</p>
<p>• Content Body</p> <p>Define the meaning behind the introduction and promulgation into law of this national minimum wage by outlining its full implications.</p>	<p>Shows no or limited understanding of this aspect.</p>	<p>Has <u>some idea</u> of this aspect. Not convinced that the meaning behind the national minimum wage and its implications are fully and well understood. Discussion not convincing at all.</p>	<p>Shows a <u>good understanding</u> of this aspect. Evident that the meaning and implications of the national minimum wage were discussed in some detail.</p>	<p>Shows a <u>very good understanding</u> of this aspect. Evident that the meaning and implications of national minimum wage were discussed in greater detail.</p>	<p>Shows an <u>excellent understanding</u> of this aspect. Clear evidence that the meaning and implications of the national minimum wage were analysed and discussed extensively.</p>	<p>Mark [] X2 [] /200</p>
<p>Critically examine the national minimum wage by outlining various perspectives by different major political parties as negative consequences of this law.</p>	<p><u>Not able to outline various perspectives</u> by major political opposition parties on how the introduction of the national minimum wage will either impede or accelerate economic growth and development in South Africa.</p>	<p>Very <u>limited outline of perspectives</u> by various opposition political parties suggesting hindrances behind the implementation of this policy.</p>	<p>A <u>good outline and display of perspectives</u> by various political parties (opposition) suggesting how this policy will either stifle or propel economic growth and development in South Africa.</p>	<p>A <u>very good outline and display of perspectives</u> by various political parties (opposition) suggesting how this policy will either stifle or propel economic growth and development in South Africa.</p>	<p>An <u>excellent outline and display of perspectives</u> by various political parties (opposition) suggesting how this policy will either stifle or propel economic growth and development in South Africa.</p>	<p>Mark [] X2 [] /200</p>

<p>• Content Body</p> <p>Suggest reasons and economic advice (recommendations) to the ruling majority party (the ANC) on how this policy decision would impact on the economy generally.</p>	<p><u>Not able to make practical recommendations</u> and suggestions to the ruling party (ANC) as a way of ensuring that economic transformation in South Africa is realised. Conclusion not related to research done or content in question.</p>	<p><u>Very little critical thinking displayed</u> – an inability to make practical recommendations and suggestions to the ruling party (ANC), suggesting impractical, unsound and unjustified strategies.</p>	<p><u>Good critical thinking displayed</u> – an ability to make <u>practical recommendations and suggestions</u> to the ruling party (ANC), suggesting practical, sound and justified strategies which are meant to ensure that economic growth and development are not compromised.</p>	<p><u>Very good critical thinking displayed</u> – an ability to make very good <u>practical recommendations and suggestions</u> to the ruling party (ANC), suggesting practical, sound and justified strategies which are meant to ensure that economic growth and development are not compromised.</p>	<p><u>Excellent critical thinking displayed</u> – a creative ability to make excellent practical <u>recommendations and suggestions</u> to the ruling party (ANC), suggesting very practical, sound and justified strategies which are meant to ensure that economic growth and development are not compromised.</p>	<p>Mark [] X2 [] /200</p>
<p>• Final conclusion</p>	<p><u>Conclusion is academically and economically weak</u> – not related to research done or content. <u>No valid conclusions</u> regarding how SA citizens and other stakeholders will be affected by the decision to promulgate the national minimum wage policy.</p>	<p><u>Conclusion is not satisfactory</u> – <u>does not</u> portray sound research done. Most conclusions are not valid or practical regarding how SA citizens and other stakeholders will be affected by the promulgation of the national minimum wage policy.</p>	<p><u>Good conclusion</u>, however it <u>does not</u> encapsulate good research, findings and recommendations done on this topic of national minimum wage policy promulgation by the South African government.</p>	<p><u>Very good conclusion</u> – encapsulates very <u>effective</u> scientific research, findings and recommendations regarding the national minimum wage by the South African government.</p>	<p><u>Impressive conclusion</u> – encapsulates <u>valid and relevant</u> research, findings and recommendations regarding the national minimum wage policy as enforced by the South African government.</p>	<p>Mark [] X2 [] /200</p>
<p>• References/sources</p>	<p><u>Extremely few sources</u> listed in an</p>	<p><u>Only a few sources</u> listed with quite a</p>	<p><u>Acceptable list of sources</u> listed with a</p>	<p><u>Very good list of sources</u> listed in correct format</p>	<p><u>Impressive list of sources</u> listed perfectly in correct</p>	

