

# PRIVACY POLICY OF (INSERT THE NAME OF THE SCHOOL)

Postal address of the school:

Street address of the school:

Telephone number of the school:

Email address of the school:

Information officer: \_\_\_\_\_ (Principal)

Email address:

Deputy information officer: \_\_\_\_\_ (Nominated by the principal)

Email address:

## **1. Introduction**

- 1.1 (Insert the name of the school) ("the school") is a public school in terms of the South African Schools Act (SASA), 1996 (Act 84 of 1996), and is managed and governed in terms of the provisions of the SASA as well as the language and admissions policy drafted in terms thereof. The medium of instruction at the school is (insert language(s) of instruction). The school offers education from Grades (insert grade) to (insert grade).
- 1.2 The school needs to gather and use certain information about individuals and juristic persons (collectively referred to as "data subjects"). Section 1 of the Protection of Personal Information Act (POPIA), 2013 (Act 4 of 2013) defines a "data subject" as "*the person to whom personal information relates*". A data subject can include learners, educators, clients/service providers of the school, suppliers, business contacts, employees, volunteers and other persons the school has a relationship with or may need to contract with.
- 1.3 This policy describes how this information must be collected, handled, and stored to meet the school's personal information protection standards and to comply with the law.
- 1.4 The school regards the lawful and appropriate processing of all personal information as crucial to successful service delivery and essential to maintaining confidence between the school, data subjects and entities/agencies/businesses/persons who deal with the school. The school therefore fully endorses and adheres to the principles of the POPIA, and the regulations promulgated in terms of the Act.
- 1.5 The information officer of the school is the principal, (insert the name of the principal), and he/she can be contacted, in writing, regarding any POPIA-related matters.
- 1.6 The deputy information officer of the school, as delegated by the principal, is (insert the name of the deputy information officer) and he/she can be contacted in writing.
- 1.7 Definitions appear at the end of this policy for the meaning of the terms used.

## **2. Purpose**

- 2.1. This privacy policy ensures that the school:
  - a) complies with the POPIA, 2013 (Act 4 of 2013);
  - b) protects the rights of data subjects as defined;

- c) is transparent about how it collects, retains, stores, destroys, deletes and processes personal information of data subjects; and
- d) protects the school and the data subjects' rights from the risks of a security breach.

### **3. Policy statement**

- 3.1. The school is committed to protecting the privacy of data subjects in accordance with the obligations imposed by the POPIA. The POPIA describes how the school must collect, handle and store the personal information of data subjects.
- 3.2. These principles apply regardless of whether the information is stored electronically, on paper or on other materials.
- 3.3. To comply with the POPIA the following important privacy principles apply. The personal information must:
  - a) be processed reasonably and lawfully;
  - b) be obtained for the specific, intended purpose;
  - c) be adequate, relevant and not excessive;
  - d) be accurate and kept up to date;
  - e) not be held for longer than necessary;
  - f) processed in accordance with the rights of data subjects;
  - g) be protected in appropriate ways; and
  - h) not be transferred outside South Africa unless that country or territory also ensures an adequate level of protection.

### **4. Scope**

- 4.1. This policy applies to all the school's employees, both permanent and temporary, to employees working on a contractual basis for the school, coaches, volunteers, and others who are authorised to access personal information held by the school.
- 4.2. The provisions of the policy are applicable to both on- and off-site processing of personal information and information by an operator or person acting under authority.
- 4.3. It governs all business activities that involve the processing of personal information, including special personal information, for or on behalf of the school. This personal information and special personal information may include, among others:
  - 4.3.1. Personal information:
    - a) information relating to the race, gender, sex, pregnancy, marital status, nationality, ethnic/social origin, colour, sexual orientation, age,

- physical/mental health, wellbeing, disability, religion, conscience, belief, culture, language and birth of the person;
- b) information relating to the education or the medical, financial, criminal or employment history of the person;
  - c) any identifying number, symbol, email address, physical address, telephone number, location information, online identifier or other particular assignment to the person;
  - d) biometric information of the person;
  - e) the personal opinions, views or preferences of the person;
  - f) correspondence sent by the person that is implicitly or explicitly of a private or confidential nature or further correspondence that would reveal the contents of the original correspondence;
  - g) the views or opinions of another individual about the person; and
  - h) the name of the person, if it appears with other personal information relating to the person or if the disclosure of the name itself would reveal information about the person.