	unacceptable, disorganised way.	number of errors in referencing protocol.	number of errors in referencing protocol.	with only a very few errors in referencing protocol.	format in accordance with accepted referencing protocol.	[] /100
TOTAL (Important: Out of 1 500 and divided by 15)						[]/100

ORAL PRESENTATION (compulsory for learners participating in the Nedbank Bursary Competition)

RATING SCALE → CRITERIA ↓	1 = Not achieved 0-20%	2 = Partially achieved 21-39%	3 = Achieved 41-59%	4 = Achieved at a very good level 60-79%	5 = Outstanding / Excellent achievement 80-100%	Mark awarded (%)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oral presentation <p>Self-confidence and intellectual sparkle.</p> <p>Contact with audience.</p>	<p>Total lack of confidence. Learner often hesitates – loses train of thought.</p> <p>Does not manage to interest audience at all.</p>	<p>Learner lacks self-confidence.</p> <p>Does not manage to raise audience interest in presentation.</p>	<p>Fairly confident presentation.</p> <p>Just manages to get audience interested in presentation.</p>	<p>Enthusiastic, confident presentation.</p> <p>Obtains good level of contact with audience – raises very good audience interest in presentation.</p>	<p>Radiates self-confidence, enthusiasm and academic sparkle.</p> <p>Holds audience in palm of their hand.</p>	/100
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding and knowledge of topic 	Demonstrates almost total lack of insight into the topic.	Demonstrates a lack of insight into the topic.	Illustrates some insight into the topic.	Illustrates good insight into the topic.	Illustrates excellent insight, perspective into the topic.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Body 	<p>Shows no or limited understanding of the topic.</p> <p>No articulation of economic and political views in South Africa.</p>	<p>Has some idea of the topic. Not convinced that the decision to promulgate the national minimum wage policy in South Africa was critically examined satisfactorily. The discussion is not convincing at all.</p>	<p>Shows a <u>relatively good</u> understanding of the topic.</p> <p>Shows that all the views (political and economic) in South Africa were well examined and assessed in some detail.</p>	<p>Shows a very <u>good</u> <u>understanding</u> of the topic.</p> <p>Evident that all the views (political and economic) in South Africa were well examined and assessed in greater detail.</p>	<p>Shows an <u>excellent</u> <u>understanding</u> of the topic.</p> <p>Clear evidence that all the views (political and economic) in South Africa were excellently examined and assessed in some detail.</p>	/100

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Body 	Shows no or limited understanding of this aspect.	Has <u>some idea</u> of this aspect. Not convinced that the reasons cited for its promulgation in the South African economic landscape were satisfactorily discussed. Therefore, the discussion is not convincing at all.	Shows a <u>relatively good</u> understanding of this aspect. A relatively good analysis of the reasons for its promulgation was explored in <u>some detail</u> .	Shows a <u>very good</u> understanding of this aspect. A very good analysis of the reasons for its promulgation was well articulated, discussed and <u>well explored</u> .	Shows an <u>excellent</u> understanding of this aspect. Evidently, the reasons for its promulgation were well articulated, discussed and <u>excellently explored</u> .	/100
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Body <p>Outline <u>various perspectives</u> (points of view) by different major opposition political parties, cited as hindrances behind the promulgation of the national minimum wage policy.</p>	<u>Not able to make practical recommendations</u> to government and suggest creative, practical and economic strategies.	<u>Very limited outline of perspectives</u> by various opposition political parties suggesting difficulties with the implementation of this policy.	A good outline and display of perspectives by various opposition political parties suggesting difficulties with the implementation of this policy. <u>Good practical and economic recommendations</u> that will ensure the acceleration of economic policies for positive economic growth and development.	<u>Very good</u> critical thinking displayed – ability to make very good, practical and economically sound recommendations to government. <u>Very good practical recommendations</u> that will ensure and improve the SA labour environment and therefore promote economic growth and development.	Excellent critical thinking displayed – creative ability to make excellent practical recommendations and economically sound suggestions to the ruling party, the ANC.	/100

<p>• Content Body</p> <p>Make <u>practical and feasible</u> recommendations to the <u>SA government and the private sector</u> to accelerate the implementation of the national minimum wage without compromising economic growth and development.</p>	<p><u>Not able to make practical and feasible recommendations</u> to government and the business sector.</p> <p>Creative and practical strategies, which will ensure that the national minimum wage is implemented without compromising economic growth and development are lacking.</p>	<p><u>Very little critical thinking displayed</u> – ability to make practical and feasible recommendations to government and the business sector is rather limited. Lack of ability to suggest creative and practical strategies, which will ensure that the national minimum wage is implemented without compromising economic growth and development.</p>	<p><u>Good critical thinking displayed</u> – ability to make practical recommendations to government and the business sector suggests creative and practical strategies, which are sound and justified.</p> <p>These strategies will ensure that the national minimum wage is implemented without compromising economic growth and development.</p>	<p><u>Very good critical thinking displayed</u> – a good ability to make practical recommendations to government and the business sector suggests creative and practical strategies, which are sound and justified.</p> <p>These strategies will ensure that the national minimum wage is implemented without compromising economic growth and development.</p>	<p><u>Excellent critical thinking displayed</u> – creative ability to make practical recommendations to government and the business sector suggests creative and practical strategies, which are sound and justified.</p> <p>These strategies will ensure that the national minimum wage is implemented without compromising economic growth and development.</p>	<p>/100</p>
<p>• Final conclusion</p>	<p>No final conclusion or completely unjustified conclusion made.</p>	<p>Final conclusion not completely justified and with deficiencies.</p>	<p>Generally sound final conclusion.</p>	<p>Very sound final conclusion.</p>	<p>Creative, convincing conclusion.</p>	<p>/100</p>
<p>• Ability to formulate and express rational arguments, use of Economics and Mathematics-related terminology</p>	<p>Total lack of ability to formulate and express rational arguments – audience not convinced by presentation.</p>	<p>Lacking ability to formulate and express rational arguments – audience not convinced by presentation.</p>	<p>Demonstrates some ability to formulate and express rational arguments – audience not totally convinced by presentation.</p>	<p>Demonstrates good ability to formulate and express rational arguments – audience convinced by presentation.</p>	<p>Demonstrates excellent ability to formulate and express rational arguments – audience totally convinced by presentation.</p>	

	Use of Economics terminology very poor.	Use of Economics terminology lacking.	Fair use of Economics terminology.	Good use of Economics terminology.	Excellent use of Economics terminology.	
	Very poor demonstration of Mathematics-related terminology and information, e.g. tables graphs, statistics.	Lacking demonstration of Mathematics-related terminology and information, e.g. tables graphs, statistics.	Fair demonstration of Mathematics-related terminology and information, e.g. tables graphs, statistics.	Good demonstration of Mathematics-related terminology and information, e.g. tables graphs, statistics.	Excellent demonstration of Mathematics-related terminology and information, e.g. tables, graphs, statistics.	/100
• Use of media	Unfamiliar with use of media. Presentation riddled with errors. Very little care taken.	Quite a number of obvious errors in use of media. Some errors. More care could have been taken.	Standard presentation. No obvious errors in use of media. Adequate care in preparation of presentation has been taken.	Very good presentation. Confident in use of media. Presentation has been prepared very well.	Original, creative presentation – excellently portrayed. Utmost care is evident in meticulous presentation.	/100
• Ability to understand questions and formulate and express rational responses to questions	Responses to questions completely lacking understanding of aspects enquired into – almost all questions not answered satisfactorily/ unable to answer most questions.	Responses to questions indicate a lacking understanding of aspects enquired into – most questions not answered satisfactorily/ unable to answer some questions.	Responses to questions indicate a good understanding of aspects enquired into – some questions not answered satisfactorily/ hesitant on some questions.	Responses to questions indicate very good understanding of aspects enquired into. All questions answered well.	Responses to questions indicate excellent understanding of aspects enquired into. All questions excellently answered.	/100 X 2 = /200
TOTAL (Important: Out of 1 000 and divided by 20)						/50