#### 4.3.2. Special personal information:

- a) the religious/philosophical beliefs, race/ethnic origin, trade union membership, political persuasion, health/sex life or biometric information; and
- b) the criminal behaviour of a person as it relates to the alleged commission of any offence or any proceedings in respect of any offence allegedly committed by a person or the disposal of such proceedings.

## 5. Risks

5.1. This policy helps to protect the school and data subjects from security risks, including:

- a) **Breaches of confidentiality** - information being shared inappropriately;
- b) **Failing to offer choices** - all data subjects should be free to choose how the school uses information relating to them where the personal information is not collected, used or shared in terms of a law or an agreement between the data subject and the school;
- c) **Reputational damage** - the school or the data subject could suffer reputational damage if hackers successfully gain access to the personal information of data subjects; and
- d) **Loss of personal information.**

## 6. Responsibilities

6.1. Everyone who works for or with the school has a responsibility to ensure that the personal information of data subjects is collected, stored and handled appropriately to ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability thereof.

- 6.2. Everyone within the school is required to ensure that all staff who manage or have access to personal information comply with this policy. The governing body and members of the school management team are required to review procedures in their areas to ensure compliance with this policy and the POPIA as part of the annual planning process of the school.
- 6.3. Everyone that handles personal information must ensure that it is handled and processed in line with this policy and the privacy principles.
- 6.4. These persons have the following key areas of responsibility:
  - 6.4.1. The information officer is ultimately responsible for ensuring that the school meets its legal obligations.
  - 6.4.2. The information officer/deputy information officer is responsible for:
    - a) staying updated regarding information assets and personal information protection responsibilities, risks and related matters;
    - b) reviewing all personal information protection of policies and procedures;
    - c) arranging personal information protection training and advice to the relevant employees and persons covered by this policy; and
    - d) checking and approving any contracts or agreements with third parties that may collect, handle, store or destroy personal information on behalf of the school.
  - 6.4.3. The information officer/deputy information officer is responsible for dealing with requests from data subjects who want to see the personal information the school holds about them (also called "*data subject access requests*"). The identity of anyone making a data subject access request must be verified before disclosing any personal information.
  - 6.4.4. [Insert the name of the information custodian] is responsible for:
    - a) ensuring all Information and Communication Technology (ICT) assets used for processing personal information meet capable security standards;
    - b) performing regular checks and scans to ensure security hardware and software is functioning properly; and
    - c) evaluating any third-party services which the school is considering using to process personal information, for example, cloud computing services.

## 7. General guidelines

- a) The only persons able to access any personal information covered by this policy should be those who **need it for work or legitimate related purposes**.
- b) Personal information **should not be shared informally** and must never be shared using social media accounts such as Facebook, LinkedIn, Google Plus, WhatsApp, etc.
- c) When access to personal information is required, employees can request it from the information officer or his/her delegate.
- d) The school **will provide training** to all employees to help them understand their responsibilities when handling personal information.
- e) Employees should keep all personal information **secure**, by taking precautions and following the guidelines set out herein.
- f) Strong **passwords must be used**, and they should never be shared.
- g) Personal information **should not be disclosed** to unauthorised persons, either within the organisation or externally.
- h) Personal information must be **regularly reviewed and updated** if it is found to be out of date. If no longer required for the intended purpose, it should be deleted and disposed of in line with the disposal process.
- i) Employees **should request help** from the information officer or his/her delegate if they are unsure about any aspect of the protection of personal information.

### 7.1. Collection of information

7.1.1. The school collects information to support its service delivery mandate.

7.1.2. Personal information is collected directly from data subjects where practical, and always in compliance with the POPIA.

7.1.3. The school collects the following types of information:

- a) information about learners and their parents provided by learners, their parents and others; and
- b) information about job applications, employees, volunteers and visitors provided by job applicants, employees, volunteers, visitors and others.

7.1.4. The school collects information in several ways, including:

- a) in person and telephonically;
- b) from electronic and paper documentation, including job applications, emails, invoices, admission forms, letters to the school, consent forms (for example, admissions, excursions or learner support services), the school's website or school-controlled social media;

- c) through online tools, such as applications and other software used by the school; and
- d) through any Close Circuit Television cameras located on the school premises (if applicable).