FINAL SCORE:

Essay	/100	
Oral presentation	/50	
Total	/150	
Converted to /100 (mark by 1,5)	/100	

AUTHENTICITY DECLARATION

NAME OF SCHOOL	
NAME OF LEARNER	
GRADE	

LEARNER STATEMENT

I hereby declare that this is my own, original work and that all sources have been acknowledged.	
_____ SIGNATURE OF LEARNER	_____ DATE

STATEMENT BY TEACHER

As far as I could ascertain, the above learner statement is true and I accept that the work offered is the learner's own.	
_____ SIGNATURE OF TEACHER	_____ DATE



THE WESTERN CAPE ESSAY COMPETITION

Entry Form

School information

Name of school:			
<input type="text"/>			
Name of principal:		Signature of principal:	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
Name of convener / teacher:		Signature of convener / teacher:	
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
Contact details of principal:			
Daytime telephone	<input type="text"/>	Fax	<input type="text"/>
Cellphone	<input type="text"/>	Email address	<input type="text"/>
Postal address	<input type="text"/>		Code <input type="text"/>
Contact details of convenor / teacher:			
Daytime telephone	<input type="text"/>	Fax	<input type="text"/>
Cellphone	<input type="text"/>	Email address	<input type="text"/>
Postal address	<input type="text"/>		Code <input type="text"/>

Learner information - please complete in full in block letters in your own handwriting.

Gender : Mr <input type="checkbox"/>	Ms <input type="checkbox"/>	Race: A <input type="checkbox"/>	C <input type="checkbox"/>	I <input type="checkbox"/>	W <input type="checkbox"/>
First name:		Surname:			
<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>			
Identity number: (from I.D. Document or Birth Certificate)			Date of birth:		
<input type="text"/>			YYYY / MM / DD		
Contact details:					
Daytime telephone	<input type="text"/>	Fax	<input type="text"/>		
Cellphone	<input type="text"/>	Email address	<input type="text"/>		
Postal address	<input type="text"/>			Code	<input type="text"/>
Do you have a disability?	Y <input type="checkbox"/>	N <input type="checkbox"/>	Nature of disability	<input type="text"/>	

THE WESTERN CAPE ESSAY COMPETITION

Entry Form

Grade 10 academic results (November Exam)

Subject	Percentage:

Grade 11 academic results (June Exam)

Subject	Percentage:

Indication of combined annual household income of parents (proof required).

R0 - R150 000

R150 000 - R300 000

R300 000 - R450 000

R450 000 plus

I have read, understand and agree to be bound by the rules of the competition. I hereby certify that all details supplied on this entry form are true and that I have completed this form in my own handwriting.

Name: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS MUST ACCOMPANY THE ENTRY FORM:

- Your essay, in English and typed.
- A copy of your SA identity document or birth certificate.
- A copy of your grade 10 results and your June results of grade 11.
- The declaration of authenticity.
- Proof of combined annual household income of parents.
- The rubric completed by teacher.
- Learner profile

Good luck!



**NEDBANK AND OLD MUTUAL
BUDGET SPEECH COMPETITION**



ASSISTANCE PROGRAMME TO STUDENTS

ESSAY WRITING MANUAL

**This manual was specially commissioned by the sponsors of the
Nedbank & Old Mutual Budget Speech Competition as an aid to
students entering the competition. It was written by:
Professor Rajendra Chetty
Cape Peninsula University of Technology
April 2006.**

Table of contents

1. **Objective**
2. **Introduction**
3. **Writing an academic essay**
 - 3.1 What are the steps to writing an academic essay?
 - 3.2 Who are my readers?
 - 3.3 Why is my idea important here and now?
 - 3.4 What makes a winning academic essay?
 - 3.4 How do I start with my essay?
 - 3.5 How do I make my essay engaging and interesting?
4. **Academic Research**
 - 4.1 What is academic research?
 - 4.2 Why must I do research?
 - 4.3 What is not academic research?
 - 4.4 How do I use sources in my essay?
 - 4.4 Hints to remember with research.
5. **The hypothesis**
 - 5.1 What is the hypothesis?
 - 5.2 Why is the hypothesis important?
 - 5.3 How do I structure the hypothesis?
6. **Structuring and articulating the debate**
 - 6.1 What is a debate in an essay?
 - 6.2 How do I debate?
 - 6.3 Why must I debate?
 - 6.4 How do I think critically in my essay?
 - 6.5 How do I evaluate an argument?
7. **Concluding the essay**
 - 7.1 What should I be careful of?
 - 7.2 Questions to ask myself
8. **Language editing**
 - 8.1 How can I ensure a smooth flow in my sentences?
 - 8.2 What transition words can help to link my sentences and paragraphs?
 - 8.3 How do I do the final editing?
 - 8.4 Before I submit the essay, did I do the following?
9. **Referencing**
 - 9.1 What do I include in my list of references?
 - 9.2 How do I reference correctly and consistently?
 - 9.3 What should I be careful of?
 - 9.4 How do I use footnotes?
 - 9.5 Examples of references

1. Objective

The objective of this manual is to provide assistance with writing a successful academic essay.

2. Introduction

Either write something worth reading; or do something worth writing.

Benjamin Franklin

If you know the steps towards writing a successful essay and understand what to do to make the essay interesting, creative and reader-friendly, the exercise can be easy and rewarding.

Follow the steps outlined in this manual to ensure that the quality of your essay is high, it has adhered to basic technical details and it is an academically excellent product. If you want a positive response from your reader, then you must consider the salient points of a good essay, namely, structure, style, logical arguments, current and contemporary information, well researched and correct language usage. This manual would address these points.

3. Writing an academic essay

3.6 What are the steps to writing an academic essay?

- Research the topic/question;
- Brainstorm the topic to get original ideas (your view is important!);
- Analyse the arguments;
- Define your main point or 'theme';
- Create a structure or outline;
- Write an introduction;
- Write the paragraphs;
- Write the conclusion;
- Complete the references; and
- Check your language.

3.7 Who are my readers?

Your readers are academics and experts in the field. They are therefore aware of contemporary information and current knowledge of the topic. Keep this in mind as you have to convince them that your essay is well researched and you understand the topic.

You must also bear in mind what the adjudicators are looking for in your essay. The webpage, www.budgetspeechcompetiton.co.za, would provide you with this information.

3.8 Why is my idea important here and now?

- You need to contribute sound arguments and innovative/new information on the topic; and
- You have to be convinced that your argument is important and that there is a need in you to share your ideas.

3.9 What makes a winning academic essay?

- You must have a central argument or theme;
- It must answer the key question;
- Do not write any information that does not answer this question, i.e. do not include any irrelevant information;
- It must be well-researched;
- Provide evidence of sources that you have consulted;
- The argument must be logical. If your essay is well structured, the argument would flow in a logical manner;

- The essay must be evidence-based. Your opinions are important, however, you must substantiate your points with evidence; and
- Provide relevant examples to strengthen your essay;

3.4 How do I start with my essay?

- Understand the question/topic;
- Check the meaning of the key words e.g. debate, describe, evaluate, discuss, etc.;
- You must know **exactly** what you need to do in the essay;
- Read widely on the topic;
- Do an internet search and a literature search in the library on the key words;
- Write! Write the ideas that come to you as you explore and discover the topic. Even if you are not sure if it answers the question, write the information down; and
- Collect data. Remember the most current information would appear in the media and journals.