7.1.5. The school's primary purpose for collecting personal information about learners and their parents is to:

- a) educate learners;
- b) support learners' social and emotional wellbeing;
- c) fulfil legal requirements, including, to:
  - i. take reasonable steps to reduce the risk of reasonably foreseeable harm to learners, employees and visitors (duty of care);
  - ii. make reasonable adjustments for learners with disabilities, where applicable; and
  - iii. provide a safe and secure learning environment,
- d) enable the school to:
  - i. communicate with parents about learners' schooling matters and celebrate the efforts and achievements of learners; and
  - ii. maintain the good order and management of the school,
- e) enable the Western Cape Education Department (WCED), the Department of Basic Education (DBE), the Auditor-General (AG) or any other authorised persons to:
  - i. ensure the effective management, resourcing and administration of the school;
  - ii. fulfil statutory functions and duties;
  - iii. plan, fund, monitor, regulate and evaluate the WCED's policies, services and functions;
  - iv. comply with reporting requirements; and
  - v. investigate incidents in schools and/or respond to any legal claims,
- f) The school's primary purpose of collecting information about employees, volunteers and job applicants is to:
  - i. assess applicants' suitability for employment or volunteering;
  - ii. administer employment or volunteer placement;
  - iii. to fulfil various legal obligations, including employment and contractual obligations, occupational health and safety laws and to investigate incidents; and
  - iv. respond to legal claims against the school or the WCED.

## 7.2. Classification of information

7.2.1. [Insert the name of the information owner] classifies information in accordance with its legal requirements, value, criticalness and sensitivity to unauthorised disclosure, modification or loss.

- a) Personal information is usually classified as CONFIDENTIAL.
- b) Special personal information and children's information is usually classified as SECRET.

## 7.3. Use of information

7.3.1. When personal information is accessed and used, it can be at the greatest risk of loss, corruption or theft. Therefore:

- a) When working with personal information, employees should ensure that **the screens of their computers are locked** when left unattended.
- b) Personal information should **not be shared informally**.
- c) All personal information sent via **email** (as an attachment or in an email text) should be considered sensitive and protected as such. It should not be sent to someone outside of the school unless it has been cleared by the information officer. This includes forwarding such emails to an employee's own personal email account.
- d) Before sending an email to a co-employee confirm with the information officer that the recipient is allowed to have access thereto as not all users within the school have access to the same information.
- e) Data must be **encrypted before being transferred electronically**.
- f) Personal information should **never be transferred outside of South Africa** without confirmation that the country where it is transferred to can ensure an adequate level of protection of personal information.
- g) Employees **should not save copies of personal information of data subjects to their own computers**. Always access and update the central copy of any personal information.

## 7.4. Storage of information

7.4.1. These principles describe how and where personal information should be safely stored. Questions about storing personal information safely can be directed to the information officer/deputy information officer.

7.4.2. When personal information is **stored on paper**, it should be kept in a secure place where unauthorised persons cannot see or access it. These guidelines also apply to personal information that is usually stored electronically but has been printed for some reason.

- a) When not required, the paper or files should be kept **in a locked drawer or filing cabinet**. Where the information is classified as **SECRET**, access to the information should be **restricted** and logged.
- b) Employees should ensure that paper and printouts are **not left where unauthorised persons could see them**, such as on a printer or photocopier machine.
- c) **Printouts that contain personal information should be shredded immediately** and disposed of securely when no longer required for the intended purpose.

7.4.3. When personal information is **stored electronically**, it must be protected from unauthorised access, accidental deletion, and malicious hacking attempts:

- a) All electronic storage requires access controls equal to those in production, and file protection mechanisms such as **encryption** should be employed.
- b) All electronic access must be **logged**.
- c) Personal information should only be stored on **designated drivers and servers** and should only be uploaded to **approved cloud computing services**.
- d) Storing personal information on any other physical devices, including but not limited to Universal Serial Bus (USB), flash drives (memory sticks), external hard drives, Compact Discs (CDs) or Digital Video Discs (DVDs) must be **pre-approved** by the information officer or his/her delegate.
- e) If personal information is **stored on removable media** (like a memory stick, external hard drive, CD or DVD) the files should be encrypted, password protected, and the media should be locked away securely when not being used.
- f) USB flash drives (memory sticks) that are found or have been handed out as a promotional item should not be plugged into any computer as these devices may contain hidden malware or viruses.
- g) All lost or stolen devices (including removable media) must immediately be reported to the information officer.
- h) Servers containing personal information should be **sited in a secure location**, away from general office space, where reasonably practicable.
- i) Electronic files that contain personal information should be **backed up frequently**. These backups should be tested regularly in line with the school's standard backup procedures.
- j) All servers, computers and other electronic devices containing personal information should be protected by **approved security software and a firewall**.