3.10 How do I make my essay engaging and interesting?

- Write with passion. If you are not convinced that your essay has something interesting to offer the reader, you cannot convince anyone else!
- Have information that is unique and different. If it is boring, or if the reader has read it somewhere else, the reader would be disinterested; and
- Have a purpose for the essay. There must be something that you want to convey to the reader.

4. Academic Research

4.1 What is academic research?

- Academic research includes the use of information and ideas from books, journals, the internet and other secondary sources.
- You can also include primary sources e.g. an interview with an economist or the Minister of Finance.
- A well-researched essay would use a variety of sources, quote interesting information to substantiate the arguments and debate (discuss, interrogate, agree/disagree) with the information.

4.2 Why must I do research?

- It provides a good knowledge base for the topic;
- You include the most recent information;
- It adds credibility to your argument;
- It strengthens your essay; and
- It adds an academic slant to your essay.

4.4 What is not academic research?

- Summaries of books or articles;
- Relying on sources for the whole essay without personal input on the topic;
- Essays that are merely paraphrases of other peoples' arguments;
- Long quotations from different sources;
- Only using internet sources (it's a sign of limited research and reading!);
- Using a single text as a source; and
- Not reading critically, i.e. re-writing from the sources without engaging with the information.

4.4 How do I use sources in my essay?

4.4.1 Summarise

- Condense a main idea of an article or book;
- You must first understand what you read!
- Be concise;
- All information must be relevant to the question; and
- Be careful of '*Interesting*' information that is totally irrelevant to the question!

4.4.2 Quote

- Use quotation marks for direct quotes;

- Is the quote relevant to your argument? If not, do not include it;
- Quotes must be short;
- Take a little from a lot! Quote briefly from a variety of sources; and
- Can you paraphrase the idea? If yes, do not use the quote.

4.4.3 Paraphrase

- Recast an idea in your own words;
- Paraphrasing is better than quoting; and
- Most of the information in your essay should be paraphrased from sources.

4.5 Hints to remember with research

- Can the reader differentiate between your voice and the voice of your sources?
- Your essay would be confusing or contradictory if your voice gets mixed up with the different viewpoints of your sources.
- If you use someone else's idea or information, you must give them credit in the essay (see the section on referencing);
- You should respond or react to information and not just copy it;
- Don't only choose information that supports your argument. A good essayist also provides information that contradicts their argument. It gives you an opportunity to say why you disagree with the information!
- Use current information. If your essay leans on outdated information, the reader would not be impressed with you; and
- Use the thoughts and ideas of great thinkers in the field e.g. the country's top economists or academics.

5. The hypothesis

5.1 What is the hypothesis?

e.g. **A paradigm shift in fiscal policy would result in increased growth and development.**

- It is an intelligent guess of what you think the answer is to the key question in your essay;
- Your hypothesis is your **best** idea for your answer;
- It is a clear assertion around which you write your essay;
- You sum up your main points in a concise sentence;
- It is impossible to write a good essay without a hypothesis that drives the essay;
- The hypothesis is the foundation of your essay and it provides a clear focus in the essay; and
- The hypothesis lets your reader know where you are going and why.

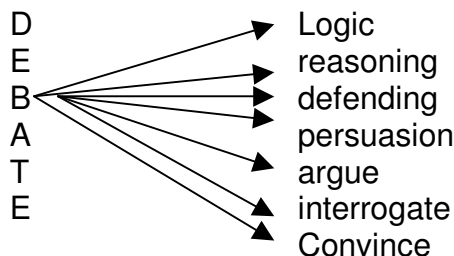
5.2 Why is the hypothesis important?

- It emphasizes the central point that you want in the essay;
- It guides you in choosing your examples to substantiate your points;
- It helps you to think about the validity of your points; and
- It assists you to keep the reader convinced of your argument and to remain interested in your idea.

5.3 How do I structure the hypothesis?

- Know what your **claim** is. It is the key point in your essay;
- Give reasons for your claim;
- Provide evidence that your claim is true;
- Be logical as you link your **hypothesis** (what you think the answer is), your **claim** (why you think the answer should be that) and your **evidence** (content and research) to substantiate your claim.
- If you are sufficiently confident and convinced that your evidence supports your claim, then you can accept your hypothesis. You must be convinced of your claim!
- You should not start your essay with a hypothesis and then provide evidence that contradicts your hypothesis. Your essay will not be convincing.

6. Structuring and articulating the debate



6.1 What is a debate in an essay?

- When you debate a point in an essay, you use logic and reasoning;
- You decide on a core value and you argue why your core value should be accepted;
- It is an interactive exercise where you take a strong position on something (claim), and present an argument to defend that position;
- The two important factors in a debate are **logical argument** and **persuasion**; and
- You have to convince your reader that your claim is true.

6.2 How do I debate?

- Take sides on the topic and defend your stance;
- You need to form judgments based on your facts;
- Use sources in an intelligent manner;
- Interrogate your sources i.e. engage with the points raised by the authors e.g. agreeing or disagreeing;
- Don't simply recycle information from your sources without a robust discussion and linking with your hypothesis;
- Strengthen your argument by providing as much evidence and information as possible to counter the other side;
- Try to find faulty reasoning in the opposing arguments to strengthen your case;
- Provide counterexamples to strengthen your argument e.g. The sources may refer to Europe and you provide examples from Brazil or India to illustrate differences within developing countries; and
- Win your argument through logical presentation that leads to a convincing conclusion.

6.3 Why must I debate?

- It adds credibility to your argument;

- You don't rely only on opinions, but provide convincing evidence from your sources;
- Some essays have an **advocacy** approach where the argument advocates something very strongly e.g. ***The economic policy of a country should be monetarist.*** In this kind of essay you have to challenge your reader to accept your theory and argument by advocating very strongly what you believe. You do this by debating your points and countering the opposing views; and
- It shows the reader that you are thinking **critically**.

6.4 How do I think critically in my essay?

- Collect opinions and arguments from both sides (your standpoint and those that contradict you);
- Analyse the arguments and draw out implications from these statements;
- Examine the statements for contradictions;
- Evaluate the arguments;
- Locate the opposing claims to your own claim;
- Choose information that is relevant to your central issue, although they may oppose your standpoint;
- Support and justify your claim; and
- Draw conclusions and form a judgment.

6.5 How do I evaluate an argument?

- Question what the statement means.
- How did the person come to that conclusion?
- Why do you believe that your argument is right?
- What evidence do you have to substantiate your argument?
- What happens if you are wrong?
- Are there sources that disagree with you?
- Do you understand why they disagree with you?
- Why is your argument significant?
- Is your argument valid and true?

7. Concluding the essay

The conclusion is an integral part of the essay. It looks back on the points you have raised and reinforces, but does not repeat the main idea. It must create a feeling of closure of the argument, an ending to the debate.

7.1 What should I be careful of?

- End gracefully, never abruptly;
- End with a quick wrap-up sentence, a memorable thought, an interesting twist of logic, point to the future or have a call to action;
- Is there something that the reader can take away after reading?
- The conclusion must fit naturally with the essay;
- Don't introduce new information;
- Keep it short;
- Don't summarise your essay in the conclusion!

7.2 Questions to ask myself:

- Have I reviewed the key claim/main point of my essay?
- Have I briefly described my concluding feeling about the topic?
- Did I leave the reader with something to think about?
- How has the reader's mind been changed by following the logic of my argument and evidence?
- Did I connect back with the introduction?

8. Language editing

8.1 How can I ensure a smooth flow in my sentences?

- Add words to connect your sentences (see 8.2).
- Make sure that the paragraph is connected with a central point.
- Make sure that each sentence makes sense!
- Does each paragraph link with the topic?
- Revise the essay extensively. Write at least 3 drafts before you go to the final essay.