## 7.5. **Data accuracy**

7.5.1. The POPIA requires the school to take reasonable steps to ensure that personal information is kept accurate and up to date.

- 7.5.2. It is the responsibility of all employees who work with personal information to take reasonable steps to ensure that it is kept as accurate and up to date as possible.
- a) Electronic files that contain personal information should be held in **as few places as necessary**. Employees should not create any unnecessary additional data sets.
  - b) Employees should **take every opportunity to ensure personal information is updated**, for instance, by confirming a person's details when they call.
  - c) The school will make it **easy for data subjects to update their personal information which** the school has control of or has in its possession.
  - d) Personal information should be **updated when inaccuracies are discovered**.

## 7.6. Disposal

- 7.6.1. Working papers and copies that may be disposed of in terms of a general disposal instruction must be disposed of by using a secure disposal container or shredder.
- 7.6.2. Copies of personal information, including special personal information, classified as **SECRET**, that is **stored electronically** must either be permanently destroyed or overwritten.
- 7.6.3. The disposal of all original files and electronic files must be performed in accordance with the school's Records Management Policy.

## 8. Data subject access requests

- 8.1. All data subjects whose personal information is held by the school are entitled to:
- a) ask **what information** the school holds about them, why and with who it is shared;
  - b) ask **how to gain access** to it;
  - c) be informed **how to keep it up to date**; and
  - d) be informed how the school is **meeting its obligations in terms of the POPIA**.
- 8.2. If a data subject contacts the school requesting this information this is called **a data subject access request**.
- 8.3. Data subject access requests should be referred to the information officer/deputy information officer.
- 8.4. The school only provides school reports and ordinary school communications to parents who have a legal right to that information.
- 8.5. In some circumstances, an authorised representative may not be entitled to information about the learner. These circumstances include when granting access would not be in the learner's best interests, would breach the school's duty of care

to the learner, would be contrary to a learner's wishes or would unreasonably impact on the privacy of another person.

## **9. Disclosing (sharing) personal information**

### **9.1. Internal disclosure**

9.1.1. In general, personal information is shared within the school where legally permitted for reasonable and appropriate educational purposes. However, even within the school, access is restricted to those employees or third parties who need access to carry out their assigned functions.

9.1.2. The school discloses information consistent with the POPIA, as follows:

- a) for a primary purpose as set out in paragraph 7.1;
- b) for a related secondary purpose that is reasonable to be expected, for example, to enable the governing body to fulfil its objectives, functions and powers;
- c) with consent, including consent provided on admission and other forms (the information collected will not be disclosed beyond the WCED without consent, unless such disclosure is lawful or reasonable in the circumstances);
- d) when necessary to lessen or prevent a serious threat to
  - i. a person's life, health, safety or welfare; or
  - ii. the public's health, safety or welfare;
- e) when required or authorised by law, for example, to comply with a court order, subpoena or search warrant;
- f) to investigate or report an unlawful activity, or when reasonably necessary for a specified law enforcement purpose, including the prevention or investigation of a criminal offence or serious improper conduct;
- g) for research or school statistics purposes by the DBE, the WCED, the AG or any other authorised persons; and/or
- h) to establish or respond to a legal claim.

### **9.2. External disclosure**

9.2.1. External to the school, disclosure is only made pursuant to an agreement, as permitted, or required by law or legal process, or with the consent of the data subject or a competent person, if the data subject is a minor.

9.2.2. The POPIA allows personal information to be shared without the consent of the data subject or a competent person if it involves national security or criminal activities. Under these circumstances the requested personal information will be disclosed. However, the information officer/deputy information officer will ensure that the request is legitimate and in line with the POPIA, seeking assistance from the Information Regulator, where necessary.

### **9.3. Learner transfers between ordinary public schools**

9.3.1. When a learner has been accepted at, and is transferring to another ordinary public school, the school transfers information about the learner to that school. This may include copies of the learner's school records, except for the learner's disciplinary records, including any personal information concerning the learner's health, if necessary, to provide special support for a learner or to make special arrangements in connection with a learner's health.

9.3.2. This enables the receiving school to continue to provide for the education of the learner, to support the learner's social and emotional wellbeing and health, and to fulfil legal requirements.

### **10. Notification to data subjects**

10.1. The school aims to ensure that data subjects are aware that their personal information is being processed, and that they understand how the personal information is being used, what their rights are in terms of the POPIA and how to exercise their rights.

10.2. To these ends, the school has a Privacy Notice, setting out how personal information relating to a data subject is collected and used by the school.