8.2 What transition words can help to link my sentences and paragraphs?

- However;
- Even though;
- On the other hand;
- Nevertheless;
- Therefore;
- Thus;
- As a result of;
- Consequently;
- In addition to;
- Furthermore; etc.

8.3 How do I do the final editing?

- Run a spelling and grammar check in your computer;
- Make sure each sentence has a subject;
- Make sure the subject and verb agrees with each other;
- Is the verb tenses of the essay consistent e.g. past tense;
- Be careful of mixing American and British spelling;
- Does the introduction and a conclusion link with each other?
- Does each paragraph follow the proper format?
- Is there any repetition?
- Have I replaced vagueness and ambiguities?
- Are there any emotional statements?
- Is the essay easy to understand?

8.4 Before I submit the essay, did I do the following?

- Read the essay many times;
- Get someone else to review my essay; and
- Encourage impartial criticism of my essay.

9. Referencing

Correct referencing in the essay and acknowledging the sources you used at the end of the essay is an important part of the technical detail. More importantly, we reference to avoid plagiarism!!

9.1 What do I include in my list of references?

- All the sources consulted;
- Only sources cited in the essay; and
- Information from tables, graphs or charts must be cited.

9.2 How do I reference correctly and consistently?

- Use the more widely known Harvard Method;
- Arrange sources alphabetically (author's name); and
- Don't number the sources in the reference section.

9.3 What should I be careful of?

- References cited in the essay, but not included in the bibliography;
- Incorrect spelling of authors, titles and publishers;
- No indication of editor/s in edited texts;
- Omission of subtitles of books, journal titles and journal articles;
- Confusion with italicization of books and titles of journals;
- Underlining instead of italicizing titles; and
- Date of downloading of internet citations omitted.

9.4 How do I use footnotes?

- Use a small raised number in the essay to signal a footnote;
- Indicate the full reference (as indicated in the examples below) at the foot of the page in which the source is cited;
- When you refer to a source for the second time, shorten the note by using only the author's surname and page number in the footnote (e.g. Singh, 321). Avoid the Latin *ibid.* ('in the same place'); and
- For web-pages, indicate the date you accessed the information.

(NB. It is not necessary to use footnotes in an essay. You can simply cite the reference in the essay and list it fully in the bibliography)

9.5 Examples of references

9.5.1 In the essay.

(Peters 2000:14) oraccording to Peters (2000:14)

9.5.2 In the Bibliography

a. Books

Stone, R. 1997. *The science of beadwork*. New York: Oxford.

b. Chapter in Book (with an editor, where each chapter has been written by a different author.

Chetty, K. 2001. The place of values in a world of facts. In Arries, C. (Ed). *The nature of knowledge*. London: Prentice-Hall: 124-139.

c. Journals

Johnson, S. 2006. Towards a Keynesian model of economics. *Economics Today*. 19:33-39, September.

d. Government Gazette

South Africa. Department of Trade and Industries. 2005. *The DOHA Agreement*. Pretoria: Government Gazette, 385 (18164): 1-96, July 28.

e. Internet

Stamp, G. 1997. Domains of Work. Review of Hoebeke's *Making Work Systems Better – A Practitioner's Reflections*.
www.bioss.mwebhosting.net/Phase 1. (6 Dec 2005)

www.dit.gov.za. opening the door to EU trade. (7 February 2006)

f. Interviews

Manual, T. 2006. Interview with the researcher on 4 March 2006, Cape Town.

g. Legislation promulgated by Parliament

South Africa. 1982. *Atomic Energy Act, No 92 of 1982*. Pretoria: Government Printer

h. Legislation promulgated by a government department

South Africa. Department of Finance. 2005. *Draft Policy on Value Added Tax*. Pretoria: Government Printer.

i. Newspaper article

Pop, C.A. 2003. Should privatization prosper? SAA in the year 2002. *Mail and Guardian*: 15, March 11.

- j. **Thesis**
Lombard, A. 2006. Economics of Teacher Education.
Unpublished MEd thesis, University of Cape Town.