10.3. The Privacy Notice is available on request.

### **11. Personal information of children**

11.1. The school may not process children's personal information unless:

- a) the school has the consent of a competent person;
- b) it is necessary for obligations under the POPIA and other legislation;
- c) it is required for upholding local and international public law; and/or
- d) it is necessary for research purposes.

### **12. A word of caution to parents or competent persons**

12.1. While laws apply to what the school and third parties can disclose about learners, they do not apply to what learners or their parents might disclose publicly, which means the parent and the learner also have a responsibility to protect the learner's privacy. What a parent and/or his/her child posts on social media, for example, could be used by others, including private companies and law enforcement in some cases, and is not protected by the POPIA.

12.2. Parents and learners must understand and use the privacy tools on any website or application they use for school/at home to limit who can view or access their

information (that includes having strong, secure and unique passwords and be sure never to post anything online that they would not want to be shared with others, including law enforcement, the school, tertiary institutions and current or future employers).

### 13. Enforcement

13.1. Non-compliance with this policy by the school's employees may result in disciplinary action being taken against them. Consequences may include disciplinary action up and to possible termination of employment, and/or legal proceedings to recover any loss or damage to the school, including the recovery of any fines or administrative penalties imposed by the Information Regulator on the school in terms of the POPIA.

13.2. Non-compliance with the policy by any other third-party processing personal information on behalf of the school will be dealt with in accordance with the agreement entered into between the school and such third party. Consequences may include the recovery of any fines or administrative penalties imposed by the Information Regulator on the school in terms of the POPIA.

### 14. Review

This policy must be reviewed when the need arises or in the case of changed circumstances such as pronouncements by legislation and/or regulations and budgetary constraints.

#### Definitions:

<b>competent person</b>	means any person who is legally competent to consent to any action or decision in respect of any matter concerning a child.
<b>data subject</b>	means the identifiable natural or juristic person to whom personal information relates.
<b>deputy information officer</b>	means a person appointed by the principal of the school in his/her capacity as the information officer.
<b>employee</b>	means anyone, other than an independent contractor, who works for another person or who assists in conducting the business of an employer.
<b>information assets</b>	means the assets the school uses to create, store, transmit, delete and/or destroy information to support its educational activities as well as the information systems with which that information is processed. It includes:

	<p>a) all electronic and non-electronic information created or used to support educational activities regardless of form or medium, for example, paper documents, electronic files, voice communication, text messages, photographic or video images.</p> <p>b) all applications, devices and other systems with which the school processes its information, for example telephones, fax machines, printers, computers, networks, voicemail, email, instant messaging, smartphones and other mobile devices ("ICT assets").</p>
<b>information custodian</b>	means the person responsible for defining and implementing security measures and controls for all ICT assets.
<b>information officer</b>	means the principal of the school.
<b>information owner</b>	means a person responsible for, or dependent upon the business process associated with an information asset.
<b>personal information</b>	<p>means information relating to an identifiable, living, natural person, and where applicable, an identifiable, existing juristic person, including, but not limited to</p> <p>a) information relating to the race, gender, marital status, nationality, age, physical/mental health, disability, belief, culture, language and birth of the person;</p> <p>b) information relating to the education, medical, financial, criminal or employment history of the person;</p> <p>c) any identifying number, symbol, email address, physical address, telephone number, location information, online identifier or other particular assignment to the person;</p> <p>d) the biometric information of the person;</p> <p>e) the personal opinions, views or preferences of the person;</p> <p>f) correspondence sent by the person that is implicitly or explicitly of a private or confidential nature or further correspondence that would reveal the contents of the original correspondence;</p> <p>g) the views/opinions of another individual about the person; and</p> <p>h) the name of the person if it appears with other personal information relating to the person or if the disclosure of the name itself would reveal information about the person.</p>
<b>processing</b>	means any operation or activity or any set of operations concerning personal information, including:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the collection, receipt, recording, organisation, collation, storage, updating, modification, retrieval, alteration, consultation or use;</li> <li>b) dissemination by means of transmission, distribution or making available in any other form; or</li> <li>c) merging, linking, as well as restrictions, degradation, erasure or destruction of information.</li> </ul>
<b>special personal information</b>	<p>means personal information concerning:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the religious or philosophical beliefs, race/ethnic origin, trade union membership, political persuasion, health/sex life or biometric information; and</li> <li>b) the criminal behaviour of a person as it relates to the alleged commission of any offence or any proceedings in respect of any offence allegedly committed by a person or the disposal of such proceedings.</li> </ul>